Apart from the above, regular inspection and monitoring of important components of the landfill shall be done as per the schedule given below

Final Top Cover: Once in a year and after each substantial rainfall it should be checked for any erosion, landslides, movement of soil, slope, etc.

Four times in a year a check should be made for existence of dead plants/trees. Any plant/tree found dead shall be removed

immediately

Vegetation:

Final Grade: Twice a year should be checked for ponding/logging of water. If any abnormalities found, slope should be corrected by putting

Surface drains: Four times a year and after each substantial rain should be checked for any blockages. Leaves, debris or any other

accumulation found in the drain shall be removed immediately.

Gas Monitoring: As required in the Management Plan it should be checked for strong presence of odor. The gas monitoring equipments

(compressor, pipes, flaring stand, etc) should be checked to ensure their workability as they might become inoperable due to

high gas generation

Groundwater Monitoring: As per the Action Plan. A regular inspection shall be done to check for any failures in the monitoring system.

Leachate Management: As required by the plan

5.12 DESIGN CALCULATION FOR INTEGRATED SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY AT BARUIPUR

The total land area requirement has been worked out on basis of solid waste generated in the Baruipur city, characteristics of the waste etc.

The construction of landfill shall be taken up into two phases. Baruipur Municipality has demarcated 0.6 acre of land for the construction of the sanitary landfill site for first phase construction and estimated 3.1 acre land (approx.) will be considered as second phase for future provision.

Table 5-27: Area Requirement for Integrated Solid Waste Management facilities

SI, No.	Description	Area Requirement (in Acre for the year 2029)
1	Design Area (first phase)	0.6 Acre
2	Design Area (second phase)	3.1 Acre

5.12.1 Vehicles & Manpower Requirement for Vermi-Compost Plant & SLF

Table 5-28: Vehicles Requirement Landfill Processing

Landfill Operation Vehicle				
SI. No	Vehicle type	Number		
1	Bulldozer	1		
2	Excavator	1		
3	Dumper 6 m ³	1		

Table 5-29: Man power Details for Vermi-Compost & Landfill

List of Manpower details of Compost		
l. No.	Particulars	Nos.
1	Plant In-Charge	1
2	Weigh Bridge Operator	1
3	Labourers	6
4	Tractor Attached Loader Driver & Front Loader	1
5	Excavator & Bulldozer Driver	1
6	Security Guard	3

CHAPTER 6 PROPOSED INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK

It is proposed to take steps for institutional strengthening and internal capacity building to ensure that endeavor to improve the existing scenario is successful. Institutional strengthening can be done by adequately decentralizing the administration, delegating adequate powers at the decentralized level, by inducting qualified and competent professionals into the administration and providing adequate training to the existing staff.

Baruipur Municipality (BM) has demonstrated its commitment to developing slums and poor communities. BM is responsible for the delivery of variety of functions like Water Supply, Sewerage, Sanitation, drainage, solid waste management, roads and transportation to the citizens and has taken long strides in this regard. It has also been dealing with medical relief, preventive medicine, sanitation and conservancy, maternity and child welfare, control of food adulteration and some other functions under the Public Health regulations.

6.1 INTRODUCTION

The sustenance of the proposed SWM services depends on robustness and capacity of institutional framework. It is proposed to take steps for institutional framework to ensure that endeavor to improve the existing scenario is successful. Institutional framework can be done by adequately decentralizing the administration, delegating adequate powers at the decentralized level by inducting qualified and competent professionals into the administration and providing adequate training to the existing staff.

6.2 RECOMMENDATIONS FOR INSTITUTIONAL STRENGTHENING

The recommendations for the institutional framework are based on the specific tasks to be carried out under the proposed MSW Project. The activities which need to be focused as per the proposed plan include:

- Segregation of waste at source
- · Mechanism of waste collection
 - Primary collection
 - Secondary collection
- Transportation of waste from secondary collection locations
- Development of integrated SWM processing facility
- Operation and maintenance of installed SWM system
 - o Landfill
 - Composting
 - Transportation
 - Waste collection infrastructure

In the above listed components, several activities/infrastructure developments are proposed to be taken up for implementation for the first time. The Baruipur Municipality(BM) requires capacity building to execute the proposed plan.

In view of successful PPP arrangement in many cities for SWM management; it is proposed to consider the private sector participation for developing and operating new services. Based on analysis of the merits and demerits of the existing system, it is proposed to have responsibility delegation for undertaking each activity under proposed SWM plan as below:

Table 6-1: Roles and Responsibilities for O&M of ISWM

Activities	Organization/ Institution	Scope of work/ Responsibilities
Segregation and collection	Baruipur Municipality	 Deploy of more sanitary workers Sensitization of residents/public about segregation. Provide facilities/bins for segregation
		 Collection from house holds Transportation of waste to bins. Orientation/sensitization of sanitary workers. Involve NGO's / CBO's in public awareness.
Transportation	Baruipur Municipality	 Selection of party/ agencies for procurement and execution Work out finance model with agency.
	Private agency	 Funding Monitoring and supervision of agency work. Readdressal of issues. Monitoring management and coordination. Procurement of equipments/ facilities. Installation of facility. Safety of equipments. Collection/ lifting of waste from secondary collection points. Operation and maintenance of vehicles. Transportation of waste to site
Integrated SWM facility	Baruipur Municipality	Selection of agency for execution

Activities	Organization/ Institution	Scope of work/ Responsibilities
		• Funding
		 Monitoring of construction and management
		 Supervision of commissioning.
	PPP	Design and construction
		 Commissioning
		• O&M

The existing staff of BM shall be adequate for doing monitoring of SWM services by different private operators but require capacity building to undertake this activity efficiently. Therefore in addition to private operator participation, institutional strengthening is required within BM to ensure sustainability. For institutional strengthening, it is proposed to decentralize the administration, delegate adequate powers at decentralized level and bring accountability at all levels. It is proposed to decentralize SWM functions at three levels:

- Election ward level
- · Sanitary ward level, and
- · City level

6.3 ELECTION WARD LEVEL

The election ward level administration shall be fully responsible for ensuring storage of segregated waste at source, primary collection of waste, street sweeping and transferring waste to bins, cleaning surface drains and public places. The cleaning of each street, lane, by-lane, markets and public places shall be regularly supervised by the election ward level supervisors. It is proposed to have two wards under one supervisor.

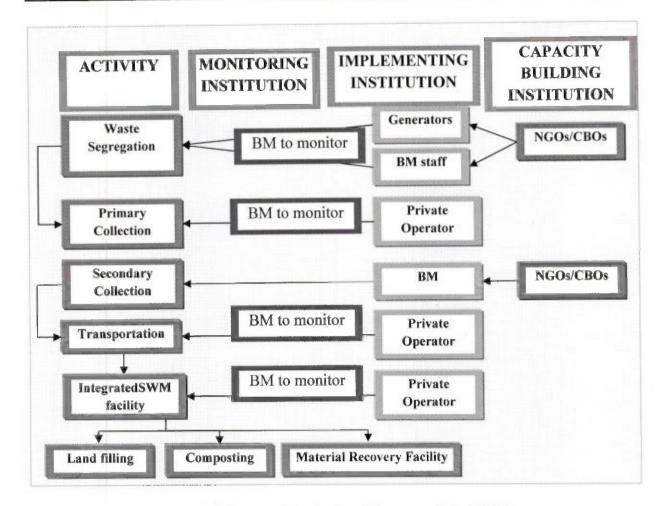


Figure 6-1: Proposed Institutional Framework for SWM

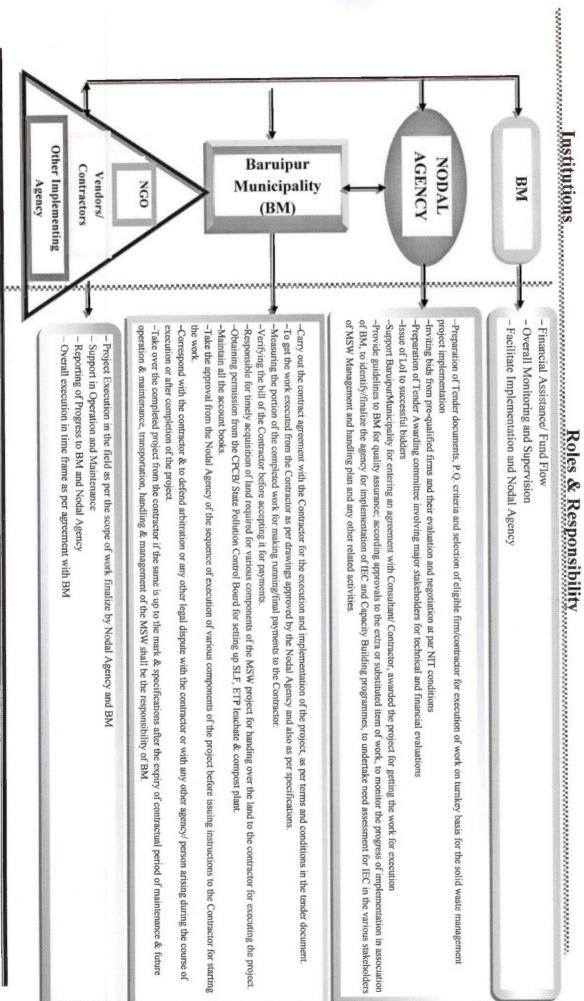
6.4 SANITARY WARD LEVEL

The sanitary ward level administration shall effectively supervise and support the work of sanitary supervisors and also provide due support for upkeep of solid waste collection infrastructure, transportation of waste processing and disposal sites. The sanitary inspector shall ensure that there is adequate coordination between sanitary supervisors of his ward. The fleet of vehicles shall be assigned at sanitary ward level.

6.5 CITY LEVEL

The city level administration shall supervise and support the sanitary ward administration. The city level administration shall monitor daily waste quantities collected and transported from each sanitary ward and enquire if any abnormality is reported. The central department is responsible for monitoring activities at the integrated solid waste management facility. The city level administration shall ensure that private operator is undertaking SWM services as per the contract.

Figure 6-2: Proposed Institutional Framework for Operation and Maintenance



6.6 LEGAL ASPECTS

Solid waste management systems adopted in Indian cities are highly inefficient and outdated, lacking public participation. Overall public apathy is observed in the matter of handling and disposal of municipal waste. A system of throwing garbage on the streets by citizens and local bodies collecting the waste from the streets and disposing of it in the most unhygienic manner is in vogue. These systems can be corrected by taking concerted measures involving the public at large through their active participation in the process and by Municipality performing its duties effectively.

Solid waste management practices can never reach the desired level of efficiency until the public participates and discharges its obligation religiously. The system therefore, can only be improved by modernizing the solid waste management system by the Municipality and ensuring public participation through very serious motivational efforts along with adequate legislative support for taking punitive measures.

For improving solid waste management practices in city, the Supreme Court Committee has given wide ranging recommendations defining the roles and responsibilities of the citizens, NGOs, local bodies, etc. Subsequent to the aforesaid report, the Government of India, Ministry of Environment has notified municipal solid waste (Management & Handling) Rules 2016 under the Environment Protection Act 1986; these rules have clearly laid down the measures to be taken by the Municipality as well as smaller urban local bodies. Keeping in view both the above report and the rules it is necessary to incorporate suitable provisions in the state law to ensure public participation and for providing for minimum level of service.

Local law also needs to provide for punishment on the spot to those who do not adhere to the directions given for maintaining appropriate solid waste management system in the city giving adequate power to the Municipality to punish the offenders.

The following legal provisions may be incorporated by the State Governments in the law-governing Municipality.

6.7 LEGAL PROVISIONS

6.7.1 Duty of occupiers of premises to store solid waste at source of generation

It shall be incumbent on the occupiers of all premises to keep two receptacles, one for the storage of food/organic/bio-degradable waste and another for recyclables and other types of solid wastes generated at the said premises.

6.7.2 Duty of occupier not to mix recyclable /non-bio-degradable waste and domestic hazardous waste with food waste etc.

It shall be incumbent on the occupier of any premises to ensure that the recyclable waste as well as domestic hazardous waste generated at the said premises does not get mixed with the food/bio-degradable waste and that they are stored separately.

6.7.3 Duty of Societies/Associations/Management to provide community bins

It shall be incumbent on the management of Co-operative Societies, Associations, Residential and Commercial Complexes, Institutional buildings, markets and the like to provide community bin/bins of appropriate size as may be prescribed by urban Municipality, for the temporary collection of waste other then recyclable waste and hazardous waste, to be stored at their premises for its primary collection by the municipal authorities. A separate community bin may also be provided for the storage of recyclable waste where door to door collection of recyclable waste is not practiced.

6.7.4 Receptacles to be kept in good repair

Receptacles as stated in 3 above shall at all times be kept in good repair and condition and shall be provided in such number and at such places as may be considered adequate and appropriate to contain the waste produced by the citizens supposed to be served by the community bins.

6.7.5 Duty of occupiers to deposit solid waste in community bins

It shall be incumbent on occupiers of all premises for whom community bins have been provided as per 3 above, to cause all segregated domestic waste, trade waste, institutional waste from their respective premises to be deposited in the appropriate community bins.

6.7.6 Duty of Municipality to provide bins for Waste storage depots

It shall be incumbent on the Municipality to: Provide and hygienically maintain adequate waste storage bins in the city and place large mobile receptacles at such places for the temporary storage of waste collected from households, shops and establishments as well as from streets and public places until the waste is transported to processing and disposal sites.

6.7.7 Duty of Municipality to collect waste from community bins transport

It shall be incumbent for Municipality to remove all solid waste deposited in community bins on a daily basis transport to processing or disposal sites.

6.7.8 Duty of Municipality to clean all public streets, open public spaces and slums

It shall be incumbent on Municipality to arrange for cleaning of all public streets having habitation on both or either side, and all slums on all days of the year including Sundays and public holidays.

6.7.9 Prohibition against littering the street and deposit of solid waste

No person shall litter public streets or public places or deposit or cause or permit to be deposited or thrown upon or along any public street, public place, and land belonging to the Municipality or any unoccupied land or on the bank of a water-body.

6.7.10 Punishment for littering on streets and depositing or throwing any solid waste

Whosoever litters the street /or public places or deposits or throws or causes or permits to be deposited or thrown any solid waste or construction debris at any place in city would be punished as specified under penalty subsection.

Baruipur Municipality

CHAPTER 7 IEC MATERIAL & PUBLIC AWARENESS

To enable people to participate in the development process, it is necessary that people have adequate knowledge about the nature and content of these Programmes. Public Awareness through Information, Education and Communication (IEC), therefore, assumes added significance in the context of the Programmes. Through IEC techniques the stakeholders and local community could be educated and aware about the issues and advantages of existing and implementing system of the solid waste management. The basic approach of IEC plan is to create effectiveness of the Solid Waste Management System. Its operational efficiency can be improved through Information, Education and Communication (IEC) techniques.

Apart from this, to have the municipal solid waste collection in segregated form and adequate handling and processing, the Municipal staff as well as the other stakeholders/ private operators involved in this process should be properly trained and sensitized. For this purpose need of Information, Education & Communication (IEC) Plan and Training & Capacity Building of BM staffs responsible for Solid Waste Management have been assessed and are being proposed.

7.1 OBJECTIVE

The major objectives of the IEC and Capacity Building are as follows:

- Bringing of attitudinal and behavioral changes among the residence about the segregation of waste and sanitation improvement.
- Public awareness through informing and educating the masses on various aspects of solid waste management and achieve the target of receiving segregated waste from each household.
- 3. Creating Public Participation in Planning and Management of MSW Activities
- 4. Capacity Building of the personnel's involved in implementing MSW i.e. Institutional Capacity of Health Department of Baruipur Municipality for Improved MSW Management.
- Integration and involvement of private sweepers and Rag Pickers in improving MSW management

7.2 PUBLIC PARTICIPATION AND AWARENESS THROUGH INFORMATION, EDUCATION AND COMMUNICATION (IEC) PLAN

The success of any solid waste management scheme can be measured through the extent of cooperation and participation of people, effectiveness of the proposed system and operational efficiency. Communication is an integral part of planning for sustained development. The development of human society has largely been due to its ability to communicate information and ideas with each other and to use such information and ideas for progress.

The Programmes being implemented by the Govt. Departments aim at sustainable holistic development in all development projects. The success of these programmes is critically dependent on the participation of the people, particularly target groups, in the implementation process. The approach should be to emphasize on communication with target groups, local community for the implementing programme of Solid Waste Management in respective areas of Baruipur.

7.3 APPROACH OF IEC PLAN

The basic approach of Information, Education and Communication Plan is to make aware the public about the need of reduction and segregation of waste from the households along with the collection system of waste to take public cooperation to make hygienic structure of the area.

- Focus Group Discussions
- Inter personal communications
- Creating watchdog committees comprising of local influential people and important stakeholders, societies
- Printed materials and Audio-visual aids
- Other locally popular media.

The entire implementation shall be designed to cover entire Municipal area of the city in a very planned and strategic way for the efficient implementation and for the success and sustainability of the MSW management.

7.3.1 Communication:

Communication Planning is an integral part of planning for sustained development. The development of human society has largely been due to its ability to communicate information and ideas with each other and to use such information and ideas for progress. First attempt would be a public campaign, which is the objective of the IEC Plan, will be launches to raise awareness about cleanliness.

7.3.1.1 Door to Door Campaign:

For door to door information spreading, involvement of health workers (Sanitary staff) would be easy and speedy along with the volunteers. It will also create a platform for a better communication management among public and sanitary staff. The volunteers and health workers will lead to spread the project information with the help of support material which will be helpful for providing effective information along with time saving.

7.3.1.2 Public Address Meeting:

Interpersonal and community meeting is a great tool to share the information, views and direct interaction for the effective involvement and awareness among the residents. The message and information and people commitment can be taken for the segregation and better management for the Segregated Solid Waste Management Scheme. Some workshop and seminars will also lead to inform the stakeholders at a time with proper preparation and communication and their participation and cooperation for sanitary improvement.

7.3.1.3 Media Support:

Media support is essential and a very important part of IEC programme to inform, educate and aware the masses. Media support includes the use of television, radio, print media and folk theatre therefore,

accords priority for the promotion of non-formal sanitary improvement education and creation of awareness among all sections of the society through diverse activities using traditional and modern media of communication. The media should be informed and involved for each programme which would be conducting according to the IEC plan.

7.3.1.4 Folk Programme:

Street play which is an important tool for creating entertained information, education and basically aware the lower income group and lower middle income group residents. The street play theme should be to the point on the IEC plan and in local point of view to realize the residents as of their part. Mass media should also be encouraged for their support in public awareness program.

7.3.2 Social Mobilization:

For the social mobilization, attitudinal and behavioral changes of the residents' involvement of major and social stakeholder are essential. For this purpose institutional and other organizations involved in social activities are a great awareness center for the social mobilization and public awareness as indicated below:

- Educational Institutions (Schools and Colleges etc.)
- NGOs/ CBOs/ Societies Support
- Sr. Officials/ Administration Officers / Sr. Citizens
- Ministerial Supports etc.

1

7.4 IDENTIFICATION & ACTION

Identification and selection of target groups plays a key role in creating effective awareness in residential. For solid waste management, it becomes more important as the source of MSW starts from houses due to which target starts from household female head, youths and children who requires some form of role model or different methods to influence their behavior. It is a very important aspect which could be at waste generators level and may reduce, reuse and recycle their waste. The other part of target groups may be waste collector and waste managers. These types of target groups are directly involved with the solid waste management. Along with this, there are other groups which can be helpful for the better management of MSW segregated waste collection, operation, handling and proper disposal. The major target groups are as following:

Table 7-1: IEC action Identification

SI. No.	Target Groups	Target Group Details	Action Plan
1	Waste Generator	Residential Areas (Women (household), Maids, children and Youths) Commercial Areas	Holding locality-wise meetings, seminars, targeted community meetings with self help groups, through street plays, technical and pictorial presentation along with aware

SI. No.	Target Groups	Target Group Details	Action Plan
		(Shopping areas, Vegetable markets, Offices, Hotels, Restaurants) Institutional Areas (Jr. High Schools, Colleges)	them about health hazards and remedial measures and sanitation improvement. Informing and suggesting them about the segregated waste management and their important role.
2	Waste Collector	Sweepers Rag pickers Waste loaders Truck drivers Landfill supervisors	They all should be involved and sensitize about the need of segregated waste collection and sanitation improvement. The waste collection, transportation and disposal of the waste in proper timing so that waste could not be overflow. The waste collector should be trained about the collection of segregated waste.
3	Waste Managers	Administrators and supervisors Control and monitoring team Complaint handlers Computer software operators and specialists	Presenting them about the Rules and Regulation and updating them about the ongoing activities and techniques for MSW management. Training programmes for the technical staffs Providing the reviews of progress and monitoring activities
4	Leaders	Political Leaders (Local MLA, MP) Religious Leaders Community Leaders	These leaders can be motivated to participate actively in promotional efforts of community involvement in segregated solid waste management.
5	School Teachers and Students	Primary Schools Jr. High Schools Public Schools	School teachers can be informed and involved in the segregated solid waste management scheme and can be motivated to educate the children for the sanitary improvement. The students can be educated and trained for the segregated waste management system and they can be great awareness creators for the societies. Some groups of students can be created as monitoring and awareness team for
6	Media	Print Media Electronic Media	sanitation improvement which will make a great impact on societies and communities. Launching mass campaign for educating and motivating local communities and families about the need of segregation of Solid Waste and its management for sanitation and hygienic improvement.
7	Elite groups or social organizations	NGOs, Societies CBOs	Sensitize and motivate local influential people like Sr. citizens, leading businessmen, social club members, NGOs

SI. No.	Target Groups	Target Group Details	Action Plan
		Sr. citizens Association Rotary Clubs/ Lions Club	and CBOs etc. to undertake or sponsor such activities for solid waste management for effective strategy of public participation and awareness.

Once the target groups have been identified, the responsibility lies in developing the approach for educating these groups. For successful implementation of any program involving public at large, it is essential to spell out clearly and make them know the manner in which the problem is proposed to be tackled to keep area clean and improve the quality of life.

The communication material should be developed and must be utilized in public awareness program through the tools of publicity. The use of various publicity tools as public address meetings, workshops, School Activities, Street Plays, Distribution of Handbills, Pamphlets and Handbills etc. can be used.

This professional work be outsourced to Event management Companies/ NGOs etc who will carry out all programmes for not less than six months through:-

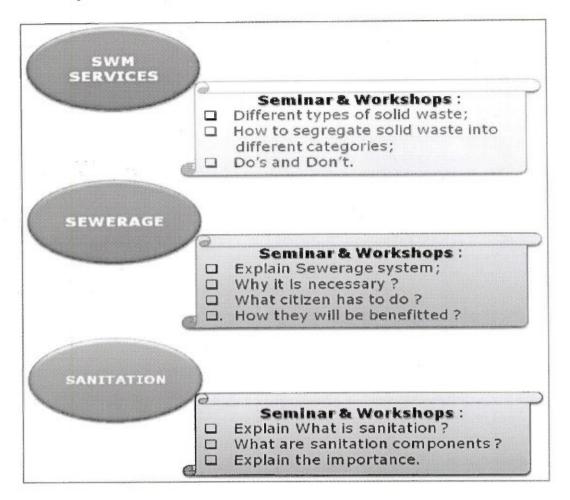
- · Mobile Campaign;
- · Leaflets;
- · Cinema Slides;
- Arranging Hoardings & Banners;
- Holding Seminars and Workshops;
- · Locality wise general Campaign for awareness;
- Involving schools and their students for "Keep Your City Clean" Campaign;
- Holding Exhibitions;
- Importing Trainings to workers for cleaning works in Public and Community Toilets;
- Record Consultations, suggestions and general feedback from the people and deliver to ULB for planning and mitigating redressal issues of complains.

7.4.1 Quantification of Works

Slide - 1	We have the second and the second an
	Through Auto Van & Loudspeaker and distributions of one page handouts (1,00,000 nos.) – 5 Vehicles each week for 30 weeks covering the entire city
Slide - 2	
	Leaflets: on segregation of solid waste to each house - 70,000 nos. in Hindi
Slide - 3	
	Cinema Stides & TV Stots: Slides 10 nos. on sanitation daily show for one minute for 6 months
Slide - 4	
	Hoardings: 20 nos(20 ft x 10 ft) & Banners: 50 nos(6 ft x 5 ft)
Slide - 5	
	Workshops & Seminars: 2 nos. per month per ward for 6 months i.e. 12 x 51 = 612 nos.

	Through Auto Van & Loudspeaker and distributions of one page handouts (1,00,000 nos.) - 5 Vehicles each week for 30 weeks covering the entire city
Slide -	7
	All Schools: 100 nos. Rally for 10 days in 6 months
Slide -	В
	Exhibitions: 2 nos. in 6 months
Slide -	Trainings to workers: 10 programmes for 20 participants each
Slide-	Record Feedback: Submit a full report

7.4.2 Subject Matters (Seminar, Workshops)



7.4.3 Activities Covered in Leaflets, Hoardings and Banners, Campaign and Exhibitions



HOARDINGS & BANNERS



Citizen shall Do

Handover your waste to BMC Do no waste collector; Do no into d

Segregate your waste and keep it in separate bins;

Get your toilet connected to sewer system;

Keep your waste into litter

Point out insanitary condition of your area to BMC staff;

Use public toilets wherever there is.

Citizen shall not Do

Do not throw your waste into drains and on roads/ open spaces;

Do not mix your all wastes;

Do not let your sewage into drains or into ground;

Do not litter in open space, on buildings etc;

Do not allow insanitary condition in your area;

Do no defecate in open areas.

Exhibitions

Photographs Presentation of all Works of Sewerages, SWM Services, Public & Community Toilet Cleaning, Littering, and all other related Items

CAMPAIGN

City Sanitation Plan (CSP):

- Miking the endeavors of the state Govt. on sanitation of your city;
- Timely pay sanitation fees to serve you better;
- Do not litter here & there;
- Co-operate with BMC workers to keep your City Sanitized;
- Do not defecate in open.

CHAPTER 8 ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL ASPECTS

8.1 ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL ASPECTS

Present environmental situation is not monitored. It is considered that due to inadequate basic sanitation facilities, pollution of air and water is prevailing. There is no activity undertaken by the Baruipur for mainstreaming the rag pickers and work is too planned for their resettlement.

8.2 SOCIAL ISSUES OF RAGPICKERS AND RESETTLEMENT PLAN

Mainstreaming activity will be taken up by the Baruipur by employing the rag pickers in waste processing plant and sanitary landfill site. Free medical checkup can be taken up by Baruipur for all their SWM workers & other manual workers.

It is observed that near about 60-80 (approx.) rag pickers involved in segregation and reselling goods from the waste in the Baruipur city. For rag pickers the reselling of goods is the livelihood. Therefore, to ensure living wage for rag pickers it is proposed to educate them and involve in waste management system in due course of project implementation.

8.3 ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES AND THEIR MITIGATIONS

During execution of projects of sewer line, there will be environmental hazards in air, water and river construction activity shall be planned for minimization of all hazards by following standard methods of mitigation.

Major environmental issues involved in MSW management system are given below:

Table 8-1: Environmental Issue and Action Plan

SI. No.	SWM Management System	Major Issues Involved	Action Plan
1	Primary Collection	Primary Collection of solid waste is not appropriate resulting accumulation of solid waste on roadsides and vacant plots and in low lying areas and storm water drains.	Door-to-door waste collection service has to be provided to households. The roadside waste collected by street sweepers must be directly dumped into a separate bin at the secondary waste collection point.
2	Secondary Storage of Solid Waste	In the absence of secondary storage facility for MSW, it is dumped at any location in the vicinity – drains, vacant plots, street corners, low lying areas, and other open areas. Heaps and stretches of unsegregated waste in open areas is an eyesore, thereby causing environmentally hazardous & unhygienic conditions across the	Separate colored bins must be provided at the secondary storage location for biodegradable and non-biodegradable, and recyclable wastes. The bins must be covered and cleared at the scheduled time to prevent storage of waste for a long time and littering of waste outside the bins

SI. No.	SWM Management System	Major Issues Involved	Action Plan
		city, thus, creating conditions for breeding of mosquitoes, grazing by cattle	
3	Solid Waste Transportation	It is observed that transportation vehicles are overloaded with waste, resulting in road littering during transportation. The loading and unloading of waste is done manually and safai karamcharis involved in this activity do not use any Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) for their protection.	The waste transportation vehicles must be covered at all times expect while loading and unloading activities and the loaded waste should not exceed the capacity of these vehicles.
4	Collection and disposal of construction waste	The construction/ demolition waste generated by local residents is transported in tractor trolleys and disposed off in open/ low-lying areas in the vicinity, privately	The construction and demolition waste must not be dumped in any open areas in an unorganized manner.
5	Disposal of solid waste	The solid waste collected from various sources is disposed off in open dumpsites indiscriminately without segregation or preprocessing. There is no engineered sanitary landfill site for safe disposal of solid waste.	According to MSW Rules, 2016, biodegradable waste shall be processed and converted into compost or used for power generation; recyclables shall be segregated and sold to recyclers; no hazardous waste be dumped along with MSW; construction waste to be segregated and used for filling low lying areas and only remaining waste shall be dumped into engineered landfill facility.

Municipality should have strict initiative for proper implementation of action plan to avoid environmental and social nuisance.

8.4 ENVIRONMENTAL SCENARIO

Due to growing prosperity and changing lifestyle of people, communities are getting increasingly oriented towards consumerism. They are guzzling resources in a wasteful manner and in the process, generating a variety of wastes, a bulk of which is in the form of solid waste. Consequently, a sea change has occurred lately in both quantum and composition of solid waste. In many cities, the rate of generation of solid waste has increased so much that the civic agencies responsible for the collection and disposal of wastes are unable to deal with the total quantity produced every day. As a result, a major part of the waste remains uncollected and accumulates in the form of heaps at various locations within the inhabited areas. Inefficient and improper methods of disposal result in scenic blights and create serious hazards to human health. These include pollution of air and water resources, accident hazards and an increase in rodent and insect vectors of disease.

The composition of solid waste has changed in such a manner that, today, a major proportion of the waste is composed of non-biodegradable materials such as plastics, iron, glass and other metals. The Indian Cities generate about 110,000 tonnes of garbage in one day of which around 44,000 tonnes are organic and 66,000 tonnes are inorganic. This type of waste can only be recycled or disposed of through special processes. Due to these reasons, the task of handling solid waste has become a highly specialized managerial task.

In most of the Indian cities, waste comprises mainly of not easily combustible vegetable and meat wastes, since the more easily combustible substances such as cardboard, paper, cloth, and plastics are already eliminated at source or by rag pickers for sale to 'kabariwalas'. Even with the implementation of waste reduction, recycling, and transformation technologies, disposal of solid waste in landfills remains a significant component of an integrated waste management strategy. Contrary to what its name suggests, the method of land filling, till now, has been operated in an unsanitary manner. Most landfill sites give an unhygienic look. Not only this, the consideration of the environmental parameters in designing and developing these projects has been neglected.

The recent directions of the Supreme Court of India to the various municipalities and states' departments of Urban Development to ensure compliance with the Municipal Solid Waste Rules, 2016 (MSW Rules), have brought municipal solid waste management (MSWM) issues under the spotlight. Municipalities have thus started to address the MSW issue, for a number of reasons, including citizen concern and recent mandates from the Supreme Court. According to legislation on municipal solid waste formulated and enacted by the Union Ministry of Environment and Forest as empowered under the Environment Protection Act of 1986—the submission of an environmental impact assessment prior to the designing and development of any landfill facility in the country has been made mandatory.

8.5 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

8.5.1 Environmental Monitoring

Environmental monitoring has to be conducted at MSW landfill and composting facility to ensure that no contaminants that may affect public health and surrounding environment are released from the environment. The monitoring required is divided in to three categories:

- Vadose zone monitoring for gases and liquids
- Ground water monitoring and
- Air quality monitoring

1

8.5.1.1 Vadose Zone Monitoring

The vadose zone is defined as the zone from the ground surface to where the permanent ground water is found. An important characteristic of the vadose zone is that the pore spaces are not filled with water, and that the small amounts of water that are present coexist with air. Vadose zone monitoring at landfills involves both liquids and gases.

8.5.1.2 Liquid Monitoring In the Vadose Zone

Monitoring for liquids in the vadose is necessary to detect any leakage or leachate from the bottom of a landfill. In the vadose zone, moisture held in the interstices of soil particles or within porous rock is always held at pressures below atmospheric pressure. To remove the moisture it is necessary to develop a negative pressure or vacuum to pull the moisture away from the soil particles. Because suction must be applied to draw moisture out of the soil in the vadose zone, convention wells or other open cavities cannot be used to collect samples in this zone. The sampling devices to be used for sample extraction in the unsaturated zone are suction lysimeters.

The most commonly used class of lysimeter used for obtaining samples of moisture in the vadose zone is the ceramic cup sampler, which consists of a porous cup or ring made or ceramic material that is attached to a short sections of nonporous tubing (e.g. PVC). When placed in the soil, because of its pores it becomes extension of the pore space of the soil. Soil moisture is drawn in through the porous ceramic element by the application of a vacuum. When a sufficient surface through a narrow tube by the application of vacuum or is pushed up by air pressure.

8.5.1.3 Gas Monitoring In the Vadose Zone

Monitoring for gases in the vadose zone is necessary to detect the lateral movement of any landfill gases. Vadose zone gas monitoring probe is to be used for monitoring of land gases. Gas samples are to be collected from multiple depths in the vadose zone.

8.5.1.4 Ground Water Monitoring

Monitoring of the ground water is necessary to detect changes in water quality that may be caused by the escape of leachate and landfill gases. Both down and up gradient wells are required to detect any contamination of the underground aquifer by leachate from the landfill. To obtain a representative sample, the liquid in permanent sample collection tubing, where used, must be purged before the sample is collected.

8.5.1.5 Landfill Air Quality Monitoring

Air quality monitoring in landfills involves:

- The monitoring of ambient air quality at and the Landfill and composting facility.
- The monitoring of landfill gases extracted from the landfill and
- The monitoring of gases from any gas processing or treatment facility.

Monitoring Ambient Air Quality

Ambient air quality is to be monitored at landfill site to detect the possible movement of gaseous contaminants from the boundaries of the landfill site and emission from the composting plant.

Monitoring Extracted Landfill Gas

Landfill gas is to be monitored to assess the composition of the gas, to determine the presence of trace constituents that may pose a health or environmental risk.

Monitoring Off-Gases

Monitoring of-gases from landfill and composting facilities is to be done to determine compliance with the local air pollution control requirements.

The following table gives the details of parameters to be monitored and the frequency of monitoring during the operation of SLF:

Table 8-2: Environmental Monitoring Plan during Operation of SLF

SI. No.	Activities to be Carried Out	Parameters to be Monitored	Duration of Monitoring
1	Monitoring of groundwater quality at up and down	Colour, Odour, Taste, Turbidity, pH, CaCO3, Iron, Chlorides, Fluoride, TDS, Ca2+, Mg2+, Cu, Mn, SO4, NO3, C6H5OH, Hg, Cd, Se, As, CN, Pb, Zn, Anionic Detergent (as MBAS)	Quarterly (4 times in a year covering every
	streams in monitoring wells	Cr6+, Mineral oil, Alkalinity as CaCO3, Aluminum (as Al)	season)
		Boron (as B), Total Coliform E.coli	
2	Monitoring of ambient air quality at landfill	BM ₁₀ , BM _{2.5} , CH ₄ , SO _x , NH ₃ , CO & NO ₂	Twice a week per one month for each season.
3	Monitoring of leachate quality before and after treatment	pH, turbidity, TDS, TSS, Ammonical Nitrogen, Kjeldal Nitrogen, CN, Ntrates, Total hardness (as CaCo ₃), Cl, F, Sulphates, Kjeldahl N, BOD, COD, Phenolic compounds (as C ₆ H ₆ OH), heavy metals such as As, Hg, Pb, Cd, Cr, Cu, Zn, Ni, CN etc.	Monthly during rainy season
4	Monitoring of landfill gas quality	CH4, CO2, CO, H2S	Monthly
		pH, Dissolved Oxygen, BOD (3 Days at 27C°), Free Ammonia (as N), Sodium Adsorption Ratio, Boron	
		Conductivity, Temperature	•
5	Monitoring of surface water quality from drain channel at the exit of landfill	Turbidity, Magnessium Hardness (as CaCO3), Total Alkalinity (as CaCO3), Chloride (as Cl), sulphate (as SO4), Nitrate (as NO3), Fluoride (as F), Sodium (as Na), Potassium (as K)	Monthly during rainy season & twice a year (one post monsoon,
		TKN, Total Phosphorous (as PO4), COD, Phenolic compounds (as C6H5OH), Lead (as Pb), Iron (as Fe), Cadmium (as Cd), Zinc (as Zn), Arsenic (as As), Mercury (as Hg), Chromium (as Cr)	pre monsoon)
		Nickel (as Ni), Total Coliform, Faecal Coliform	T.

The post-closure monitoring plan envisaged for the site is as mentioned below:

Table 8-3: Environmental Monitoring Plan during Post-Closure Period

SI. No.	Activities to be Carried Out	Parameters to be Monitored	Duration of Monitoring
	Monitoring of groundwater quality at	Colour, Odour, Taste, Turbidity, pH, CaCO3, Iron, Chlorides, Fluoride, TDS, Ca2+, Mg2+, Cu, Mn, SO4, NO3, C6H5OH, Hg, Cd, Se, As, CN, Pb, Zn, Anionic Detergent (as MBAS)	Quarterly, for first five years. If there is no change in the groundwater
1	up and down streams from monitoring wells	down streams Cr6+, Mineral oil, Alkalinity as CaCO3,	
		Boron (as B), Total Coliform	10 years
		E.coli	
	Monitoring of ambient	BM ₁₀ , BM _{2.5} , CH ₄ , SO ₂ , NH ₃ , H ₂ S & CO,	For first five years bimonthly
2	air quality at landfill	NO ₂	For another 10 years, yearly
3	Monitoring of landfill gas quality	CH ₄ , CO ₂ & CO	For first five years, bimonthly
	Monitoring of surface water quality from storm water drain channel at the exit of landfill	pH, Dissolved Oxygen, BOD (3 Days at 27C°), Free Ammonia (as N), Sodium Adsorption Ratio, Boron	
		Conductivity, Temperature	For another 10 years, semi-annually.
4		Turbidity, Magnesium Hardness (as CaCO3), Total Alkalinity(as CaCO3), Chloride (as Cl), sulphate (as SO4), Nitrate (as NO3), Fluoride (as F), Sodium (as Na), Potassium (as K) TKN, Total Phosphorous (as PO4), COD, Phenolic compounds (as C6H5OH), Lead (as Pb), Iron (as Fe), Cadmium (as Cd), Zinc (as Zn), Arsenic (as As), Mercury (as Hg), Chromium (as Cr)	
		Nickel (as Ni), Total Coliform, Fecal Coliform	
	Inspection of final cover to check,		
5	a. The vegetation growth is occurring satisfactorily without stunted growth		Quarterly
	b. If any erosion gullies are formed		

SI. No.	Activities to be Carried Out	Parameters to be Monitored	Duration of Monitoring
	exposing the barrier layer.	_	
	c. Identifying collection of water on landfill cover		
municipal de la constitución de la	Inspection of surface water drainage system to check		
6	a. Cracks in drains and pipes due to settlements.		Quarterly
	b. Clogs in drains which need immediate cleaning		

8.5.2 Environmental Monitoring Agency

BM should ensure periodical environmental monitoring with outsourcing it to established government/private organization. Generally Pollution Control Board has all the necessary equipments to cater the requirement of monitoring; hence Baruipur Municipality may take the services of Pollution Control Board in this regard.

CHAPTER 9 COST ESTIMATION

9.1 CAPITAL COST OF THE PROPOSED SCHEME

The implementation of the scheme is scheduled to complete by year 2019 after which commercial production of integrated facility will commence.

Table 9-1: Primary Collection System

SI. No	Item	Unit Rate in INR	Required Number	Total Amount (INR) in Figures
V	House hold Bin 10 lit	120	36346	4,361,520.00
2	Tricycle van with 6 nos. of 50 lit bins	26780	36	964,080.00
2	6 nos. 50 lit bin for existing tricycle	590	270	159,300.00
A	Community bins- 100 lit capacity (2nos. bin in each location)	1829	272	497,488.00
15	Battery Operated auto rickshaw	140000	17	2,380,000.00
6	100 lit bins for battery operated auto rickshaw (4nos. bin in each auto rickshaw)	1829	68	124,372.00
1	Road side bins- 240 lit capacity (2nos. bin in each location)	3947	102	402,594.00
8	Auto tipper	860000	4	3,440,000.00
9	TT Container	185000	26	4,810,000.00
1.0	Tractor	700000	2	1,400,000.00
u	Wheel barrow for road sweeping & drain cleaning -110 lit	6925	52	360,100.00
	Total			18,899,454,00

Table 9-2: PPE Equipment Costing

PP Equipment Requirement								
SI. No.	Equipments / Implements	Quantity	Unit Rate	Amount				
1	Long hand brooms	40	100	4,000.00				
2/	Metal tray with Plate	40	110	4,400.00				
3	M. S. Shovel	12.	580	6,960.00				
4	Gloves	149	170	25,330.00				
5	Mask	149	55	8,195.00				
6	Appron	149	285	42,465.00				
2	Rain coat	149	620	92,380.00				
. 8/	Safety Boot	174	500	87,000.00				
		To	otal	270,730.00				

CHAPTER 9 COST ESTIMATION

9.1 CAPITAL COST OF THE PROPOSED SCHEME

The implementation of the scheme is scheduled to complete by year 2019 after which commercial production of integrated facility will commence.

Table 9-1: Primary Collection System

SI. No	Item *	Unit Rate in INR	Required Number	Total Amount (INR) in Figures
1	House hold Bin 10 lit	140	36346	5,088,440.00
2	Tricycle van with 6 nos. of 50 lit bins	26780	36	964,080.00
2	6 nos. 50 lit bin for existing tricycle	590	270	159,300.00
4	Community bins- 100 lit capacity (2nos. bin in each location)	1829	272	497,488.00
5	Battery Operated auto rickshaw	160000	17	2,720,000.00
6	100 lit bins for battery operated auto rickshaw (4nos. bin in each auto rickshaw)	1829	68	124,372.00
7	Road side bins- 240 lit capacity (2nos. bin in each location)	3947	102	402,594.00
8	Auto tipper	900000	4	3,600,000.00
9	TT Container	185000	26	4,810,000.00
10	Tractor	700000	2	1,400,000.00
11	Wheel barrow for road sweeping & drain cleaning -110 lit	6925	52	360,100.00
	Total		****	20,126,374.00

Table 9-2: PPE Equipment Costing

Sl. No.	Equipments / Implements	Quantity	Unit Rate	Amount
1	Long hand brooms	40	100	4,000.00
2	Metal truy with Plate	40	110	4,400.00
3	M. S. Shovel	12	580	6,960.00
4	Gloves	149	170	25,330.00
5	Mask	149	55	8,195.00
6	Appron	149	285	42,465.00
7	Rain coat	149	620	92,380.00
8	Safety Boot	174	500	87,000.00
		To	otal	270,730.00

Table 9-3: Vehicle Cost for Vermi-Compost Plant

l No.	Vehicle Type	Number	Unit Rate	Total Cost				
J	Loader cum Backhoe	1	2500000	2,500,000.00				
2	Tractor attached loader	1	1200000	1,200,000.00				
3	Water tanker with slurry pump	1	300000	300,000.00				
A	Tractor	1	700000	700,000.00				
15	Tipping trolley	2	180000	360,000.00				
6	Pushcart with 6 nos. bin 30 lit	6	13580	81,480.00				
	Total			5,141,480.00				

Table 9-4: Cost of Vehicle for Vermi-Compost Plant

Landfill Operation Vehicle							
SI No.	Vehicle Type	Number	Unit Rate	Total Cost			
V	Buldozer	1	7552000	7,552,000.00			
,2	Excavator	1	3072000	3,072,000.00			
3	Dumper 6m3	1	1200000	1,200,000.00			
	Total			11,824,000.00			

SUMMARY OF COST OF COLLECTION VEHICLES AND O&M VEHICLES

	Estimated Cost for SWM System	
A.	Collection System	
A.1 Tran	Procurement of vehicles for Primary Collection & Secondary asportation	18,899,454.00
A.2	Procurement PP Equipments for Primary Collection	270,730.00
В.	Processing Plant	
B.1	Procurement of Vehicles for Operation of Vermi-Compost Plant	5,141,480.00
C.	Sanitary Landfill	What and the same of the same
C.1	Procurement of Vehicles for Operation of the Landfill	11,824,000.00
Sub	Total	36,135,664.00
Con	tingency – 3%	1,084,069.92
	Total	37,219,733.92

SWM Project Cost Sanctioning

1	Baruipur Municipality	3.72*	1.30	(Crore)	1.80	0.18	year) 2 yr
SI No.	Name of ULB	(in Rs.	(in Rs.	(in Rs.	Share (in Rs. Crore)	Share (Crore)	(in
C1		Project Cost	GoI Share	State Share	Additional State	ULB	Project Period

Executive Engineer
South Division, S & SWM
W & S Sector, KMDA

Superintending S & SWIA, W. Solor

Chairman

Barulpur Muricupality

CHAPTER 10 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE ARRANGEMENT AND REVENUE GENERATION

10.1 O&M ARRANGMENTS & REVENUE

SWM will be under a separate department in the Baruipur Municipality. It is considered as emergency department and round the year service shall be rendered. There Asst. Engineers will be in charge of

- Landfill Site Manager
- Waste Processing Unit Manger
- City Conservancy service Manger.

They will be supported by Sub-Assistant Engineer and Sanitary Inspector. Other category staff shall be placed according to the necessity from manpower strength. Monitoring cell headed CEO and City Manager will daily monitor S.W.M. Services for the ULB and will prepare reports in the report format (Daily/Monthly/Quarterly/Annually) and publish annual administrative report along with preparation of draft SWM budget & Schedule of fees and charges.

10.1.1 Monitoring Cell as Sanitation Cell

Maintaining the sanitary condition of a town is one of the crucial aspects of sanitation apart from creating basic infrastructure. A successful operation requires a threefold attention for all the time as noted below.

A Strong 'Sanitation Cell' in the ULB comprising of.

- Municipal commissioner/ CEO;
- Environmental Engineer with his team sanitary Supervisory engineers;
- Municipal Health officer with his team of health inspectors and sanitary workers;
- Ward wise sanitary inspectors and general sanitary inspectors;
- A sub-cell of monitoring and grievance redressal system management professional team of at least 5 persons.

City Sanitation Task Force for taking monthly situation analysis on the city sanitation

 This task force shall take note of sanitation situation of the town once a month under chairmanship of Mayor/ Chairman of the ULB.

An informal body administering all day to day support in

· Awareness and Campaign;

- · Indentifying the violators of sanitation rules;
- Institutional support services from
 - State Govt.
 - Civil Societies
 - Local NGOs
 - o Elected representatives
 - o Urban departments of the State Govt.
 - o National Govt. (CPCB, CPHEEO)

District Magistrate or his representative shall sit quarterly with all the members and overview the sanitation situation. All dept shall provide all manpower & expertise with special assistance to sanitation and O& M where possible.

10.1.2 Operation and Maintenance Cost

The objective of a good maintenance programme is to keep the system in a good operating condition so that it can function efficiently throughout its design life. Lack of maintenance can have health implications as well as cause damage to properties when things go wrong. It is important that the operation and maintenance personnel continuously monitor the condition of the sanitation system to ensure proper functioning thereof. Inspection and testing provide the means for the monitoring activity. *Table 10.1* shows cost for manpower for operation of vehicles and equipments.

Table 10-1: Cost Requirement of Manpower for Operation of Vehicles and Equipments

SI	Equipments	Waste cum Sweeper collector			Drivers		
No	Equipments	Nos.	Salary	Amount	Nos.	Salary	Amount
1	Tricycle van with 6 nos. of 50 lit bins	81	7000	567000			
2	Wheel barrow for road sweeping & drain cleaning -110 lit	52	7000	364000			
3	Battery Operated auto rickshaw				17	7500	127500
4	Auto tipper				4	7500	30000
5	Movable Compactor				2	9000	18000
6	Tractor				6	8000	48000
Total		133		931000	29		223500

Table 10-2: Operation & Maintenance Cost of Primary Collection Equipments & Vehicles

SI No.	Description of Items	Equipment Numbers	Operation Cost	Total	Maintenance Cost	Total	O&M Cost
1	Battery operated Auto Rickshaw	17	3540	60180	283	4814	64994
2	Auto tipper	4	11700	46800	936	3744	50544
3	Tractor	6	15600	93600	1248	7488	101088
4	Movable compactor	2	20800	41600	1664	3328	44928
	Total		51640	242180	4331	19374	261554

O & M cost of Primary Waste Collection

• O & M Cost = 931,000+223,500+242,180+19,374=1,416,054 per Month

O & M cost of Vermi Compost Plant

Table 10-3: O&M Cost of Manpower of Plant & SLF

SL No.	Position	Nos.	Salary	Amount				
1	Plant Manager In-charge	1	20,000	20,000				
2	Weigh Bridge Operator -	1	10,000	10,000				
3	Labours	6	7,000	42,000				
4	Tractor Attached Loader Driver & Front End Loader	1	12,000	12,000				
5	Excavator & Bulldozer Driver	1	14,000	14,000				
6	Security Guard	3	6,500	19,500				
	Total	Total						

Table 10-4: Operational Cost Analysis for Vermi-Compost Plant & SLF

Sl. No	. Particulars	Amount (INR)
A	Salary of Staff	117,500
В	Utilities, Consumables & Miscellaneous Supplies- per da	у
B.1	Fuel (Diesel)	67,860
B.2	Electricity - machine operation daily	20,000
***	Utilities, Consumables & Miscellaneous Supplies Per Day	87,860

Sl. No	. Particulars	Amount (INR)
C	Other Expenses	
C.1	Repair and Maintenance of CP Machinery	8,000
C.2	Repair and Maintenance of CP Vehicles	5,000
C.3	Plant & Office Running Expenses	3,000
C.4	Quality check of Compost	1,000
	Other Expenses Per Year	17,000
	TOTAL (A+B+C)	222,360
TOTA	L MONTHLY COST FOR OPERATION OF PLANTS	222,360

Table 10-5: Operational Monthly Expenditure

Sl. No.	O&M Cost (per month)	Amount (INR)
1	O & M cost of Primary collection and Secondary Transportation	1,416,054
2	O & M for Vermi Compost Plant & Sanitary Landfill	222,360
	Total (INR)	1,638,414

O & M Cost per month - 1,638,414.00 (INR)

O & M Cost per year -19,660,973.00 (INR)

Escalation of O&M Cost per year after full utilization - 5.0%

Escalation Factor - 1.05

Table 10-6: Operation and Maintenance Charges calculation for 10 Years

Expenses	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
O&M cost for the Project	19,660,972.80	20,644,021.44	21,676,222.51	22,760,033.64	23,898,035.32	25,092,937.09	26,347,583.94	27,664,963.14	29,048,211.29	30,500,621.86

10.1.3 Revenue Generation

To make the system of cleaning the whole city on regular basis, the residential as well as commercial waste collection method has to be implemented. To make system self-sustainable, there is requirement of revenue collection by selling out recyclable items (non-biodegradable) and biodegradable wastes and by collecting user charges.

10.1.3.1 Proposed User Charges for Sanitation Services

Table 10-7: Proposed user Charges for sanitation services

Sl. No		Items	Nos.	Unit Rate	Amount per month	
1		Household	17659	35	618,080.00	
2		Shops	764	100	76,400.00	
3		Markets	5	3000	15,000.00	
	Higher Secondary School			500	2 000 00	
4	Institution	Secondary School	- 4	300	2,000.00	
		Primary School	17	500		
5		Restaurants & Hotel	30	1000	30,000.00	
	Health	Hospital	2	800	1,600.00	
6	Centre	Nursing Home	8	500	4,000.00	
7		Bank	25	500	12,500.00	
8		Marriage Hall	22	1000	22,000.00	
9		Auditorium	2	600	1,200.00	
10		Cinema Hall	3	1000	3,000.00	
		Total (monthly)			794,280.00	
	Revenu	ie from Proposed User Charges p	er annum		9,531,360.00	

10.1.3.2 Revenue Generation from Recyclable Items

Table 10-8: Revenue Generation by Recyclable Items

SI.	Parameter	AVERAGE % of each Parameter in Total quantity of Solid Waste (7 days)	Quantity in TPD Unit rate (2019) per Ton 22		Total Amount	Amount Per Month		
1	Metals 1.24%		0.201	10,000	2005.5	60,165		
2	Glass & Ceramics	7.36%	1.111	7,500	8332.53	249,976		
3	Leather	1.22%	0.184 7,000		1289.13	38,674		
4	Plastic	4.92%	0.796	9,000	7161.58	214,847		
Total (Monthly)								
	Revenue Generation by Recyclables Items per annum							

10.1.3.3 Revenue Generation from Plant

Table 10-9: Revenue Generation by Biodegradable items

SI. No.	Туре	Unit Quantit Rate/Ton (TPD)		Total Amount	Per Month Per Annum		
1	Vermi-Compost	4000	2.5	10,000.00	300,000.00	3,600,000.00	

Table 10-10: Total Revenue Generation

SI. No.	Revenue Generation (per Month)	Amount (INR) in Month	
1	Revenue from Proposed User Charges	794,280.00	
2	Revenue from selling out the recyclable items	563,662.00	
3	Revenue from Compost	300,000.00	
	Total Revenue per Monthly (INR)	1,657,942.00	

Total monthly Revenue generation = 1,657,942.00 (INR)

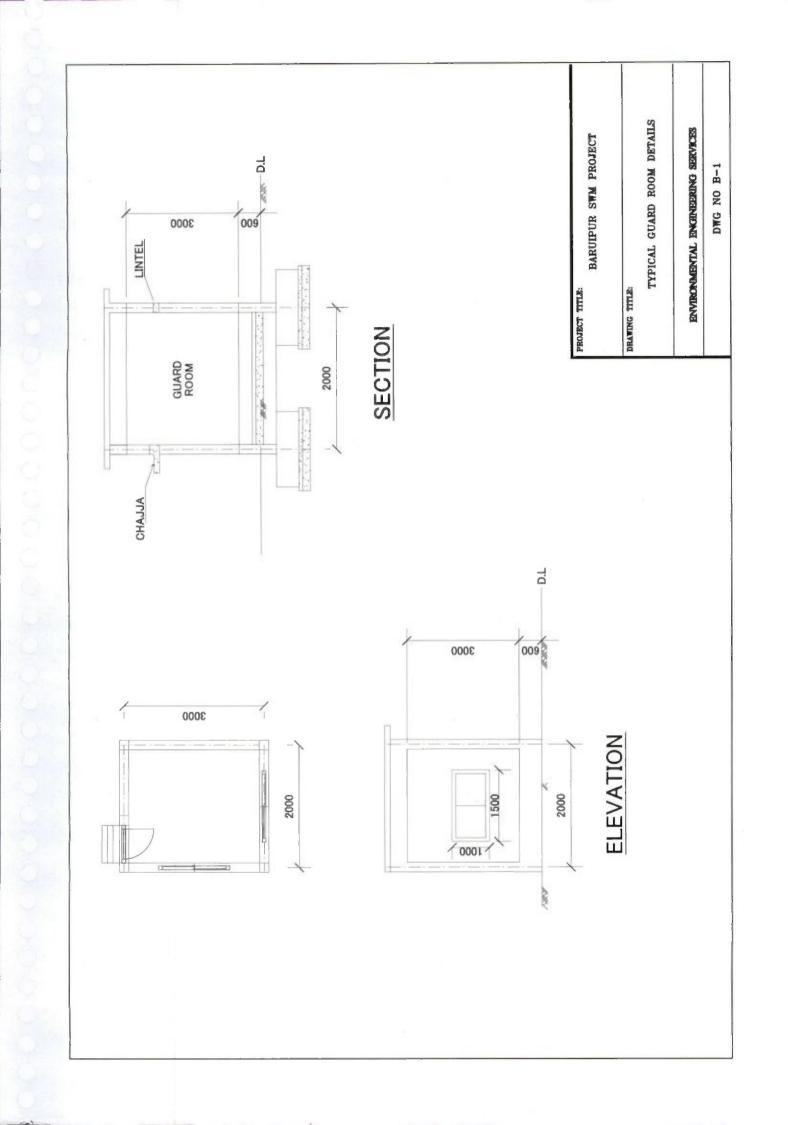
Total yearly Revenue generation = 19,895,304.00 (INR)

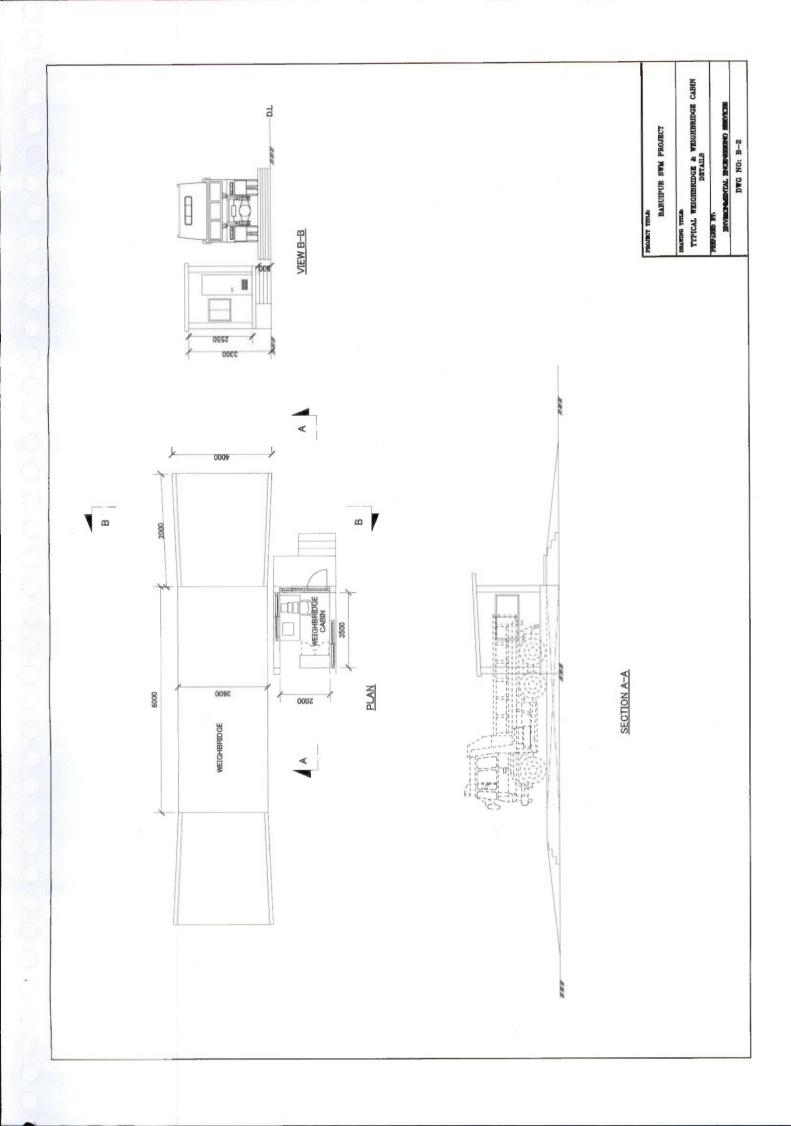
Escalation of Revenue after every 3 years after full allocation - 20%

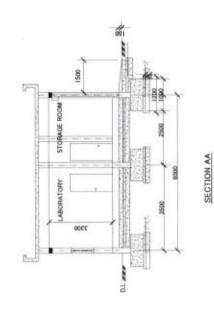
Escalation factor - 1.20

Table 10-11: Total Revenue Generation calculation for 10 years

Year	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6	Y 7	Y8	Y9	Y10
Total Revenue	13,633,331.33	16,786,119.86	23,874,363.18	23,874,363.18	23,874,363.18	28,649,235.82	28,649,235.82	28,649,235.82	34,379,082.99	34,379,082.99







3200

CONVERENCE ROOM

4000

9000

FIRST FLOOR PLAN

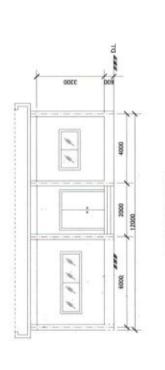
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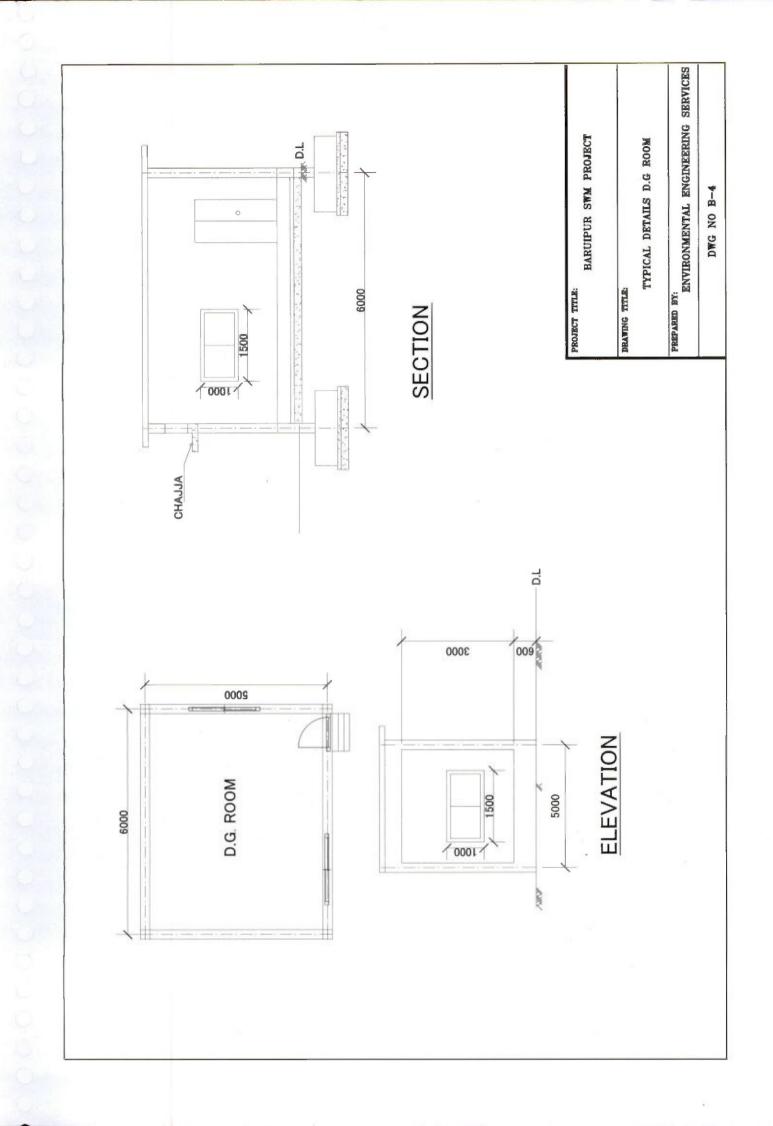
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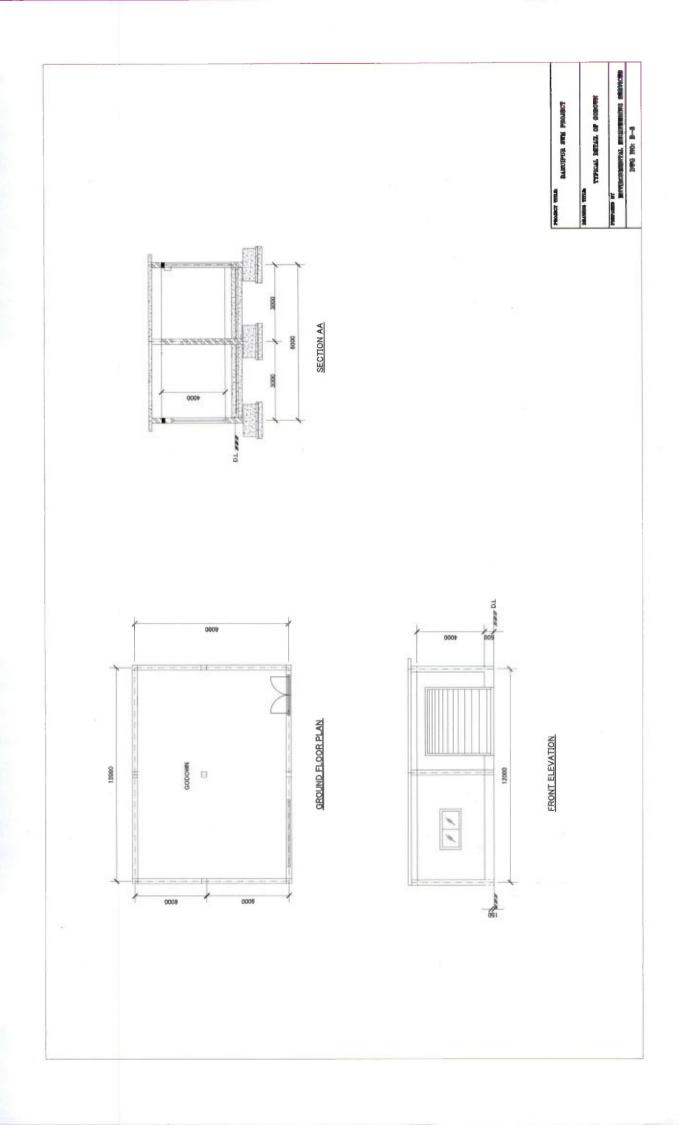


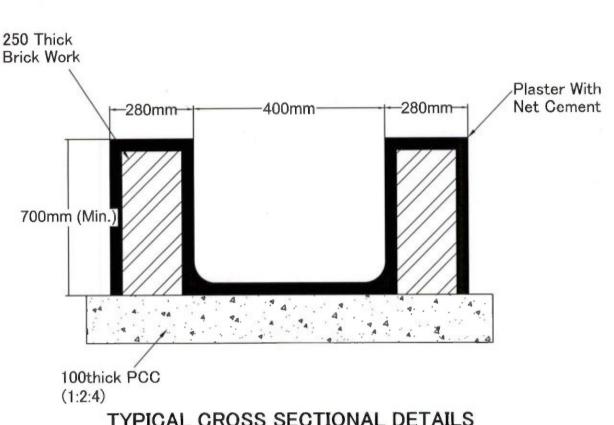


FRONT ELEVATION

MANUTOR STATE PROJECT
MANUAL TANGES OF TORRESS CON
ADMINISTRATIVE SURJECTOR OF BASINGTON
ADMINISTRATIVE SURJECTOR OF BASINGTON
BENERAL STATEMENTS
STREET STATEMENTS
STREET STATEMENTS







TYPICAL CROSS SECTIONAL DETAILS OF OUTFALL OF STORM WATER DRAIN

PROJECT TITLE:

BARUIPUR SWM PROJECT

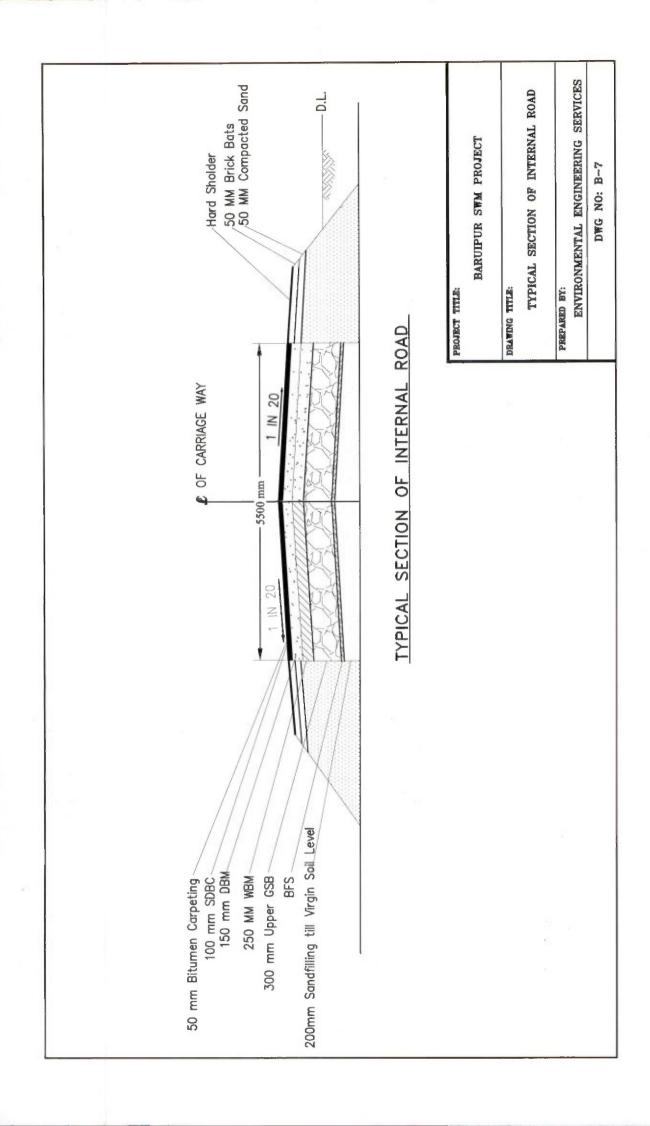
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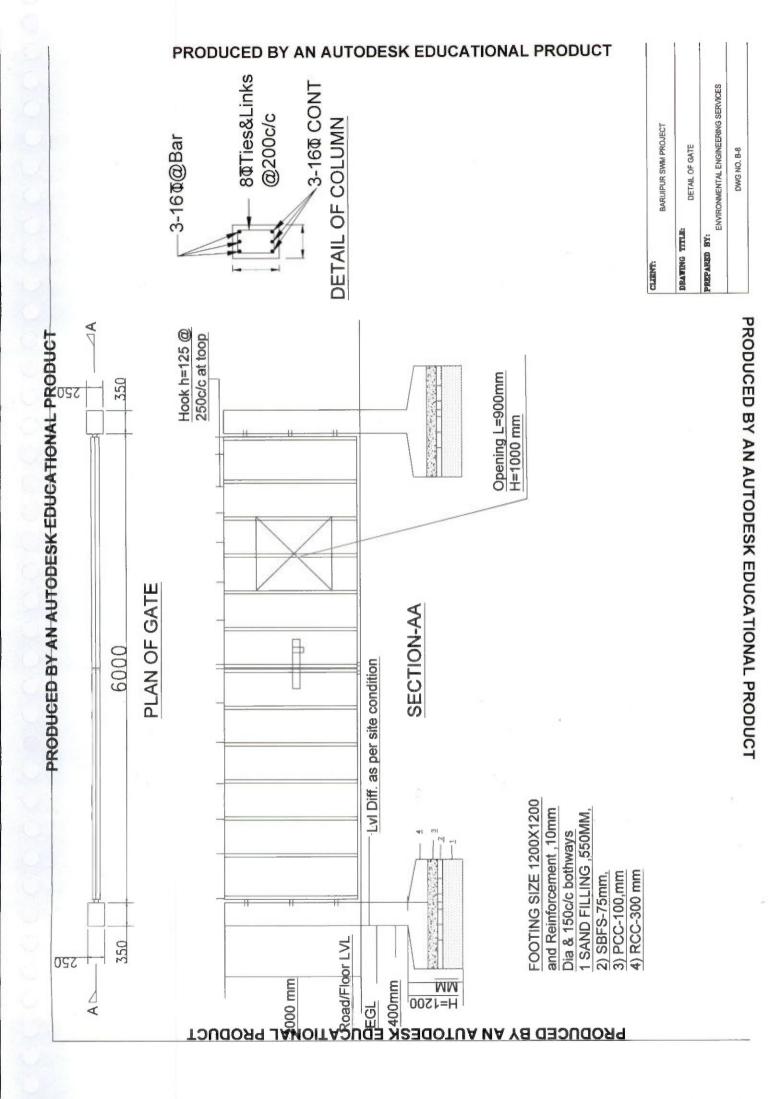
DETAIL OF STORM WATER DRAIN

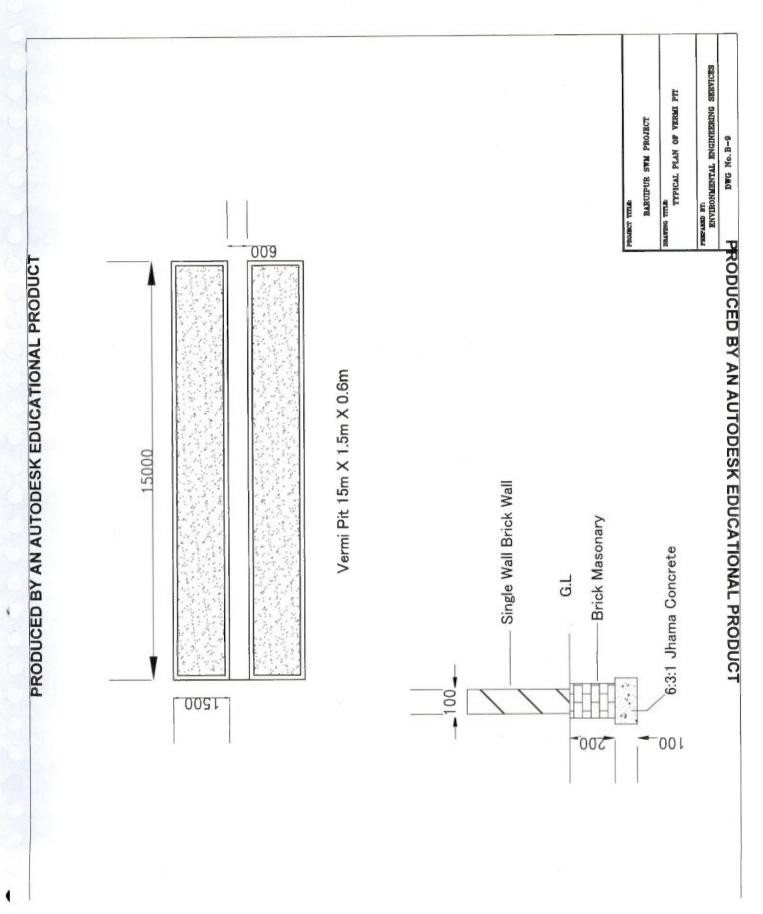
PREPARED BY:

ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING SERVICES

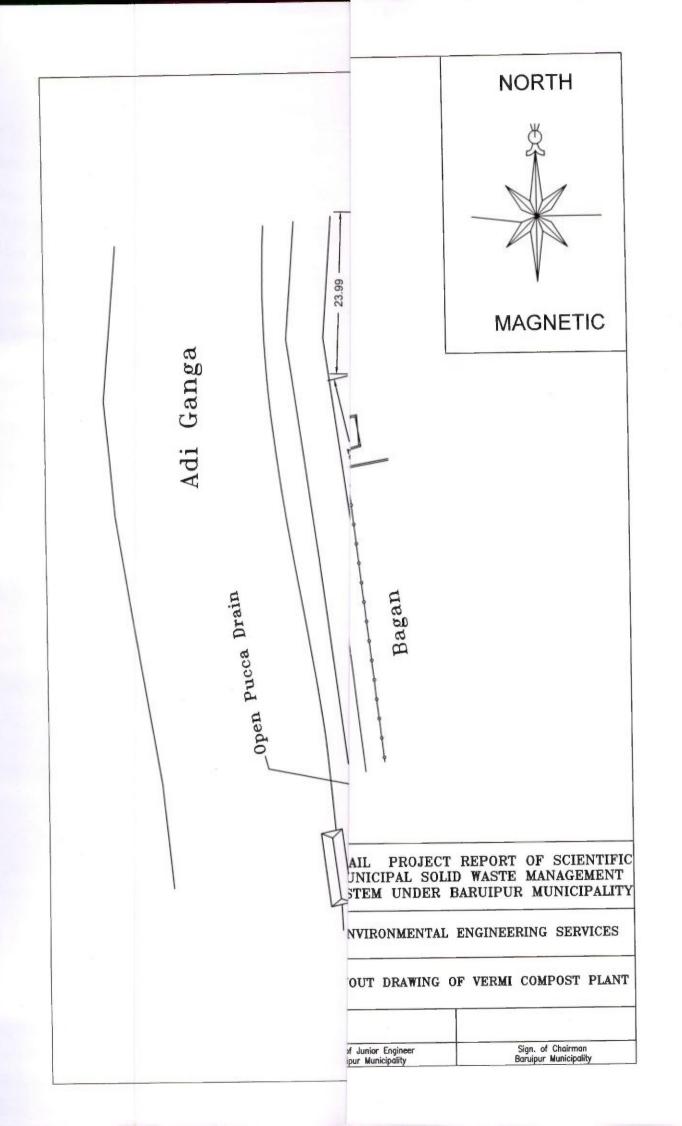
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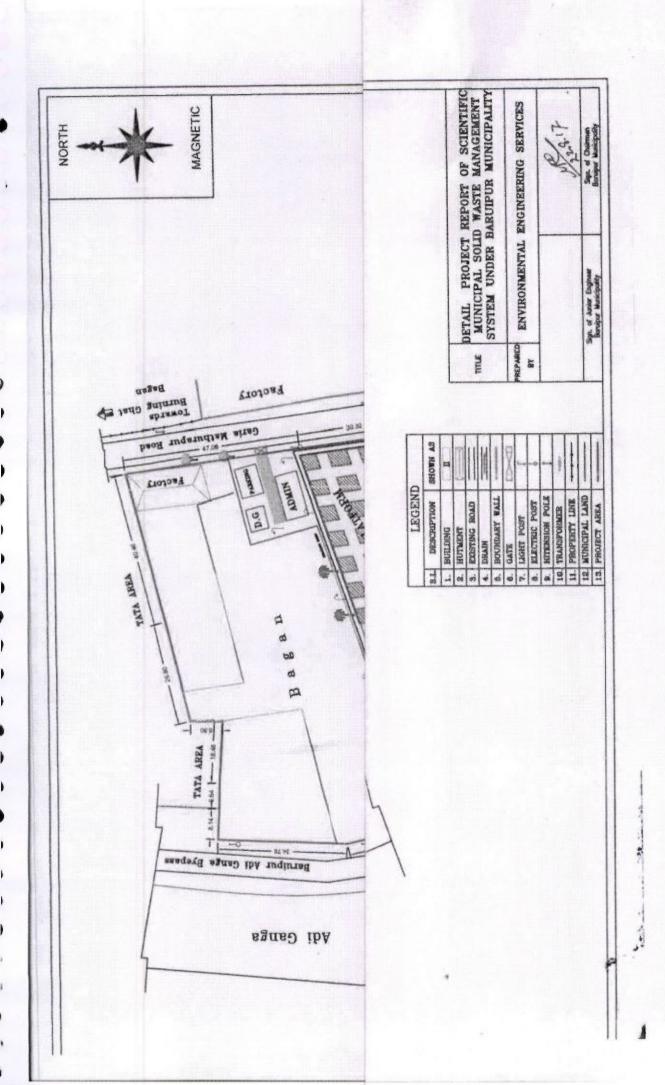






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ANNEXURE

Annexure number	Description of Items
1	Drawing of Guard Room
2	Drawing of weighbridge and weighbridge cabin details
3	Drawing of Administrative Building
4	Drawing of D.G Room
5	Drawing of Godown
6	Drawing of Storm Water Drain
7	Drawing of Internal Road of CP
8	Drawing of Gate and Boundary Wall
9	Drawing of Vermi-Compost Pit
10	Drawing of Baruipur Vermi-Compost Plant
11	Estimation of Admin Building
12	Estimation of Security Room
13	Estimation of Weighbridge Cabin
14	Estimation of Godown
15	Estimation of D.G Room
16	Estimation of Road of Vermi-Compost Plant
17	Estimation of Aerated Lagoon
18	Estimation of Storm Water Drain of CP & SLF-1
19	Estimation of Storm Water Drain of SLF-2
20	Estimation of Boundary Wall of CP & SLF-1
21	Estimation of Boundary Wall of SLF-2
22	Estimation of Leachate Sump
23	Estimation of Leachate Drain
24	Estimation of Vermi-Compost Platform
25	Estimation of Car Wash Pool
26	Door to Door SWM Survey Sheet
27	Vegetable Market SWM Survey Sheet
28	Institutions SWM Survey Sheet
29	Hotel & Restaurants SWM Survey Sheet
30	Hospital Nursing Home SWM Survey Sheet

J SURVEY
GENERATION
WASTE G
HOUSEHOLD

Sanjay Nayak
NAME OF WASTE HANDLER

3.8.2017 to 8.8.2017

Date

BARUIPUR MUNICIPALITY

WARD	NAME OF THE RESPONDENT	RESIDENTIAL ADDRESS	HOUSEH OLD SIZE	ħ	TOTAL QUANTITY OF WASTE PER DAY IN gris	IY OF WASTE	PER DAY IN g	sw .	Total 5 day	Per day	QUANTITY OF WASTE PER CAPITA PER DAY IN gms	REMARKS/OTHER DETAILS REGARDING SURVEY
9	Aruna Banerjee	Banerjee Para	4	330.00	1000.00	725.00	1230.00	1120,00	4405.00	881	220.25	
9	Kasenath Bisha	Banerjee Para	3	1180.00	1350.00	1865.00	780.00	465.00	5640.00	1128	376.00	
9	Arnab Day	Banerjee Para	6	400.00	850.00	695.00	\$20.00	\$50,00	3015.00	603	201.00	
9	Devando Gupto	Banerjee Para	4	1200.00	475.00	740.00	1175.00	1350.00	4940.00	886	247.00	
9	Robindo Gupto	Banerjee Para	۶	1000.00	750.00	870.00	350.00	1440.00	4410.00	882	176.40	
9	Gopal Banerjee	Banerjee Para	9	2400.00	420.00	695.00	785.00	975.00	5275.00	1055	175.83	
9	Tripte Banerjee	Banerjee Para	2	\$00.00	570.00	735.00	360.00	725.00	2890.00	578	289.00	
9	Govindo Bancrjee	Banerjee Para	4	1120.00	1160.00	1690.00	770.00	675.00	5415.00	1083	270.75	
9	Shivday Mondol	Banerjee Para	3	00.009	730.00	355.00	118.33	\$20.00	2323.33	464.66667	154.89	
9	Prafullo Shau	Banerjee Para	00	2100.00	1500.00	1110.00	138.75	430.00	5278.75	1055,75	131.97	
4	Mrityunjoy mukerjee	Banerjee Para	4	700.00	960.00	1650.00	412.50	910.00	4632.50	926.5	231.63	
49	Shabham Mondal	Banerjee Para	5	1300.00	1450.00	750.00	150.00	585.00	4235.00	847	169.40	
vo	Somer	Banerjee Para	ы	300.00	725.00	740.00	246.67	985.00	2996.67	599,33333	199.78	20年
9	Chirmoy Banerjee	Banerjee Para	4	100.00	890.00	840.00	210.00	1125.00	3165.00	633	158.25	
9	K Bhattacharjee	Banerjee Para	+	500.00	685.00	825.00	206.25	720.00	2936.25	587.25	146.81	
9	Santanu Pal	Banerjee Para	+	500.00	1050.00	1115.00	278.75	1140.00	4083.75	816.75	204.19	
9	Alok Banerjee	Banerjee Para	2	300.00	875.00	945.00	472.50	725.00	3317.50	663.5	331.75	
9	Dev Das	Banerjee Para	3	500.00	730.00	765.00	255.00	970.00	3220.00	644	214.67	
9	S Mitro	Banerjee Para	S	1150.00	1100.00	1335.00	267.00	520.00	4372.00	874.4	174.88	
9	Supracieen Bosu	Remember Para	v	3000 00	1470 00	2016 00	00 000	420.00	0630 00	2003	204 E3	

322.25	314.89	127.24	218.67	172.31	233.22	381.06	188.44	204.44	267.25	186.76	365.25	404.50	176.00	354.00	407.25	513.50	607.20	388.67	267.75	372.33	228.80	685.25	118.72	414.60	233.20	201.00
1289	944.66667	636.2	959	689.25	1999.669	1524.25	565,33333	817.75	1069	933.8	1461	809	704	1062	1629	1027	3036	1166	1071	11117	1144	2741	1068.5	2073	1166	201
6445.00	4723.33	3181.00	3280,00	3446.25	3498,33	7621.25	2826.67	4088.75	5345.00	4669.00	7305.00	4045.00	3520.00	5310.00	8145.00	5135.00	15180.00	5830.00	5355.00	5585.00	5720.00	13705.00	5342.50	10365.00	5830.00	1005.00
610.00	290.00	1295.00	00.069	765.00	1130.00	970.00	1040.00	1275.00	1060.00	870.00	260.00	910.00	570.00	810.00	495.00	00.069	850.00	2275.00	1240.00	1540.00	975.00	845.00	675.00	830.00	805.00	240.00
710.00	518.33	141.00	335.00	261.25	298.33	946.25	121.67	178.75	360.00	419.00	3610.00	00'099	650.00	1390.00	1650.00	750.00	740.00	840.00	825.00	1115.00	945.00	4240.00	337.50	2775.00	260.00	250.00
2840.00	1555.00	705.00	1005.00	1045.00	895.00	3785.00	365.00	715.00	1440.00	2095.00	115.00	665.00	770.00	\$20.00	2915.00	2240.00	107770.00	1330.00	1060.00	1670.00	2300.00	7270.00	770.00	4940.00	1540.00	00'061
985.00	870.00	540.00	1050.00	875.00	875.00	1420.00	1100.00	1420.00	985.00	985.00	820.00	710.00	530.00	1090.00	950.00	975.00	1320.00	185.00	890.00	00:096	750.00	650.00	260.00	420.00	1225.00	125.00
1300.00	1190.00	500.00	200.00	\$00.00	300.00	\$00.00	200,00	\$00.00	1500.00	300.00	2200.00	1100.00	1000.00	1500.00	2135.00	480,00	1500.00	1200.00	1340.00	300,00	750.00	700.00	3000.00	1400.00	1700.00	200.00
4	er)	ν,	60	4	8	4		4	4	s	4	2	4	le l	4	2	8	3	4	3	40	4	6	'n	8	-
Budha para	Budhe para	Budha para	Budha para	Budha para	Budha para	Budha para	Budha para	Budha para Puraton tanu	Sada brata gat																	
Arun Das	J Nath	Tilok Banerjee	Bablu Roy	A Bhattacharjee	Gopal Day	A Bhattacharjee	Gopal Day	Ashim Bhattacharjee	Gopal Chanda	Kasenath Saha	Dipankar Saha	Mina Munda	Sulan Naskor	Nilanjon Das	Atanu Mondol	Nonda Naskor	Shamol Monal	Ajit Bhowmick	p c Sarkar	Devpal Sarkar	N N Dey	Jaydev Haldar	Prrbote Datto	S Datto	Soste Mukurjee	L Datto
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	00	00	00	00	00	00	90	00	90	00	90	00	00	00	00	85	00	00
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	30	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47

Sapan Naskor Sada brata gat 3 1300.00 Sapan Naskor Sada brata gat 4 650.00 Modanmoun Haldar Sada brata gat 4 650.00 Boblu mondal Sada brata gat 4 800.00 Pridip Roy Sada brata gat 4 900.00 Arun Ghosh Police Berck Rood 3 400.00 S S Ghosh Police Berck Rood 4 860.00 Biswajit Pal Police Berck Rood 4 860.00 Biswajit Pal Police Berck Rood 3 1600.00 Amol Nath Police Berck Rood 5 350.00 Napur Nath Police Berck Rood 5 350.00 Susanto Chakroborty Saha Para 5 2650.00 Subroto Chokobrty Saha Para 4 580.00 Roma Saha Saha Para 5 2650.00 Ashark Saha Saha Para 5 2650.00 Ashark Saha Saha Para 5 2650.00 Ashark Saha Saha Para
Boblu mondal Sada brata gat 4 800.00 3230.00 Pridip Roy Sada brata gat 4 900.00 1820.00 Arun Ghosh Police Berck Rood 3 400.00 450.00 S S Ghosh Police Berck Rood 4 900.00 1130.00 Biswajit Pal Police Berck Rood 4 860.00 4060.00 Biswajit Pal Police Berck Rood 3 1600.00 2535.00 Devotoshe Noth Police Berck Rood 5 350.00 960.00 Napur Nath Police Berck Rood 5 350.00 960.00 Susanto Chakroborty Saha Para 5 2650.00 605.00 Roma Saha Saha Para 5 2650.00 290.00 Chittaranjan Saha Saha Para 5 2650.00 250.00 Chittaranjan Saha Saha Para 5 2650.00 250.00 Asha Laka Saha Para 5 2650.00 250.00 Chittaranjan Saha Saha Para 5 2650.00 250.00 250.00 Chittaranjan Saha Saha Para 5 2650.00 250.0
Pridip Roy Sada brata gat 4 900.00
Modanmoun Haldar Sada brata gat 4 Boblu mondal Sada brata gat 4 Pridip Roy Sada brata gat 4 Arun Ghosh Police Berck Rood 3 Saga brata gat 4 Arun Ghosh Police Berck Rood 4 Biswajit Pal Police Berck Rood 4 Biswajit Pal Police Berck Rood 3 Chevotoshe Noth Police Berck Rood 3 Bevotoshe Noth Police Berck Rood 3 Amol Nath Police Berck Rood 3 Subroto Chakroborty Saha Para 4 Roma Saha Roma Saha Saha Para 5 Chittaranjan Saha Saha Para 5 Ashok Saha Para 5
Boblu mondal Sada brata gat Pridip Roy Sada brata gat Arun Chosh Police Berck Rood S S Ghosh Police Berck Rood Jayanta Saha Police Berck Rood Biswajit Pal Police Berck Rood Devotoshe Noth Police Berck Rood Amol Nath Police Berck Rood Napur Nath Police Berck Rood Susanto Chakroborty Saha Para Subroto Chokobrty Saha Para Roma Saha Chittaranjan Saha Ashok Saha
Purnima Haldar Strivire mirtro Somir Das Sapan Naskor Modanmoun Haldar Boblu mondal Pridip Roy Arun Ghosh S S Ghosh Jayanta Saha Biswajit Pal Susant Pal Devotoshe Noth Amol Nath Napur Nath Napur Nath Susanto Chakroborty Subroto Chokobrty Subroto Chokobrty Subroto Chokobrty Roma Saha Chittaranjan Saha
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7		Ghour Saha	Saha Para	S	765.00	1065.00	880.00	3230,00	975.00	6915.00	1383	276.60
7		Siddharth Saha	Saha Para	m	555.00	2505.00	00.069	1820.00	1320.00	00.0689	1378	459.33
7		Aruna Saha	Saha Para	4	920,00	1595.00	00.00	155.00	185,00	2855.00	571	142.75
7		Naran Saha	Saha Para	2	1100.00	00'089	1420.00	2125.00	530,00	5855.00	11711	234.20
7	1	Lokikanto Saha	Saha Para	ĸ	2350.00	840.00	1650.00	3745.00	890.00	9175.00	1835	367.00
7	1	D Saha	Saha Para	2	1350.00	215.00	1910.00	2005.00	475.00	5955.00	1611	595.50
7		Supal Saha	Saha Para	4	450.00	1650.00	1710.00	1175.00	1265,00	6250.00	1250	312.50
_		Suval Saha	Saha Para	m	365.00	1410.00	1490.00	555.00	975.00	4795.00	656	319.67
7	N	Shamal Kumar Saha	Saha Para	2	265.00	\$60.00	280.00	645.00	705.00	2455.00	491	245.50
7		Ajoy Saha	Saha Para	e	275.00	810.00	1050.00	1720.00	430.00	4285.00	857	285.67
7		Delip Saha	Saha Para	2	90399	830.00	370.00	490.00	1145.00	3500.00	700	350.00
7		Sujoy Saha	Saha Para	S	525.00	1765.00	1810.00	00:00	1070.00	\$170.00	1034	206.80
7		Somar Saha	Saha Para	m	235.00	2265.00	0.00	835.00	875.00	4210.00	842	280.67
7		Mrityunjoy Saha	Saha Para	7	1200.00	1235.00	630.00	2110.00	785.00	2960.00	1192	170.29
7		Basudev Saha	Saha Para	4	750.00	390,00	1130.00	335.00	1560.00	4165.00	833	208.25
7		Somir Saha	Saha Para	4	\$00.00	1330.00	0.00	00:00	2015.00	3845.00	492	192.25
7		Biswanath Saha	Saha Para	3	650.00	195.00	3060.00	440.00	1465.00	5810.00	1162	387.33
7		Sanjoj Saha	Saha Para	4	2000.00	725.00	1370.00	175.00	710.00	4980.00	966	249.00
7		Sambonath Saha	Saha Para	ю	365.00	730.00	1050.00	1525.00	470.00	4140.00	828	276.00
7	1 -	Sanat Kumar Saha	Saha Para	3	365.00	965.00	2880.00	1005.00	835.00	6050.00	1210	403.33
7		Sasthi Saha	Saha Para	9	400.00	310.00	1980.00	890.00	375.00	3955.00	791	131.83
7		Soma Saha	Saha Para	4	190.00	1705.00	2640.00	620.00	420.00	5575.00	1115	278.75
7		Goutam Saha	Saha Para	00	1500.00	1365.00	3030.00	1330,00	745.00	7970.00	1594	199.25
7	1	Kasenath Saha	Saha Para	m	1200.00	1150.00	2610.00	765.00	1365.00	7090.00	1418	472.67
7		Lakhikanta Saha	Saha Para	2	250.00	1665.00	320.00	1345.00	465.00	4045.00	809	161.80
7		Ashis Saha	Saha Para	S	2000.00	1460.00	3020.00	1110.00	\$20.00	8110.00	1622	324,40
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0	207.60	267.80	232.80	180.67	241.00	411.67	305.75	161.33	289.75	342.00	315.00	330.40	194.00	221.60	446.75	459.00	100.06	208.80	312.00	74.20	358.00	357.33	327.00	311.75	347.75	256.00	240.00
0	1038	1339	1164	1084	964	1235	1223	896	1159	1368	1260	1652	285	1108	1787	1377	1601	1044	1560	1113	1432	1072	1308	1247	1391	1112	096
0	5190.00	992,00	5820.00	5420.00	4820.00	6175.00	6115.00	4840.00	5795.00	6840.00	6300,00	8260.00	2910.00	5540.00	8935.00	6885.00	8005.00	\$220.00	7800.00	5565.00	7160.00	5360.00	6540.00	6235.00	6955.00	5560.00	4800.00
0	3045.00	1230.00	1425.00	1175.00	770.00	0.00	550.00	1355.00	00.066	2310.00	630.00	1915.00	00.00	295.00	915.00	1510.00	2505.00	805.00	290.00	310.00	1705.00	1365.00	1150.00	1665.00	1460.00	980.00	415.00
0	100.00	3210.00	370.00	440.00	1105.00	1190.00	2870.00	1000.00	2480.00	200.00	1650,00	1840.00	200.00	1900.00	3110.00	2410.00	940.00	330.00	755.00	570.00	00.099	1010.00	0.00	540.00	1665.00	0.00	405.00
ō	880.00	860.00	380.00	2870.00	400.00	1760.00	530.00	320.00	950.00	2330.00	1340.00	440.00	1450.00	1570.00	1440.00	2600.00	220.00	1960.00	3210.00	1220.00	00:0901	0.00	1050.00	430.00	280.00	1860.00	3010.00
ŏ	415.00	830.00	1645.00	435.00	1895.00	1775.00	890.00	00:599	1010,00	500.00	1780.00	3800.00	950.00	0.00	1320.00	0.00	840.00	925.00	2020.00	400.00	635.00	1110.00	3090.00	100.00	3210.00	370.00	440.00
	750.00	565.00	2000.00	200.00	00.089	1450.00	1275.00	1500.00	365.00	1500.00	00.006	265.00	310.00	1775.00	2150.00	365.00	3500.00	1200.00	1225.00	3065.00	3100.00	1875.00	1250.00	3500,00	340.00	2350.00	530,00
	2	2	2	9	4	8	4	9	4	4	4	2	3	2	4	3	16	5	5	15	4	8	4	4	4	2	4
	Saha Para	Saha Para	Saha Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para
	Lakhikanta Saha	S. R Saha	Ashok Saha	Shibu das Mondol	Modan Mondai	Bata Krisria	Manesh Mondol	Molay Mondal	Kriki Kanto	Bidun Mondal	H. R Paik	Avijit Mondal	Puranado Mondal	Suvat sakha purkit	Amar Saha	Sanal Ray	SuroJit Haldar	J. Saha	Sama sunder Banerjee	Raju Banerjee	Saymal Baitya	Surjo Banerjee	Tapas Nath	Sumita Bhowmiet	A .B. Nijar	Hamit Malla	Uhama Saha
	7	7	7	vH		-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	н	н	1	H	1	1	₽	1	1	1	1	**	1	1
	102	103	104	105	901	107	108	109	110	Ξ	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128

247.33	868.50	439.00	169.40	560.50	310.00	506.50	185.60	300.33	266.00	286.75	626.00	300.67	136.25	290.00	110.08	42.75	246.40	200.33	231.67	392.00	80.50	334.00	244.57	148.14	
742	1737	1317	847	1121	930	1013	928	106	1330	1147	1252	902	545	870	1321	171	1232	1202	\$69	784	644	1336	1712	1037	
3710.00	8685,00	6585.00	4235.00	2605.00	4650.00	5065.00	4640.00	4505.00	00.0599	\$735.00	6260.00	4510.00	2725.00	4350.00	003:099	855.00	6160.00	6010.00	3475.00	3920.00	3220.00	90.0899	8560.00	5185.00	
830.00	1645.00	395.00	435.00	1895.00	1775.00	890.00	665.00	1010.00	1330,00	765.00	1345.00	870.00	550.00	1225.00	625.00	0.00	995.00	1655.00	705.00	300.00	495.00	1050.00	1105.00	1015.00	
1135.00	2650.00	1320.00	1775.00	805.00	1175.00	555.00	645.00	1720.00	490.00	0.00	835.00	2110.00	335.00	0.00	440.00	175.00	1525.00	1005.00	890.00	620.00	1330.00	765.00	1345,00	870.00	
0.00	0.00	800.00	910,00	200.00	1300.00	270.00	1140.00	90'009	00:0861	00.099	320.00	820.00	870.00	1550.00	2180.00	0.00	0.00	640.00	00.00	940.00	00'0	2230.00	1300.00	00.00	
1105.00	1190.00	2870.00	1000.00	2480.00	200.00	1650.00	1840.00	260.00	1900.00	3110.00	2410.00	260.00	620.00	1410.00	310,00	280.00	1140.00	1460.00	1430.00	1830.00	1030.00	960.00	210.00	740.00	
00.049	3200.00	1200.00	115.00	225.00	200.00	1700.00	350.00	975.00	950.00	1200.00	1350.00	450.00	350,00	165.00	3050.00	400.00	2500.00	1250.00	450.00	230.00	365.00	1675.00	4600.00	2560.00	
3	2	m	ιn	2	m	2	2	m	w	4	2	m	4	65	12	4	2	9	เก	2	00	4	7	7	
Dey Para	Dey Para	Dey Para	Station Road	Station Road	Station Road	Station Road	Station Road	Station Road	Station Road	Station Road	Station Road	Station Road	Station Road	Station Road	Station Road	Station Road	Station Road	Station Road	Station Road	Station Road	Umacharan Roy Road	Umacharan Roy Road	Kabi Nazrul Sarani	Kabi Nazrul Sarani	
G . C. Parmanik	Puja Sane	Bisnu Munda	Eala Roy	Laki Ghosh	Rabin Base	S.S Das Gupta	Rupas Kanu	Bejoy ram Kanu	Lakiram Kajal	Shela Kanu	Pradip Kanu	Shuton Basu	Guttam Karmakar	D.M. Mosko	Monje Sarkar	Devatos nath Sarkar	Hori das Roy	Ajoy Kumar	Jyota Das	Depa Misra	Jayanta Banerjee	Tomal Banerjee	Hanip Misteri	Topa ali Mistri	
1	1	1	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	
129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	

1259.00 655.00 940.00 625.00 1690.00 5160.00 1032 258.00	850,00 2110,00 330,00 0.00 355,00 3645.00 729 182.25	3500.00 510.00 755.00 995.00 1110.00 6870.00 1374 343.50	350.00 1010.00 570.00 1655.00 1650.00 5235.00 1047 209.40	1100.00 1290.00 660.00 705.00 750.00 4505.00 901 225.25	2675.00 1070.00 1010.00 300.00 740.00 5795.00 1159 386.33	800.00 350.00 0.00 495.00 840.00 2485.00 497 248.50	1200.00 1080.00 540.00 1050.00 825.00 4695.00 939 234.75	2000.00 2060.00 1665.00 1105.00 1115.00 7945.00 1589 529.67	1350.00 520.00 0.00 1015.00 945.00 3830.00 766 191.50	2950.00 580.00 405.00 1020.00 765.00 5720.00 1144 163.43	1750.00 2730.00 1135.00 1000.00 1335.00 7950.00 1590 265.00	2100.00 2080.00 2650.00 865.00 3915.00 11610.00 2322 774.00	1350.00 1050.00 1320.00 0.00 890.00 4610.00 922 131.71	1750.00 830.00 1775.00 1520.00 • 6 255.00 • • 6 2575.00 1175 293.75	1050.00 1780.00 805.00 375.00 4440.00 888 222.00	750.00 3610.00 1175.00 300.00 1200.00 7035.00 1407 281.40	350.00 660.00 555.00 505.00 560.00 2630.00 526 131.50	1500.00 650.00 645.00 1060.00 420.00 4275.00 855 171.00	550.00 1390.00 1720.00 285.00 1225.00 5170.00 1034 344.67	3060.00 3000.00 4500.00 4725.00 2960.00 18245.00 3649 280.69	1200.00 850.00 0.00 1550.00 600.00 4200.00 840 210.00	850.00 500.00 835.00 790.00 1420.00 4395.00 879 175.80	450.00 660.00 2110.00 1310.00 4240.00 8770.00 1754 438.50	
Kabi Nazrul Sarani 4	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 4	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 4	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 5	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 4	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 3	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 2	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 4	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 3	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 4	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 7	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 6	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 3	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 7	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 4	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 4	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 5	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 4	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 5	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 3	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 13	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 4	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 5	Kabi Nazrul Sarani 4	
Nazrul Mister	Samesure Misiter	Safiuddin Mister	Ashour Ali	Astap afi Malla	Hapiy Salma	K. E Mondal	Jakir Hossin	Narul Habu mulfa	Sabik Mouisher	M.B. Ali	M.D Ahmed	Fazalum Raman	Hafez Abur	Kadir Mallt	Abut khair malla	Masubul Hussan	j. U Naskar	Mester Elise	Amorfaru	Mukter Mondal	Karim Misteri	Rohim mister	A. M. Mister	
156 17	157 17	158 17	129 17	160 17	161 17	17	163 17	164 17	165 17	156 17	167 17	168 17	169 17	170 17	71 171	172 17	71 871	174 17	175 17	176 17	17 17	178 17	179 17	

267.50	231.20	305.25	208.75	321.25	221.00	327.00	265.40	374.67	204.50	470.00	271.00	447.00	351.33	215.00	328.60	287.00	223.75	418.00	389.33	335.33	251.50	322.75	466.33	265.00	000000
1070	1156	1221	835	1285	1326	1308	1327	1124	409	1880	542	447	1054	215	1643	861	895	1254	1168	1006	503	1291	1399	1060	0100
5350.00	5780.00	6105.00	4175.00	6425.00	99.00	6540.00	6635.00	9620.00	2045.00	9400.00	2710.00	2235.00	5270.00	1075.00	8215.00	4305.00	4475.00	6270.00	5840.00	\$030.00	2515.00	6455.00	00'5669	5300.00	11420 00
810.00	1030.00	00'096	210.00	740.00	1180.00	390.00	655.00	2110.00	\$10.00	1010.00	260.00	270.00	1450.00	310.00	1660.00	830.00	1210.00	2275.00	1315.00	265.00	250.00	1590.00	2095.00	1090.00	120000
1320.00	1230.00	1425.00	1175.00	770.00	1390.00	300.00	850.00	500.00	90.099	1340.00	480.00	245.00	880.00	180.00	950.00	550.00	750.00	740.00	840.00	825.00	215.00	945.00	765.00	1335.00	2016 00
1306.00	\$05.00	1060.00	285.00	470.00	1550.00	790.00	1310.00	1655.00	330,00	905.00	420.00	450.00	820.00	250.00	1305.00	995.00	1010.00	910,00	1310.00	825.00	995.00	1600.00	310.00	1395.00	200000
770.00	405.00	910.00	1315.00	2125.00	210.00	3230.00	1820.00	155.00	225.00	3745.00	720.00	980.00	825.00	125.00	1270.00	770.00	\$05.00	1445.00	655.00	1395.00	825.00	800.00	1225.00	480.00	00 903
1150.00	2610.00	1750.00	1190.00	2320.00	2300.00	1830.00	2000.00	1200.00	320.00	2800.00	530.00	290.00	1295.00	210.00	3030.00	1160.00	1000.00	900.00	1720.00	1420.00	630.00	1520.00	2600.00	1000.00	000000
4	5	4	4	4	9	4	5	23	2	4	2	_		-	87	8	4	m	67	6	2	4	6	4	,
UKIL PARA IST LANE	UKIL PARA IST LANE	UKIL PARA IST LANE	135 UKIL PARA IST LANE	UKIL PARA IST LANE	468 SAHAJAN ROAD	166 SAHAJAN ROAD	128 UKIL PARA (NORTH)	129 UKIL PARA (NORTH)	RUDRAJIT CHATTERJEBJAGATBANDHU APARTMENT	JAGATBANDHU APARTMENT	JAGATBANDHU APARTMENT	JAGATBANDHU APARTMENT	KALYANI MUKHERJEED JAGATBANDHU APARTMEN	KAMALA CHATTERJEE JAGATBANDHU APARTMENT	B JAGATBANDHU APARTMEN	A JAGATBANDHU APARTMEN	D JAGATBANDHU APARTMEN	CJAGATBANDHU APARTMEN	62A POILDANGA ROAD	62 SAHAJAN ROAD	SAHAJAN ROAD	330 SAHAJAN ROAD	331SAHAJAN ROAD	331 SAHAJAN ROAD	
SAMBHU MONDAL	SANKAR NASKAR	SUBNASH MONDAL	MALATIPAL	DUKHIRAM SARKAR	GOBINDA GHOSH	ARUP KU,KARMAKAR	GOBINDA CH.MONDAL	S. HALDAR	RUDRAJIT CHATTERJEEL	PHARIZINNAT	PAMPA NASKAR J	RATHIN DUTTA J.	KALYANI MUKHERJEED	KAMALA CHATTERJEEJ	S. MONDAL B	NAMITA NASKAR	DIPANKAR DEY	RAKTIM DUTTA	ALOKE KU. NASKAR	DEEPA BANERJEE	KALIPADA MANNA	ASHIM NASKAR	BISWADIP NASKAR	BIJON MONDAL	
150	62	60	64	8	6	60	8	m	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	4	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	;
210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	122	222	223	224	225	226	727	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	200

	T	I				1																				
313.83	225.57	303.60	241.00	292.75	194.50	304.50	301.67	335.40	312.75	145.75	391.00	199.25	239.00	225.00	410.67	124.63	287.25	199.33	313.50	270.75	348.00	190.50	379.50	00'.269	46.75	320.67
1883	1579	1518	984	11711	389	609	908	3354	1251	583	782	797	956	006	1232	498.5	1149	865	1254	1083	1044	762	1518	1394	187	670
9415.00	7895.00	7590.00	4820.00	5855.00	1945.00	3045.00	4525.00	16770,00	6255.00	2915.00	3910.00	3985.00	4780.00	4500.00	6160.00	2492.50	5745.00	2990.00	6270.00	5415.00	\$220,00	3810.00	7590.00	6970.00	935.00	4610.00
965,00	1430,00	2650.00	1320.00	1775.00	205,00	1175.00	555.00	2965.00	1720.00	490.00	00.00	835.00	2110.00	335.00	00:00	170.00	890.00	825.00	375.00	370.00	\$60.00	420.00	1225.00	825.00	00'009	730.00
2555.00	705.00	1005.00	1045.00	895.00	620.00	330.00	765.00	2250.00	870.00	\$50.00	1225.00	625.00	00.00	995,00	1655.00	705.00	300.00	495.00	1050.00	1105.00	1015,00	1020.00	1000.00	865.00	0.00	1330.00
1800.00	1095.00	450.00	530.00	1130.00	460.00	535.00	1560.00	4560.00	945.00	00'019	1105.00	1505.00	515.00	405.00	1490.00	605.00	2180.00	835.00	810.00	275.00	1165.00	1365.00	1265.00	1\$60.00	0.00	1400 00
1555.00	1885.00	1335.00	265.00	1110.00	210.00	825.00	00.066	4225.00	1470.00	790.00	1155.00	420.00	1455.00	1365.00	1335.00	302.50	1665.00	205.00	970.00	2375.00	1050.00	\$80.00	1550.00	2510.00	0.00	00 000
2540.00	2780.00	2150.00	1660.00	945.00	450.00	180.00	655.00	2770.00	1250.00	475.00	425.00	900.009	700.00	1400.00	1680.00	710.00	710.00	535.00	790.00	840.00	1430.00	425.00	2550.00	1210.00	335.00	00000
9	-	8	4	4	2	2	3	10	4	4	2	4	4	4	8	4	4	т	4	4	ю	4	4	2	4	,
SAHAJAN ROAD	46 SAHAJAN ROAD	SAHAJAN ROAD	57 SAHAJAN ROAD	SAHAJAN ROAD	SAHAJAN ROAD	SAHAJAN ROAD	SAHAJAN ROAD	BUDDHI PUR CHHAIPARA RO	BUDDHI PUR CHHAIPARA RO	BUDDHI PUR CHHAIPARA RO	UBUDDHI PUR CHHAIPARA R	BUDDHI PUR CHHAIPARA RO	BUDDHI PUR CHHAIPARA RO	UBUDDHI PUR CHHAIPARA R	BUDDHI PUR CHHAIPARA RO	JBUDDHI PUR CHHAIPARA R	ASUTOSH GANGULI BUDDHI PUR CHHAIPARA RO	MAHANANDA NASKARBUDDHI PUR CHHAIPARA RO	MRINAL KANTI MISTREUBUDDHI PUR CHHAIPARA I	DEV DULAL MONDAL BUDDHI PUR CHHAIPARA RO	BUDDHI PUR CHHAIPARA RO	MONORANJAN KOYALSUBUDDHI PUR CHHAIPARA I				
GOPAL SARDAR	SAMIR SARDAR	DULAL HALDAR	BISWANATH SARKAR	SADHUNSU DAS	KUNTAL DAS	SWAPAN GHOSAL	RINA GHOSAL	BIJOY DUTTA	NIKHIL KU.BAIDYA	SUNIL KU. MONDAL	NABIN SANBUI	TAPAN KAYAL	DIPALI KUNDU	ASHOKE MONDAL	UMA ROY	SAMIR SARDAR	ASUTOSH GANGULI	BIMAL KU GAYEN	KIRITI PAL	SAMAR BISWAS	MAHANANDA NASKAR	MRINAL KANTI MISTRE	DEV DULAL MONDAL	BHASKAR NASKAR	MONORANJAN KOYAL	
14	41	14	4	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	:
237	238	239	240	241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	5,0

214.75	690	4304 AD	V 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11		400	1000	4 4 1 1 1			10000	
409.00	1636	8180.00	650.00	875.00	3275.00	850.00	2530.00	4	SHIBINI PITH	RATAN BASU	5
315.50	1262	6310.00	2010.00	875.00	2035.00	00.069	700.00	4	SHIBINI PITH	KRISHNA LAL BASU	5
152.67	916	4580.00	\$10.00	1130.00	825.00	495.00	1620.00	9	SHIBINI PITH	SISHIR BASU	5
314.00	628	3140.00	330.00	485.00	655.00	810.00	860.00	2	SHIBINI PITH	D.K.SEN	2
326.00	652	3260.00	725.00	540.00	1005.00	570.00	420.00	2	SHIBINI PITH	AMAL KANTI GHOSH	5
244.50	1467	7335.00	620.00	1020.00	2505.00	910.00	2280.00	9	SHIBINI PITH	RISHNA CHAKRABORT	S
254.25	1017	5085.00	600.00	905.00	1510.00	\$60.00	1510.00	4	77/8/7 SHIBINI PITH	AMIR KANTA.MONDA	2
267.25	1069	5345.00	1230.00	830.00	915.00	870.00	1500.00	Þ	SHIBINI PITH	DIPANKAR DAS	2
311.00	622	3110.00	625.00	420.00	295.00	1060.00	710.00	2	77/A/2 SHIBINI PITH	PRASAD CHOUDHARY	2
133.25	533	2665.00	385.00	440.00	00'0	1275.00	265.00	4	SHIBINI PITH	JAYANTA NASKAR	2
140.13	1121	\$605.00	00'059	700.00	1915,00	1040.00	1300,00	00	SUBUDDHI PUR BELTALA	JOYDEV MOLLICK	13
336.00	1008	5040.00	1605.00	1450.00	630.00	970.00	385.00	m	143A /143A /1 NASKAR PARA	MUKUL NASKAR	13
287.75	11511	5755.00	575.00	875.00	2310.00	1130.00	865.00	4	NASKAR PARA	TAPAN CHAKLADAR	13
323.00	696	4845.00	850.00	740.00	990.00	765.00	1500.00	33	NASKAR PARA	RABIR BHATTACHARJE	
275.67	827	4135.00	620.00	805.00	1355.00	00.069	992.00	33	NASKAR PARA	ALATI BHATTYACHARI	
312.25	1249	6245.00	1420.00	830.00	550.00	1295.00	2150.00	4	NASKAR PARA	RADIP BHATTYACHARJ	
171.67	515	2575.00	00.009	675.00	00'0	90.005	710.00	e	NASKAR PARA	GOURI KOYAL	
122.86	860	4300,00	825.00	845.00	770.00	610.00	1250.00	7	NASKAR PARA	SUMITRA BASU	
301.33	904	4520.00	1225.00	975.00	1175.00	420.00	725.00	3	NASKAR PARA	SOUMITRA SARKAR	13
355.00	1065	5325.00	420.00	1540.00	1425.00	520.00	1420.00	ю	NASKAR PARA	SUDIPTA SARKAR	13
380.00	1140	5700.00	960.00	1246.00	1230.00	970.00	1700.00	3	NASKAR PARA	TAPAS MONDAL	
373.33	1120	\$600.00	370.00	2275.00	3045.00	725.00	1830.00	23	NASKAR PARA	PANCHU GOPAL SAHA	13
162.67	488	2440.00	375.00	850.00	00.0	1140.00	1300.00	3	1076 NASKAR PARA	DILIP GHOSH	13
113.86	797	3985.00	825.00	00'069	2610.00	720.00	655.00	7	NASKAR PARA	SUKHILA MONDAL	13
273.67	821	4105.00	890.00	300.00	815.00	1125.00	975.00	3	776 NASKAR PARA	NILKANTA NASKAR	
478.00	956	4780.00	170.00	805.00	1120.00	985.00	1700.00	2	HAKTI RANJAN KUNDBUBUDDHI PUR CHHAIPARA I		

292.25	226.00	327.67	180.40	217.50	510.00	266.25	230.33	308.50	348.33	316.33	228.33	394.33	346.00	291.33	307.33	209.00	265.20	348.00	248.33	241.33	344.00	133.67	162.60	243.00
6911	904	983	902	870	1530	1065	169	1234	1045	949	685	1183	1038	874	922	1045	1326	348	745	724	1032	802	813	729
5845.00	4520.00	4915.00	4510.00	4350.00	7650.00	5325.00	3455,00	6170.00	5225.00	4745.00	3425.00	5915.00	2190.00	4370.00	4610.00	\$225.00	6630.00	1740.00	3725.00	3620.00	\$160.00	4010.00	4065.00	3645.00
485.00	630.00	950.00	705.00	885.00	\$20.00	1815.00	970.00	1100.00	1170.00	240.00	00.019	755.00	725.00	1360.00	465.00	\$50.00	1350.00	310.00	975.00	725.00	675.00	\$20.00	430.00	910.00
220.00	540.00	655.00	570.00	950.00	1175.00	530.00	420.00	1125.00	965.00	640.00	655.00	1750.00	1830.00	790.00	905.00	710.00	775.00	220.00	450,00	490.00	1090.00	\$30.00	420.00	00'019
3105.00	810.00	1660.00	830,00	1210.00	2275.00	1315.00	\$65.00	750.00	790.00	2095.00	1090.00	1300.00	1175.00	965.00	1430.00	1560.00	1475.00	425.00	550.00	360.00	00'0	970.00	840.00	390.00
1240.00	1540.00	975.00	845.00	675.00	830.00	805.00	740.00	875.00	1450.00	700.00	440.00	870.00	1210.00	805.00	00.069	595.00	1140.00	535.00	850.00	745.00	795.00	420.00	975.00	985.00
795.00	1000.00	675.00	1560.00	630.00	2850.00	860.00	760.00	2320.00	850.00	1070.00	630.00	1240.00	250.00	450.00	1120.00	1810.00	1890.00	250.00	900.00	1300.00	2600.00	1570.00	1400.00	750.00
4	4	m	ın	4	m	4	3	4	м	8	3	3	m	3	8	22	S	1	3	m	m	9	ın	m
144 BHATTYACHARYA PARA	BHATTYACHARYA PARA	BHATTYACHARYA PARA	BHATTYACHARYA PARA	K.C MITRA LANE	K.C MITRA LANE	K.C MITRA LANE	681 K.C MITRA LANE	K.C MITRA LANE	K.C MITRA LANE	435 K.C MITRA LANE	K.C MITRA LANE	23 K.C MITRA LANE	K.C. MITRA LANE	456 K.C MITRA LANE	461K.C MITRA LANE	K.C MITRA LANE	NITIN PUTUTUNDU TUN PARA G.G. ADHIKARI L	TUN PARA G.G. ADHIKARI L	KRISHNA PUTUTUNDUTUN PARA G.G. ADHIKARI L	KINSHUK PUTUTUNDU'UN PARA G.G. ADHIKARI L	KUSHAL PUTUTUNDUTUN PARA G.G. ADHIKARI U	TUN PARA G.G. ADHIKARI L	TUN PARA G.G. ADHIKARI L	UN PARA G.G. ADHIKARI L
PARESH SAHA	AMALENDU HAZRA	AMAL BASU	INDRAJIT ROY	OLANATH CHOKRABO	BIMAL DEVNATH	ANDIP BHATTYACHARY	KANCHAN DUTTA	GANASINDHU GHOSH	ARABINDA GHOSH	DILIP DAS	DEVSANKAR KOR	BANI SENGUPTA	SAMAR BASU	TARUN MALICK	D.DAS	S.DASGUPTA	NITIN PUTUTUNDU	DILIP PUTUTUNDU	KRISHNA PUTUTUNDU	KINSHUK PUTUTUNDU	KUSHAL PUTUTUNDU	AMAL DUTTA	AJIT GAYAN	SAMIRAN DAS
Ŋ	r.	N.	S	S	S	N	ısı	S	2	Ŋ	N	s	2	2	.s	r.	11	11	11	Ħ	11	11	11	11
291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300	301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315

208.20	302.00	253.33	155.57	127.78	229.60	365.25	358.00	171.75	365.00	263.56	298.70	159.43	267.50	288.00	203.40	300.67	199.86	234.25	296.00	264.67	294.67	299.00	313.00	299.75	182.40
1041	906	092	1089	1150	1148	1461	1074	687	1825	1317.8	597.4	1116	1070	1152	1017	902	1399	937	88 88	794	884	598	1252	1199	912
\$205.00	4530.00	3800.00	\$445.00	5750.00	5740.00	7305.00	5370.00	3435.00	9125.00	6589.00	2987.00	5580.00	5350.00	\$760.00	5085.00	4510.00	6995.00	4685.00	4440.00	3970.00	4420.00	2990.00	6260.00	5995.00	4560.00
905.00	710.00	775.00	480.00	450.00	490.00	1090.00	530.00	420.00	610.00	470.00	835.00	375.00	420.00	745.00	1365.00	465.00	520.00	695.00	1350.00	1040.00	975.00	725.00	675.00	520.00	430.00
1300.00	1200.00	815.00	700.00	1000.00	2230.00	1225.00	870.00	720.00	2120.00	1854.00	212.00	1260.00	750.00	450,00	490.00	1265.00	975.00	705.00	880.00	990.006	1240.00	305.00	1260.00	750.00	1350.00
1050,00	00'0	720.00	1540.00	980.00	0.00	415.00	0.00	0.00	915.00	620.00	850.00	575.00	1605.00	650.00	385.00	625.00	1230.00	00.009	620.00	475.00	350.00	510.00	360.00	770.00	1210.00
530,00	1090.00	930.00	1465.00	390.00	460.00	1475.00	950.00	975.00	1320.00	185.00	530.00	590.00	475.00	1265.00	975.00	705.00	430.00	1145.00	1070.00	875.00	785.00	00.099	2015.00	1465.00	710.00
1420.00	1530.00	260.00	1260.00	2930.00	2560.00	3100.00	3020.00	1320.00	4160.00	3460.00	\$60.00	2780.00	2100.00	2650.00	1870.00	1450.00	3840.00	1540.00	\$20.00	290.00	1070.00	790.00	1950.00	2490.00	860.00
Ŋ	ю	33	7	6	2	4	æ	4	S	S	2	7	4	4	70	m	7	4	c	т	60	2	4	4	2
ADINATH CHATTERJETUN PARA G.G. ADHIKARI L	G.G. ADHIKARI LANE	G.G. ADHIKARI LANE	BHARATI PUTUTUNDU 198/A G.G. ADHIKARI LANE	G.G. ADHIKARI LANE	213 NATUNPARA	NATUN PARA	NATUN PARA	NATUN PARA	NATUN PARA	NATUN PARA	230/A NATUN PARA	218 NATUN PARA	NATUN PARA	NATUN PARA	NATUN PARA	NATUN PARA	NATUN PARA	NATUN PARA	NATUN PARA	NATUN PARA	NATUN PARA	65 NATUN PARA	C-4 CHURCH LANE	CHURCH LANE	2 CHURCH LANE GOAL PUK
ADINATH CHATTERJES	NILA BHATTYACHARYA	RAJESWAR MONDAL	3HARATI PUTUTUNDU	SATISH CH. HALDAR	ASHOKE BASU	SABITA MITRA	SAILEN KU. MITRA	NIRMAL CHATTERJEE	KALPANA KARMAKAR	NITISHA MONDAL	MOMATA NASKAR	PRADIP NASKAR	BASANTI MUKHERJEE	TURARI MOHAN GHOS	BIMALENDU TIKADAR	SUBHAS KOR	HARIDAS HALDAR	B.K. SINHA	SUJIT PUROKAIT	AMITAVA HALDAR	ADINATH MONDAL	A.K.BAKSH!	DEV NATH MITRA	WAPAN PARAMANICI	SUBODH DAS
11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	15	15 51	15
300	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330	331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343

	1																
193.33	214.80	203,00	239.00	203.43	247.50	297.50	262.33	242.00	208.25	180.00	310.33	263.20	257.50	299.75	286.75	216.33	270.00
580	429.6	406	717	1424	495	\$98	787	484	833	360	931	1316	\$15	1199	1147	1298	1890
2900.00	2148.00	2030.00	3585.00	7120.00	2475.00	2975.00	3935.00	2420.00	4165.00	1800.00	4655.00	6580.00	2575.00	9995.00	5735.00	6490.00	9450.00
585.00	485,00	225.00	720.00	1140.00	425.00	370.00	\$20.00	420.00	610.00	290.00	1295.00	1230.00	230.00	1210.00	1120.00	980.00	2560.00
430.00	270.00	00'009	450.00	755.00	645.00	750.00	1185.00	430.00	740.00	150.00	770.00	2100.00	195.00	1340.00	970.00	1820.00	2650.00
1120,00	288.00	195.00	450.00	00:096	520.00	675.00	445.00	650.00	1105.00	275.00	1160.00	785.00	1560.00	2015.00	1465.00	710.00	610.00
335,00	375.00	420.00	745.00	1365.00	465.00	520.00	695.00	530,00	790.00	905.00	710.00	775.00	480.00	450.00	490.00	00'0601	530.00
430,00	730.00	290.00	1220.00	2900.00	420.00	00'099	1090.00	390.00	920.00	180.00	720.00	1690.00	110.00	980.00	1690.00	1890.00	3100.00
c	2	2	6	7	2	2	m	2	4	2	8	2	2	4	4	9	7
ELA APARTMENT	ELA APARTMENT	ELA APARTMENT	ELA APARTMENT	ELA APARTMENT	ELA APARTMENT	ELA APARTMENT	ELA APARTMENT	ELA APARTMENT	CHURCH LANE	CHURCH LANE	CHURCH LANE	CHURCH LANE	CHURCH LANE	CHURCH LANE	CHURCH LANE	CHURCH LANE	CHURCH LANE
TILAK CHATTERJEE	N.G.NASKAR	BIPLAB MURMU	AMBHU CHAKRABORT	BIPLAB GOSWAMI	ANJALI GHOSH	AVUIT SARKAR	TAPAS HALDAR	PRAGATI BANERJEE	SAMIT MONDAL	SUNIL KARMAKAR	SUPRATIK MOLLICK	ATANU HALDAR	ARUIT HALDAR	SANATAN MOLLICK	AFSAR MONDAL	SUJIT MONDAL	TAPAS DAS
15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360	361	362

1	Ward No.		15
2	Date		3/08/17
3	Contact Person	with Designation	Shyamal chakarborty.
4	Contact No.		9474571057
5	Location / Addr	ess of Hospital	9474571057. Banupur-Sub-divisional. Hospital.
6	No. of Beds in t	he Hospital	368.
7	Quantity of Was (approx.)	ste Generated per day in Kg	sokg.
8	Type of waste	Bio- Medical Waste	50 kg.
		Municipal Solid Waste	130/9.
		*Other waste if any	U
9	Whether they h Bio-Medical Wa	nave any system for collection of ste	greentech environment Private. Ltd.
10	Municipal Solid	Waste Collection Mechanism	(Into Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/ Any Other) TRY-CYCLE
11	Solid Waste Col	llection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
12	Suggestions/Re	emarks	Energacy morning Stid varte bysetton by, Barnitan municipatty.

Sugarial Challettal'
Signature to Fresponse Rent
(Non Medical)
Baruipur S. D. Hospital

South 24 Pargana

1	Ward No.		03
2	Date		08/08/2017
3	Contact Person	with Designation	DR. Banani Dutto.
4	Contact No.		9891324595
5	Location / Addr	ess of Hospital	Sonatiothern Nuzslag Home.
6	No. of Beds in t	he Hospital	30
7	Quantity of War (approx.)	ste Generated per day in Kg	15 kg.
8	Type of waste	Bio- Medical Waste	
		Municipal Solid Waste	
		Other waste if any	
9	Whether they h	nave any system for collection of aste	Medicare Environmenta Management Pot-Lid
10	Municipal Solid	Waste Collection Mechanism	(Into Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/ Any Other) TRY-CYCLE
11	Solid Waste Co	llection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
12	Suggestions/Re	emarks	

Signature of Respondent Proprietor cum R.M.O.

Sevatirtham Nursing Home Sajahan Road, Baruipur, Kol.-144

Ward No.		3 00
Date		08/08/2017
Contact Person	with Designation	Satyabratadodas
Contact No.		Santiniketan Nussing Home Sajahan Road, Bossipus Ko
Location / Addre	ess of Hospital	Santiniketan Nussing Home
		Sajahan Road, Bossipus Ko
No. of Beds in t	he Hospital	30
Quantity of Was (approx.)	ste Generated per day in Kg	15Kg.
Type of waste	Bio- Medical Waste	
	Municipal Solid Waste	
	Other waste if any	
	,	medicare Environmental management
Municipal Solid	Waste Collection Mechanism	(Into Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/ Any Other) TRY-CYCLE
Solid Waste Co	llection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
		and 3 day
Suggestions/Re	emarks	
	Contact Person Contact No. Location / Addre No. of Beds in the Quantity of Was (approx.) Type of waste Whether they had been been been been been been been bee	Contact Person with Designation Contact No. Location / Address of Hospital No. of Beds in the Hospital Quantity of Waste Generated per day in,Kg (approx.) Type of waste Bio- Medical Waste Municipal Solid Waste

Surging / Co

Sofye bruta Dry Signature of Respondent

1	Ward No.		03
2	Date		08/08/2017
3	Contact Person	with Designation	Habibulla
4	Contact No.		8647874938
5	Location / Addr	ess of Hospital	BOSHIPUZ GLOBENWSI y home Shojotan Road Boshipus (LO
		A Company	Shojotan Road Beruibur 160
6	No. of Beds in t	he Hospital	20
7	Quantity of War (approx.)	ste Generated per day in Kg	619.
8	Type of waste	Bio- Medical Waste	
		Municipal Solid Waste	
		Other waste if any	
9	Whether they h	nave any system for collection of este	**
10	Municipal Solid	Waste Collection Mechanism	(Into Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/ Any Other) TRY-CYCLE
11	Solid Waste Co	llection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
12	Suggestions/Re	emarks	

Signature of Respondent

SARUIPUR GLOBE NURSING

HOME & SOCIETY

Shajahan Road, Baruipur

Kolkata-700144

1	Ward No.		1)
2	Date		08/08/2017
3	Contact Person	with Designation	Subroto Baidya
4	Contact No.		9836607996
5	Location / Addr	ess of Hospital	7836607996 The New Lity Norsing home Basnipus, Rail gate
6	No. of Beds in t	he Hospital	20
7	Quantity of Wa (approx.)	ste Generated per day in Kg	10 Kg.
8	Type of waste	Bio- Medical Waste	
		Municipal Solid Waste	
		Other waste if any	
9	Whether they h	nave any system for collection of aste	
10	Municipal Solid	Waste Collection Mechanism	(Into Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/ Any Other) TRY-CYCLE
11	Solid Waste Co	llection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other) One woulk
12	Suggestions/Re	emarks	



SWM Survey Sheet Vegetable Market Questionnaire

1	Ward No.	8
2	Date	3/08/17
3	Contact Person	Godindo Sardar
4	Contact No.	• —
5	Location or Address of Market	Bamipur Joint Roy- chondrary starte, Prinatan Baz
6	No. of Shops in the Market (approx.)	300
7	Quantity of Waste Generated per day (approx.)	I ton.
	a) Peak Season	1
	b) Slack Season	
8	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/ Pushcart/ Tricyele/Any Other) Choudhaw .
9	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
10	Suggestions/Remarks	
		Signature of Respondent

SWM Survey Sheet Vegetable Market Questionnaire

L	Ward No.	12
2	Date	3/8/2017
3	Contact Person	Sajahan Laskar
4	Contact No.	94 9748719632
5	Location or Address of Market	Barui Par Kaehari Bazar
6	No. of Shops in the Market (approx.)	800
7	Quantity of Waste Generated per day (approx.)	9 tone
	a) Peak Season	**
	b) Slack Season	
8	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/ Pushcart/ Tricycle/Any Other) ComPakter
9	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
10	Suggestions/Remarks	

J. doncar Signature of Respondent

SWM Survey Sheet

Hotel/Restaurant Questionnaire

1	Ward No.	17
2	Date	4/8/2017
3	Contact Person with Designation	· Analinda Bagni
4	Contact No.	9830335771
5	Name of Hotel/Restaurant	the Gentity Roslawkant
6	Location or Address of Hotel/Restaurant	Station Road, Kalitala
7	Capacity of Hotel (Total no. of Rooms) .	1
8	Average Occupancy per day (No. of Guests/Customers)	25
9	a) Peak Season	
10	b) Slack Season	
11	Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	30 K.G
	a) Peak Season	
	b) Slack Season	
12	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
13	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
14	Suggestions/Remarks	

Signature of Respondent

SWM Survey Sheet

Hotel/Restaurant Questionnaire

1	Ward No.	17
2	Date	3 8 2017
3	Contact Person with Designation	Palah Adhikans
4	Contact No.	9230434339
5	Name of Hotel/Restaurant	Shiv Shamkan Hotel
6	Location or Address of Hotel/Restaurant	Barri Pur rail Clate Kaletale
7	Capacity of Hotel (Total no. of Rooms) .	1
8	Average Occupancy per day (No. of Guests/Customers)	50
9	a) Peak Season	
10	b) Slack Season	• •
11	Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	2 K·G
	a) Peak Season	,
	b) Slack Season	
12	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
13	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
14	Suggestions/Remarks	

Signature of Respondent

Palah Aslij Kavey

SWM Survey Sheet

Hotel/Restaurant Questionnaire

1	Ward No.	7
2	Date	3/8/2017
3	Contact Person with Designation	Arun Das
4	Contact No.	9231707107
5	Name of Hotel/Restaurant	Gantali Restaurant
6	Location or Address of Hotel/Restaurant	Barrillar Pareson Bazzer
7	Capacity of Hotel (Total no. of Rooms)	2
8	Average Occupancy per day (No. of Guests/Customers)	30 kg 300
9	a) Peak Season	
10	b) Slack Season	
11	Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	15 K.G
-	a) Peak Season	
	b) Slack Season	
12	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
13	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
14	Suggestions/Remarks	

Signature of Respondent

Hotel/Restaurant Questionnaire

1	Ward No.	40
2	Date	4/8/2017
3	Contact Person with Designation	DiPak Malik
4	Contact No.	9830143895
5	Name of Hotel/Restaurant	Anna Parna Hotel
6	Location or Address of Hotel/Restaurant	Barui Par Kutpi Road
7	Capacity of Hotel (Total no. of Rooms) .	1
8	Average Occupancy per day (No. of Guests/Customers)	120
9	a) Peak Season	
10	b) Slack Season	**
11	Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	10k.G
	a) Peak Season	,
	b) Slack Season	- 12
12	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
13	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
14	Suggestions/Remarks	

Dipole Marlek

Hotel/Restaurant Questionnaire

1	Ward No.	12
2	Date	07/08/2017
3	Contact Person with Designation	Md. Abtob alam
4	Contact No.	9430286846
5	Name of Hotel/Restaurant	Kolkata Paj Hotal
6	Location or Address of Hotel/Restaurant	Kolkata Paj Hotal. Kachari bozan Banni
7	Capacity of Hotel (Total no. of Rooms) .	01
8	Average Occupancy per day (No. of Guests/Customers)	150
9	a) Peak Season	
10	b) Slack Season	*
11	Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	10/29.
	a) Peak Season	30 49.
	b) Słack Season	``
12	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
13	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
14	Suggestions/Remarks	
		n

Hotel/Restaurant Questionnaire

1	Ward No.	10
2	Date	4/8/2017
3	Contact Person with Designation	Talan Barik
4	Contact No.	944 9007014313
5	Name of Hotel/Restaurant	Bijoli Grill
6	Location or Address of Hotel/Restaurant	Barui Pun Potom Salhie
7	Capacity of Hotel (Total no. of Rooms) .	1
8	Average Occupancy per day (No. of Guests/Customers)	62
9	a) Peak Season	
10	b) Slack Season	q*
11	Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	20 K.G
	a) Peak Season	
	b) Slack Season	
12	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
13	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other) 3-4 day
14	Suggestions/Remarks	

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SWM Survey Sheet

Hotel/Restaurant Questionnaire

Ward No.	10
Date	4/8/2017
Contact Person with Designation	Sanat Kumar Saha
Contact No.	900 7922421
Name of Hotel/Restaurant	SAHA HOTEL AND Restaurant
Location or Address of Hotel/Restaurant	Barui Pur Kulpi Road.
Capacity of Hotel (Total no. of Rooms)	1
Average Occupancy per day (No. of Guests/Customers)	120
a) Peak Season	
b) Slack Season	*.
Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	12 K·G
a) Peak Season	
b) Slack Season	4
Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
Suggestions/Remarks	
	Date Contact Person with Designation Contact No. Name of Hotel/Restaurant Location or Address of Hotel/Restaurant Capacity of Hotel (Total no. of Rooms) Average Occupancy per day (No. of Guests/Customers) a) Peak Season b) Slack Season Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.) a) Peak Season b) Slack Season Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism Solid Waste Collection Frequency

Signature of Respondent

Men with

Hotel/Restaurant Questionnaire

1	Ward No.	12
2	Date	5/8/2017
3	Contact Person with Designation	Kamal Das
4	Contact No.	8697432850
5	Name of Hotel/Restaurant	Mani handu hotel
6	Location or Address of Hotel/Restaurant	Kulpi Road, BaruiPar
7	Capacity of Hotel (Total no. of Rooms) .	1
8	Average Occupancy per day (No. of Guests/Customers)	50
9	a) Peak Season	
10	b) Slack Season	
11	Quantity of Waste Generated per'day in Kg (approx.)	4 k·G
	a) Peak Season	,
	b) Slack Season	
12	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
13	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
	Suggestions/Remarks	



Hotel/Restaurant Questionnaire

1	Ward No.	15
2	Date	4/08/17
3	Contact Person with Designation	PWak Biswas.
4	Contact No.	1
5	Name of Hotel/Restaurant	Hotel and Restrient
6	Location or Address of Hotel/Restaurant	charchlane.
7	Capacity of Hotel (Total no. of Rooms) .	4 Taleles.
8	Average Occupancy per day (No. of Guests/Customers)	120
9	a) Peak Season	150 .
10	b) Slack Season	(4)
11	Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	50Kg.
	a) Peak Season	70Kg.
	b) Slack Season	
12	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushparts/Any Other)
13	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
14	Suggestions/Remarks	

Hotel/Restaurant Questionnaire

1	Ward No.)]
2	Date	5/08/0017
3	Contact Person with Designation	Anshuman haldes
4	Contact No.	9038050237
5	Name of Hotel/Restaurant	
6	Location or Address of Hotel/Restaurant	Rasting Rasong, Notur pers Natur para. Basuipus
7	Capacity of Hotel (Total no. of Rooms)	01
8	Average Occupancy per day (No. of Guests/Customers)	100
9	a) Peak Season	
10	b) Slack Season	
11	Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	519.
	a) Peak Season	1019.
	b) Slack Season	
12	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
13	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
14	Suggestions/Remarks	

Signature of Respondent

For mandana Palliter

Hotel/Restaurant Questionnaire

1	Ward No.	11
2	Date	3/08/17.
3	Contact Person with Designation	Swazit Pal.
4	Contact No.	(Marager) . 9231846134
5	Name of Hotel/Restaurant	RUBY'S FOOD PLAZA.
6	Location or Address of Hotel/Restaurant	02
7	Capacity of Hotel (Total no. of Rooms) .	
8	Average Occupancy per day (No. of Guests/Customers)	100
9	a) Peak Season	180-250.
10	b) Slack Season	
11	Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	1 Kg/day.
	a) Peak Season	2.5 Kg/10
	b) Slack Season	
12	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other) To T
13	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
14	Suggestions/Remarks	



Hotel Vegetable Market Questionnaire

1	Ward No.	17
2	Date	08/08/2017
3	Contact Person	Host day Roy.
4	Contact No.	
5	Location or Address of Market Hotel	Anand othern Hindu test Sation Road, Barripus
6	No. of Shops in the Market (approx.) Rhom Costemes	01/20
7	Quantity of Waste Generated per day (approx.)	02 kg.
	a) Peak Season .	
	b) Slack Season	5
8	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/ Pushcart/ Tricycle/Any Other)
9	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
10	Suggestions/Remarks	

SWM Survey Sheet Hotel Vegetable Market Questionnaire

1	Ward No.	17
2	Date	08/08/2013
3	Contact Person	Patauddinlaskez
4	Contact No.	9748693154
5	Location or Address of Market - Hotel	Ashama Hotel Basulpus, satation Road
6	No. of Shops in the Market (approx.) Total Room. / costemess	02/50
7	Quantity of Waste Generated per day (approx.)	05H3.
	a) Peak Season	15 Kg.
	b) Slack Season	
8	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/ Pushcart/ Tricycle/Any Other)
9	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
10	Suggestions/Remarks	

HOTEL Vegetable Market Questionnaire

Ward No.	12
Date	08/08/2013
Contact Person	Bappi Adhakari
Contact No.	98308673 96
Location or Address of Market Hotel	Shore Hindu Hotel Station Road, Baruipus
No. of Shops in the Market (approx.) Total Room / Costemus	01 / 100
Quantity of Waste Generated per day (approx.)	02 Kg.
a) Peak Season	*
b) Slack Season	
Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/ Pushcart/ Tricycle/Any Other)
Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
Suggestions/Remarks	
	Contact Person Contact No. Location or Address of Market Hofe No. of Shops in the Market (approx.) Total Room Costemus Quantity of Waste Generated per day (approx.) a) Peak Season b) Slack Season Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism Solid Waste Collection Frequency

Hotel/Restaurant Questionnaire

1	Ward No.	18
2	Date	08/08/2017
3	Contact Person with Designation	Bappa mallk
4	Contact No.	9153235515
5	Name of Hotel/Restaurant	Alima Hotal
6	Location or Address of Hotel/Restaurant	Alima Hotal Basulpuz, Shagain Road
7	Capacity of Hotel (Total no. of Rooms) .	01
8	Average Occupancy per day (No. of Guests/Customers)	90
9	a) Peak Season	
10	b) Slack Season	•
11	Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	3 kg,
	a) Peak Season	
	b) Slack Season	
12	"Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
13	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
14	Suggestions/Remarks	

Signature of Respondent

अध्या आञ्चित

Date	07/08/2017
Contact Person	
Contact No.	
Designation	Teacher Incharge
Name of School or Collage	Shi Rama Krishna Ashrana ins
Location or Address of School or Collage	Sui Rama Krishna Ashrana ins Dadupukurbaripur Kol 11
Total no. of Teachers and Staffs (approx.)	86
Total no. of Students (approx.)	• •
Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	
Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
Suggestions/Remarks	
	Contact Person Contact No. Designation Name of School or Collage Location or Address of School or Collage Total no. of Teachers and Staffs (approx.) Total no. of Students (approx.) Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.) Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism Solid Waste Collection Frequency

1	Ward No.	02
2	Date	07/08/2017
3	Contact Person	Str. Siddharther Roy.
4	Contact No.	Str. Siddharther Roy. 9163282394
5	Designation	Teacher
6	Name of School or Collage	Swigan nogar F.P
7	Location or Address of School or Collage	Reacher Swygan nogar F.P Bazwipuz, Subudalha Swygan cador
8	Total no. of Teachers and Staffs (approx.)	05
9	Total no. of Students (approx.)	132 .
10	Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	2 K9.
11	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
12	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
13	Suggestions/Remarks	
		19

Siddhar Ha Roy (A.7.)
Signature of Respondent of 1913.

L	Ward No.	03
2	Date	07/08/2017
3	Contact Person	Dipicka Shad sadhu
4	Contact No.	9681717612
5	Designation	Teacher Incherge
6	Name of School or Collage	Tracher Incherge Amiya prova Smriti Uttorugial para
7	Location or Address of School or Collage	Uttorupial para.
8	Total no. of Teachers and Staffs (approx.)	03
9	Total no. of Students (approx.)	45 .
10	Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	249.
11	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
12	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
13	Suggestions/Remarks	Lunitra ousser Da

Signature of Respondent

Dipika Sadhulchur

Teacher-in-charge

Amiya Prova Smriti G.S.F.P. School

1	Ward No.	12
2	Date	07/08/2017
3	Contact Person	Poived wistord.
4	Contact No.	Rejuert nistorg. 8386838205
5	Designation	
6	Name of School or Collage	Incherge Miceal School Kalyanpur Road
7	Location or Address of School or Collage	Kalyanpur Road
8	Total no. of Teachers and Staffs (approx.)	₩ 16
9	Total no. of Students (approx.)	500 '
10	Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	319.
11	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
12	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
13	Suggestions/Remarks	

1	Ward No.	12-
2	Date	04/08/17.
3	Contact Person	Madhushree Das.
4	Contact No.	9143279150
5	Designation	Head TIC.
6	Name of School or Collage	PadmaPukur UperPriman Sehowi PadmaPukur, Barnipur-144
7	Location or Address of School or Collage	Padmaforkur, Barribur - 144
8	Total no. of Teachers and Staffs (approx.)	6
9	Total no. of Students (approx.)	183
10	Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	3 Kg.
11	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
12	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
13	Suggestions/Remarks	

Madhurrer Da. 04/8/17

Signature of Respondent ভারপ্রাপ্তা নিক্ষিকা পদাপুকুর ইউ. পি. স্কুল বাকুইপুর চক্র, ব্লকাডা-৭০০ ১৪৪

1	Ward No.	3
2	Date	4/08/17.
3	Contact Person	Mina Das.
4	Contact No.	033 24338335
5	Designation	Head Mistress.
6	Name of School or Collage	Rashmoni Balika Vidyalay
7	Location or Address of School or Collage	-
8	Total no. of Teachers and Staffs (approx.)	55+19(P)
9	Total no. of Students (approx.)	2753+664(P)
10	Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	25 Kg.
11	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
12	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
13	Suggestions/Remarks	It will be helpful if Municipa collect lue waste after I day

Signature of Respondent
Teacher-In-charge
RASHMONI BALIKA VIDYALAYA
D.O. Baruipur, South 24 Pargs.

1	Ward No.	10
2	Date	3/08/17
3	Contact Person	Ashoke Ku. Mondal.
4	Contact No.	8583891789.
5	Designation	Head master T. I. C.
6	Name of School or Collage	Mondal Pana FP sehrol
7	Location or Address of School or Collage	Golfukur, Mondalfara Barnipur Kol-144.
8	Total no. of Teachers and Staffs (approx:)	5
9	Total no. of Students (approx.)	100
10	Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	7 Kg.
11	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
12	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
13	Suggestions/Remarks	

Ashoke Kumes Mondal Signature of Respondent 03/08/17 Teacher-In-charge Mondalpers F.P. School

Barriers (Onlychum, Mich 1446)

1	Ward No.	17
2	Date	3/08/17.
3	Contact Person	Sayceda Begum.
4	Contact No.	9874093330
5	Designation	TIC.
6	Name of School or Collage	Saraswati Hindi Prathamil
7	Location or Address of School or Collage	Barripar-Kol-144
8	Total no. of Teachers and Staffs (approx.)	6.
9	Total no. of Students (approx.)	114
10	Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	2-2.5Kg.
11	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tricycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
12	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
13	Suggestions/Remarks	

Signature of Respondent

Saraswati Prathamik Hindi Virigitaya Barnipur, Kolkata-144

School/Collage Questionnaire

1	Ward No.	7
2	Date	3/8/2017
3	Contact Person	3/8/2017 Debertiha Roy
4	Contact No.	033-24338353
5	Designation	Acs. Head master
6	Name of School or Collage	Barry Par High Schoot
7	Location or Address of School or Collage	Barrifar, South 24 Partians
8	Total no. of Teachers and Staffs (approx.)	38
9	Total no. of Students (approx.)	2140
10	Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	10 KG
11	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
12	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
13	Suggestions/Remarks	
		5

Signature of Respondent

Teacher-in-Charge
Baruipur High School
P.O.&P.S.- Baruipur
South 24 Pgs., 700144

1	Ward No.	0.8
2	Date	3/8/2017
3	Contact Person	k. Bhallochungs
4	Contact No.	86978166968
5	Designation	H M
6	Name of School or Collage	Borrai Par Girls High School
7	Location or Address of School or Collage	Barrai Par Panadon Bazzen
8	Total no. of Teachers and Staffs (approx.)	26 (A.T + A/m) + 04 Parales che
9	Total no. of Students (approx.)	1500 (approx)
10	Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	25 kG
11	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
12	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
13	Suggestions/Remarks	On hoad Side huge garbage we stocked had Smell texture. Kindly take necessary action 16 sofick elsowhly

Signature of Respondent

Headmistress

BARUIPUR GIRLS' HIGH SCHOOL (H, 8,)

P.O.- BARUIPUR, KOLKATA-144

Ward No.	10
Date	4/8/2017
Contact Person	Ratna Sen
Contact No.	9051213221
Designation	H. m
Name of School or Collage	Dream Childern Robinson Nager, Burui Pur
Location or Address of School or Collage	Robindono Nager, Baruillan
Total no. of Teachers and Staffs (approx.)	10
Total no. of Students (approx.)	150 .
Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	0.500
Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
Suggestions/Remarks	
	Contact Person Contact No. Designation Name of School or Collage Location or Address of School or Collage Total no. of Teachers and Staffs (approx.) Total no. of Students (approx.) Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.) Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism Solid Waste Collection Frequency

1	Ward No.	5
2	Date	4/8/2017
3	Contact Person	Talas Kuman Mondal
4	Contact No.	9143318198
5	Designation	Head moster
6	Name of School or Collage	Bina Pani Path Sala Dutta Para, Brani Par
7	Location or Address of School or Collage	Dutta Para, Branii Par
8	Total no. of Teachers and Staffs (approx.)	7
9	Total no. of Students (approx.)	99
10	Quantity of Waste Generated per day in Kg (approx.)	3 K.G
11	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/Tri cycle/Pushcarts/Any Other)
12	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
13	Suggestions/Remarks	

Signature of Respondent
Head Master
Binapani Pathshali
Duttapara, Baruipur
24 Parganas (S)

SWM Survey Sheet Vegetable Market Questionnaire

l	Ward No.	7	
2	Date	3/8/2017	
3	Contact Person	3/8/2017 Jarder Glosh	
4	Contact No.	8820576829	
5	Location or Address of Market	Barri Pur Paraton Bazzen	
6	No. of Shops in the Market (approx.)	150	
7	Quantity of Waste Generated per day (approx.)	1000 K·G	
	a) Peak Season	4	
	b) Slack Season		
8	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/ Pushcart/ Tricycle/Any Other)	
9	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)	
10	Suggestions/Remarks		

SWM Survey Sheet Vegetable Market Questionnaire

1	Ward No.	15
2	Date	03 08 17.
3	Contact Person	Dilip Ku. Rhosh.
4	Contact No.	9879678206.
5	Location or Address of Market	Barriphs Informal Market.
6	No. of Shops in the Market (approx.)	34
7	Quantity of Waste Generated per day (approx.)	120Kg.
	a) Peak Season	9*
	b) Slack Season	
8	Municipal Solid Waste Collection Mechanism	(By Truck/Trailer/ Open Dump/ Pushcart/ Tricyele/Any Other)
9	Solid Waste Collection Frequency	(Daily/after 1 day/after 2 day/after 1 week/any other)
10	Suggestions/Remarks	

Dilif Kumar Chosh . 3.8.17 Signature of Respondent

PROJECT SCHEULE

Project Mile Stones Project Mile Stones Approval of England Schools Trade Bray and the contraction of Vermi D. Approval of reader document for collection system Finalization of tender document for collection system Finalization of Supplier D. Sporad for Subscription of tender document for collection system Finalization of Supplier D. School M. Washington of tender document for collection system Finalization of Supplier		
Treater Preparation for process Construction of Vermi Compare Frant Treater Preparation for process Construction of Vermi Compare Frant Treater Preparation of the contraction Treater Preparation of the Contraction Works 2) Supervision and Monitoring of Construction Works 2) Supervision and Monitoring of Construction Works Treating process Finalization of tender demand for collection system sequipments and vehicles Treating process Finalization of Supplier State of Processors Finalization of Supplier State of Processors State of Proce	Project Mile Stones	Quitt7
Toufer Preparation for process Countraction of Vermi Compare Plans Trader Praces Finalization of the contractor Construction of the contractor Construction of the contractor 1) Approval of engineering drawings and design 2) Supervision and Nonitoring of Construction Works Preparation of tender document for collection system Preparation of tender document for collection system Preparation of tender document for collection system Preparation of Supplier Traditing process Finalization of Supplier Sister of Pracermont 1) Francer Collection equipments 2) Secondary Tenaportation vehicles 3) Valides for O. & M. of Vermi Compost Planst Social Awarness programs Social Awarness programs	Approval of BFR	
Enablization of the contractor Construction of Virial Compass Plant D Approval of conjuncting of Construction Works 1) Supervision and Monitoring of Construction Works Preparation of Tender document for collection system Preparation of Supplier Tending process Start of Programment In Pericary collection equipments Start of Programment Start of Programment Start of O. M. M. of Vermi Composs Plant Social Assuraces programe Social Assuraces programe Social Assuraces programe	Tender Prepration for process Construction of Vermi	
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Custruction of Verni Compast Plant 1) Approval of engineering drawing and design 2) Supervision and Monitoring of Construction Works Preprintion of tender document for collection system equipments and vehicles Finalization of tender document for collection system equipments and vehicles Finalization of tender document for collection system Start of Presentent 1) Primary collection equipments 2) Secondary transportation vehicles 3) Vehicles for O. &. M. of Verni Compost Plant Nocial Awarness programs Nocial Awarness programs	Finalization of the contractor	
1) Approval of engineering drawings and design 2) Supervision and Monitoring of Construction Works 2) Supervision and Monitoring of Construction Works Prepraition of tender document for collection system equipments and vehicles Finalization of Supplier Shart of Procuration Shart of Procuration Shart of Procuration Shart of Procuration vehicles 3) Vehicles for O. & M of Vermit Compost Plant Social Awarness programe Social Awarness programe	Construction of Vermi Compost Plant	
2) Supervision and Monitoring of Construction Works Prepration of tender document for collection system equipments and vehicles Tendring process Finalization of Supplier Sixra of Procurment 1) Primary collection equipments 2) Secondary transportation vehicles 3) Vehicles for O. &. M. of Vermi Compost Plant Social Awarness programe Social Awarness programe	1) Approval of engineering drawings and design	
Prepriation of lender document for collection system equipments and vehicles Tendring process Finalization of Supplier Shart of Procuracent 1) Perimary collection equipments 2) Secondary transportation vehicles 3) Vehicles for O. &. M. of Vermi Compost Plant Social Awarness programe	2) Supervision and Monitoring of Construction Works	
Finalization of Supplier Start of Procurment 1) Primary collection equipments 2) Secondary transportation vehicles 3) Vehicles for O & M of Verni Compost Plant Social Awarness programe	Prepration of tender document for collection system equipments and vehicles	
Start of Procurment 1) Primary collection equipments 2) Secondary transportation vehicles 3) Vehicles for O. &. M. of Vermi Compost Plant Social Awarness programe Social Awarness programe	Tendring process	
Start of Procurent 1) Primary collection equipments 2) Secondary transportation vehicles 3) Vehices for O & M of Vermi Compost Plant Social Awarness programe Social Awarness programe	Finalization of Supplier	
1) Primary collection equipments 2) Secondary transportation vehicles 3) Vehices for O & M of Vermi Compost Plant Social Awarness programe	Start of Procurment	
3) Vehiless for O. &. M. of Vermi Compost Plant Social Awarness programe Social Awarness programe	Primary collection equipments Secondary transportation vehicles	
Social Awarness programe	3) Vehilces for O & M of Vermi Compost Plant	
Hart of Operations	Social Awarness programe	
	Bast of Operations	

QUOTATION OF VEHICLES FOR BARUIPUR SWM DPR

सतनाम इन्डस्ट्रिज

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\$1/44/17/18

26/05/2017

To,
Environmental Engineering Services,
270 A B.B Chatterjee Road,
Kolkata-700042
West Bengal.

Sub: Qoutation for SWM articles,

As per your enquiry the above referred subject, we are very pleased to submit our quotation.

1. 3000 lt. Water Tank Trailer with pump	@Rs.355000.00
2. Tricycle Van with 6 nos 50 lt bin	@Rs.28200.00
3. 50 lit Bin	@Rs.650.00
4. Battery operated Auto Rickshaw	@Rs.182000.00
5. 60 It Bin	@rs.1250.00
6. Auto Tipper	@Rs.990000.00
7. TT Container 2m3 Hydraulic System	@Rs.200000.00
8. 1100 lt. MS Compactor Bin	@Rs.52500.00
9. Push Cart with 4 nos 50 It Bin	@Rs.9500.00
10.2 m3 capacity M.S Container	@Rs.170000.00

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

For Satnam Industries

SINCE 1972



UBIQUE INDUSTRIES

8/H/5, CHAULPATTY ROAD, KOLKATA-700 085 PHONE: 2370-3243, Fax No.: (033) 2371-9865

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38/2017

03/06/17

To Environmental Engineering Services, 270 A B.B chatterjee Street, Kolkate-42, West Bengal.

Sub: Quotation for SWM Articles

Dear Sir,

In reply to your enquiry, we are very pleased to quote our rate for your kind consideration.

- 1. 3000 ltrs. Water Tank Trailer
- 2. Tricycle Van with 6 nos 50 ltrs bin
- 3. 6 nos 50 ltrs bin
- 4. Battery operated Auto rickshaw
- 5. 8 nos 60 ltrs bin
- 6. Auto Tipper
- 7. TT Container 2m3 with hydraulic system
- 8. 1100 ltrs. M.S Compactor bin
- 9. Push Cart with 4 nos 50 ltrs bin
- 10. 2m3 M.s Container

- @Rs.352000.00 each
- @Rs.28500.00 each
- @Rs.700.00 per bin
- @Rs.190000.00
- @Rs.1300.00
- @Rs.985000.00
- @Rs.205000.00
- @Rs.51200.00
- @Rs.9300.00
- @Rs.175000.00

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

co and

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** 9830087295/9433249673 Mobile





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UF/05/17-18/097

03.06.2017 Date

To **Environmental Engineering Services** 270A, B.B. Chatterjee Road Kasba, Kol-42

Sub: Quotation for SWM articles

Respected Sir,

In reply to your enquiry for the above subject, we are very pleased to quote

SI No.	Equipments	Unit Rate in INR
1	Water tanker 3000 lit with slurry pump (1HP) capacity	3,50,000.00
2	Tricycle van with 6 nos. 50 lit bin	27,500.00
3	6nos. 50 lit bin	620.00 per bin
4	Battery operated auto rickshaw	1,70,000.00
5	8 nos. 60 lit bin	1,220.00 per bin
6	Auto tipper with 1.2 m3 capacity 2 compartment (hydraulic)	9,80,000.00
7	TT Container 2m3 capacity with hydraulic type wheel	1,90,000.00
8	Compactor bin 1100 lit capacity (M.S)	48,525.00
9	Push cart with 4 nos. 50 lit bin	8,500.00
10	M.S Container with wheel 2m3 capacity hydraulic open from top	1,60,000.00

TERMS & CONDITION

VALIDITY

50 days months from the date.

RATE

Our above rate is inclusive of all other charges, free

delivery at your office

DELIVERY

Delivery depends on quantities of order.

PAYMENT

Part payment against part delivery should be issue by

cheque.

Thanking you.

Yours faithfully,

For UNIFAB



ECO DYNAAMIC EQUIPMENTS

Manufacture & Trader for Electric Vehicle

QUOTATION

Ref: EDE/TM/KM04/17-18/34

Dated: 18.04.2017

To.

Mr. Ajeet Singh

M/s. Environmental Engineering Services

Kolkata, West Bengal

Sub: Budgetary Offer for Eco Bull (Electric Multi Utility Vehicle)

Dear Sir,

We refer to your discussion with our Mr. S. Vijayan regarding the Offer for the above mentioned Eco Bull (Electric Multi Utility Vehicle). We would like to take this opportunity to introduce ourselves as a leading manufacturing /marketing with equipment special purpose equipment for solid waste management.

We attach herewith our Technical Specifications for Eco Bull (Electric Multi Utility Vehicle).

ECO- Bull Mini (Electric Multi utility Vehicle)

Model Name	(Multi utility Vehicle) ECO- Bull	
Motor Rated:	Power 1.2KW	
Grade ability (Steep Climbing Ability):	7°	
Max Speed:	17Km	
Drive:	Central Axis Differential Drive	
Range per Charge (Mileage):	60Km	

Battery Type:	Lead-Acid Battery	
Battery Capacity	60V / 120Ah	
Charging Time:	6-8 Hrs	
Dry Weight:	$350 \mathrm{Kg}$	
Loading Weight:	800Kg	
Seating Capacity:	1 Person	
Min Turning Radius:	M	
Forward & Reverse:	Available	
Brake System:	Drum with Pedal	
Hand Brake:	Optional	
Suspension Front:	Telescopic Suspension	
Suspension Rear:	Leaf Spring	

Sl no.	Description	Quantity	Amount
	Eco-Bull Mini (Electric Multi Utility Vehicle)		1,50,000
	Add: Vat @5%		7,500
1	Total	1 Nos.	1,57,500
	Add: TCS over Machine Value @ 1%		1,575
	Total Invoice Value		1,59,075

Thanks & Regards

ECO DYNAAMIC EQUIPMENTS

Address: No 4/1, Thadagam Road,

Pannimadai(Po), Coimbatore, Tamilnadu, India, 641017.

Email: info@ecodynaamicequipments.com

Phone: +9199521-25511

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Sambalpur

Tel: 0663-2521604

e-mail: sambalpur@rm.beml.co.in

Singrauli

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e-mail: singrauli@rm.beml.co.in

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e-mail: sh@zibak.beml.co.in

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Service Activity Centre Katni - 483501 (M.P.)

Mobile No.: 9425156473

Service Centre & Stores Kolkata - 700088

Tel: 033-24010782

BEML/MCM/G-7/17-18/09

17.05.2017

Mr. Ajeet Singh Kolkata

Dear Sir,

Sub: Your Enquiry for BEML Equipment.

With reference to your e-mail dated 17.05.2017, we are offering BEML model BD80 Dozer, BE220G Excavator and BL9H Loader from our regular production line as under:

BEML Model Description	Unit Ex BEML KGF Price	Ex works Delivery
BEML Model BD80 Bulldozer powered by BEML diesel engine model B6D125-1 developing 180 FHP at 1850 RPM fitted with 4 side open canopy generally as per specification sheet enclosed.	Rs. 90.00 Lakhs (Rupees Ninety lakhs only)	Standard delivery is within 1-2 month(s) from the date of issue of DO from NBFC/Bank. Actual delivery may vary as per
BEML 'G' series excavator Model BE220G Hydraulic Excavator powered by BEML diesel engine developing 148 FHP at 2100 RPM and fitted with 1.00 Cum. (SAE heaped) Heavy Duty bucket generally as per specification sheet enclosed.	Rs. 45.00 Lakhs (Rupees Forty three lakhs only)	current stock position.
BEML model BL9H Back-hoe Loader (WORK HORSE) powered by BSIII diesel engine developing 76 fhp @ 2200 rpm and fitted with 1.0 Cu.M multipurpose 6 in 1 bucket and 0.24 m3 back-hoe bucket, generally as per specification sheet enclosed.	Rs. 21.00 Lakhs (Rupees Twenty One lakhs only)	

The Excise duty, Educational Cess, CST, Octroi / Entry Tax and other statutory levies, (if any) will be charged extra at actual at the time of dispatch of equipment.

....2

35/1A Taratalla Road, Kolkata - 700 088 Regional Office:

Phone: 033 2401 5286/89, Fax No: 033 2401 5288

e-mail: kolkatta@rm.beml.co.in, BEML - AN ISO 9001 COMPANY

'BEML SOUDHA', 23/1, 4th Main Road, S.R. Nagar, Bangalore - 560 027, INDIA Regd. Office:

Phone: 080-22224141, Fax: 080-22963164, e-mail: office@pr.beml.co.in



BEML/MCM/G-7/17-18/09

17.05.2017

Present rate of Excise duty is @12.50% and CST is @ 2% with form-C or, CST @ 5.5% without form-C. TCS (Tax collected at source) @ 1% shall be applicable for BL9H Backhoe loader only.

Important Terms and Conditions are as under:

Validity: 30 days from the date of offer.

Payment Terms: 100% before despatch of equipment.

Warranty: The equipment will be under warranty for manufacturing defects under proper storage and operation & maintenance for a period of 12 months or 2000 hrs from date of commissioning, whichever occurs earlier.

Warranty of the equipment is for manufacturing defects only under proper storage, operation and maintenance. Daily maintenance like up keep of equipment, greasing etc to be on customer scope. Consumable like filters, oils, electrical, rubber items and GET items are not covered under warranty and to be procured by the customer as per requirement/usage.

Transportation & Transit Insurance: To be arranged by the purchaser from our factory at KGF, Karnataka. However if so desire, we can also arrange transportation and transit insurance on your behalf .The charges for the same to be paid extra at actual before dispatch of equipment . The Risk and reward of ownership of the equipment will be transferred to the purchaser on dispatch of equipment from our works.

Commissioning: Unloading and safe custody of equipment at site will be the responsibility of the purchaser. BEML shall depute Service Representative to your site for supervision of erection & commissioning of the equipment and also for breakdown maintenance. Facilities such as skilled & semi-skilled labor, fuel, tools & tackles, crane, etc required for commissioning/ maintenance / repair of the equipment are to be provided by purchaser free of cost.

We hope the above offer is in line with your requirement. Now, we request you to give us an opportunity to serve our best by supplying the above equipment.

Thanking you,

Yours sincerely,

for BEML LIMITED.

BISWAJIT DUTTA Manager (Sales) Mob: +91-9051213395



EICHER MOTORS LIMITED

QUOTATION

Ref: EML/DEL/SK09/17-18/51

Dated: 02/06/2017

M/s. Environmental Engineering Services

Saltlake, Kolkata

Dear Sir,

This has reference to your discussion/ verbal discussions/ enquiry through email of date 02.06.2017 with us for Eicher truck. We are pleased to forward our quotation for the same.

We attach herewith our Technical Specifications of 6 m3 Eicher 11.10 HDG (DSD/3800) and 10 m3 Eicher 40.35 3485/CAB.

COMMON	Title:	Eicher 11.10 HDG (DSD/3800)	Eicher 40.35 3485/CAB
	Condition:	New	New
	Body Style:	Trucks	Trucks
	Description:	A fully built medium haulage truck, used for carrying market loads.	A fully built medium haulage truck, used for carrying heavy loads.
ENGINE & TRANSMISSION	Engine:	E483 DI Turbocharged Intercooled	Eicher Common Rail System
	Emission Norms:	BS-III	BS-III
	Engine Cylinders:	4	6
	Displacement (cc):	3298	4948
	Max Power:	94 bhp @ 3200 rpm	125KW @ 2400 rpm
	Max Torque:	284 Nm @ 1440 rpm	600Nm @ 1400-1600rpm
	Transmission:	Manual	Manual
	Clutch:	310 mm dia., Single plate dry type. Hydraulic assisted	352 mm dia., Single Plate dry push type with clutch booster
	Gearbox:	5-speed	6-Speed
	Fuel:	Diesel	Diesel
	Fuel Tank:	200 Litres	415

	PERFORMANCE	Gradeability (%):	23	18
		Turning Radius:	7400 mm	6600 mm
		Max Speed (km/h):	90	67
-	STRUCTURE & DIMENSIONS	Chasis Type	Chassis with Cabin	Chassis with Cabin
-		Cabin Type:	Day Cabin	Sleeper Cabin
		Tiltable Cabin:	Yes	Yes
		Axle Configuration:	4x2	4x2
_			Front: 8.25 x 20 - 16 PR	
		Tyres:	Rear: 8.25 x 20 - 16 PR	10.00 x 20 - 16PR
		Wheelbase (mm):	3800	3485
		Overall Length (mm):	7090	5905
		Overall Width (mm):	2125	2450
		Overall Height (mm):	2590	3005
		Ground Clearance (mm):	220	252
	WEIGHTS	GVW / GCW (Kgs):	11950	35200
		Kerb Weight:	3600 kgs	5665
		Payload (Kgs):	7795	29535
	SAFETY & COMFOR	Brakes:	Air Brakes	Air Brakes
	CONTON	Front Axle &	Forged "I" section reverse Elliot type axle,	Heavy duty forged "I" beam reversed elliot typ
		Suspension:	Semi elliptical Laminated leaf springs suspension	Semi-elliptical laminated leaf springs at front
			Fully floating Banjo type axle,	Meritor RS-160, Banjo type full floating
		Rear Axle & Suspension:	Semi elliptical Laminated leaf springs suspension	Hydraulic double acting telescopic shock absorbers in front Axles only
		Seat Type:	Standard	Standard
	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	Body Options:	Drop Side Deck	
		Additional	Load body Length - 5230 mm	
		information:	Load body Width - 2125 mm	
			Load body Height - 854 mm	

Add: Vat @5% Total Invoice Value In words		Thirteen lacs ninety nine thousand four hundred fifty five	Twenty four lacs eighty five thousand six hundred fifty	
		1399455	295650 2485650	
		166455		
Price/unit		1233000	2190000	
	Cons:	Gearbox	Gearbox	
PROS & CONS	Pros:	Brakes, Fuel efficiency	Brakes, Fuel efficiency	

Also, we attach herewith our Technical Specifications of Eicher 380 Super DI Tractor as below:

Engine		
Engine Type	DI, 4 Stroke, Diesel	
Displacement	2500.00 CC	
Maximum Power	2150	
HP range	40	
No Of Cylinders	3	
FuelTank		
FuelTank Capacity	0 litre	
Dimension		
Length	NA	
Width	NA	
Height	NA	
Wheelbase	1905 mm	
Ground Clearence	NA mm	
Tyres		
Tyres Front	6.00-16, 8	
Tyres Rear	12.4-28, 12	
Brakes		
Brakes	Mechanical shoe type Brakes Mechanical Actuation	
Others		
Clutch Type	Dual clutch Dry type single friction plate Heavy duty sing cerametallic plate	
ClutchSize	280	
Filter Type	NA	
Air Cleaner Type	NA	
Maximum Road Speed	0	
No Of Gears	8F+2R	

Steering Type	Mechanical steering (ball and nut type)	
Transmission Type	NA	
Pto Type	6 spline	
Pto Speed	540	
Pto Hp	36.4	
Turning Radius	0	
Hydraulic Lift Capacity	1200	
Total Weight	2010	
Speed Forward	3.00-30.80	
Speed Reverse	NA	
Battery	12v 75AH	
Price/unit	6,84,000	
Add: Vat @5%	34,200	
Total Invoice value	7,18,200	
In words	(Seven Lakhs eighteen hundred two hundred rupees)	

Terms & Conditions:

Validity

: Thirty days from the date.

Rate

: Our above rate is inclusive of all other charges, free delivery at your office.

Delivery

: Delivery depends on quantities of order.

Payment

: Part payment against part delivery should be issue.

Please feel free to contact us any further query. We request you to give us an opportunity to serve our best by supplying the above equipment.

Thanks & Regards

EICHER MOTORS LIMITED

CIN No. L34102DL1982PLC129877

Regd. Office: 3rd Floor, Select Citywalk

A-3, District Centre, Saket

New Delhi- 110 017

Phone No.: +91-124-4415600

Email: info@eicher.in



QUOTATION

TATA HITACHI

Reliable solutions

Date:-15.05.2017

Ref: - PSEPL/KOL/EX-200 LC SUPER/17-18/072

ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING SALTLAKE

Dear Sir,

This has reference to your discussion / verbal enquiry / Telephonic enquiry / Enquiry through E mail of date 15.05.2017 with us for one EX200LC SUPER Tata Hitachi Excavator. We are pleased to forward our quotation

or the	Description	Qty	Price/Unit
1	Tata Hitachi Hydraulic Excavator model EX-200 LC Super, fitted with 0.91 cu.m Bucket, 5.68 m boom, 2.22 m arm, and Powered by CUMMINS 6BT5.9C Engine.	1	46,32,380.95
2	Add: VAT @ 5 %		2,31,619.05
3	Total Invoice Value		48,64,000.00

In Words: Rupees Forty Eight Lac Sixty Four Thousand Only.

Delivery From Kharagpur Plant		
Transportation	Buyer's account.	
Insurance	Buyer's account	
Delivery Days	Within 15 to 20 days after receipt of Delivery Order.	
Order to be placed in favour of	P.S. EARTHMOVERS PVT. LTD.	
Validity .	Till 31st MAY' 2017.	
Warranty	Machine will be warranted for a period of 12 months or 2000 hrs, whichever is earlier, from the date of commissioning of the machine	
Taxes & Duties :	Rates Applicable at the time of Despatch shall be levied. Any Payment made for Rs. 200000/- or above in cash will attract additional @1 % TCS on total payment made by cash.	
DO:	In Favour Of P.S. EARTHMOVERS PVT. LTD.	
Payment:	ICICI BANK DETAILS: Account Number:000405112583 Account Name: P S Earthmovers Pvt Ltd Branch Code:0004, Nariman Point Branch, Mumbai IFSC:ICIC0000004	

Please feel free to contact us for any further query. We eagerly look forward to your valuable order.

Thanks and Regards

P.S. Earthmovers Pvt. Ltd.

AN ISO 9001 - 2008 CERTIFIED COMPANY CIN-U29244WB2006PTC108701

Regd. Office: 40/2/1Z, Lake Road, Kolkata-700 029, Ph:+91 033 2465 7101, Fax: 033 2465 7102, E-mail:info@psempl.com. / www.psempl.com Head Office: P.O.- Nibra, NH-6, Near Ankurhati Check Post, P.S.- Domjur, Dist-Howrah-711409, Ph.:+91 033 2669 7105/7107/7108, Fax: +91 033 2669 7106 Toll Free No.: 18002121050



QUOTATION

Leading Construction & Agriculture Equipment Manufacturer in India

Ref: JCB/KOL/TB34/17-18/78

Dated: 22.05.2017

Environmental Engineering Services Saltlake, Kolkata

Sir,

We attached herewith our Technical Specifications of JCB 3DX Backhoe.

Brand	JCB	
Model	3DX Backhoe	
lectrical System 130 Ampere-houre 12 volts battery system with alternator and full road lighting		
Engine		
Engine Make Model	JCB 448	
Engine Type	Naturally Aspirated, 4 cylinder, Water Cooled, Diesel Engine	
Engine Gross Power 56 KW (76 mHP) @ 2200 RPM		
Engine Capacity/Displacement	4.8 litres	
Engine Torque	310 nm (31.6 kgm) @ 1200 RPM	
Hydraulic System		
Hydraulics Pump Detail	Filtration through suction strainer and return line "JC" Filtromatic Filter".	
Hydraulics Maximum Flow 118 lpm @ 2200 rpm		
Hydraulics Main Relief Pressure	3300 p.s.i.	
Transmission		
Transmission	The JCB synchroshuttle transmission provides superb drive power in all conditions. It consists of a 4-speed, fully synchromesh, smooth shift gearbox with integral torque convertor and electrically operated reversing shuttle	
Torque Converter Torque converter stall ratio is 3.01:1		
Number of Travel Speeds	4	
Travel Speeds Range Forward	6.1-40 kn/hr	
Travel Speeds Range Reverse	6.1-9.8 km/hr	
Brake System		

Steering	Power track steering rod system provides equal turn steering & quick response with less operating force
Brakes	JCB 'Q' brakes, hydraulically actuated, dual line, self adjusting (compensated), oil immersed, multi-disc type on the rear axle, well protected from dirt, water etc. requiring no maintenance. Operated through independent pedalslinked together for normal u
Dimension	
Overall Length	5.90 m
Overall Height	3.61 m
Overall Width	2.35 m
Wheel Base	2.17 m
Ground Clearance	0.36 m
Backhoe Performance	
Backhoe Max Dig Depth	4.77 m
Backhoe Max Operating Height	5.97 m
Backhoe Max Loading Height	4.18 m
Backhoe Max Bucket Rotation	185Ë
Backhoe Lift Capacity	1490 kg
Loader Performance	
Loader Max Dump Height	2.74 m
Loader Max. Reach at Full Height	1.20 m
Loader Below Ground Dig Depth	0.07 m
Loader Max Operating Height	3.45 m
Loader Lift capacity to full height	3.23 m
Max Operating Weight	7460 kg
Services Filling Capacity	
Fuel Tank Capacity	128 ltr
Engine Coolant capacity	16.5 ltr
Engine Oil capacity	15 ltr
Transmission capacity	17.5 ltr
Hydraulic Oil capacity	130 ltr
Gear Oil Capacity(Rear Axle)	21 ltr

Description	Cost
JCB 3DX Backhoe	20,70,000
Add 13.5% vat	2,79,450
Total Value	23,49,450

Terms & Conditions:

Validity

: one month from the date.

Rate

: Our above rate is inclusive of all other charges, free delivery at your office.

Delivery

: Within 20 days after receipt of delivery order.

Warranty

: Machine will be warranted for a period of 12 months.

Payment

: Part payment against part delivery should be issue.

We hope the above price is within your requirement. Now, we request you to give us an opportunity to serve our best by supplying the above equipments.

Thanks & Regards

Address:-

Unit No. 38, 3rd Floor, Shrachi Tower, Plot No. 1-25 B/1, East Calcutta, Area Development Project Kasba at 686, Anandapur, Kolkata, West Bengal 700107 Ph: 033 2280 2188

Other Offices

- 1. Address: Plot No. DTA-006-001-002, Mahindra World City Village Bagru Khurd Tehsil Sanganer, Off Jaipur Ajmer Road, NH-08, Jaipur, Rajasthan 302027
- 2. Address: Quite Office, No.10, 1st Floor B, Sector 40B, Chandigarh, 160036 Phone: 0172 466 8880
- 3. Address: 504, 5th Floor, Barton Centre, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Bengaluru, Karnataka 560001 Phone: 080 2532 5983

QUOTATION

TATA HITACHI

Date 15.05.2017 solutions

Earthmovers Ref. Ltd. PSEMPL/KOL/TH 86/17-18/071

ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING SALTLAKE

Dear Sir,

This has reference to your discussion / verbal enquiry / Telephonic enquiry / Enquiry through E mail of date 15.05.2017 with us for one TH 86 Tata Hitachi Backhoe Loader. We are pleased to forward our quotation

for the same.

Sl. No	Description	Qty	Price/Unit
1	TH 86 Backhoe Loader fitted with 1.00 cum Loader Six In One Bucket, 0.30cum GP Backhoe bucket and Powered by TATA 497 TC Engine & HD Tyre.	1	22,27,251.30
2	Add: VAT @ 5%		1,11,362.56
3	Total		23,38,613.86
4	Add: TCS Over Machine Value @ 1%		23,386.14
5-	Total Invoice Value		23,62,000.00

In Word: Runees Twenty Three Lac Sixty Two Thousand Only.

Delivery from:	RSO Kolkata.
Transportation:	Buyer's Account
TCR	Seller's Account.
Insurance:	Buyer's Account
Delivery:	Within 7 days after receipt of all documents Delivery Order
Order to be placed in favour of:	P.S. EARTHMOVERS PVT.LTD.
Validity:	Tilf 31st May'2017.
Taxes & Duties :	Rates Applicable at the time of Delivery. Any Payment made for Rs, 200000/-or above in cash will attract additional @1 % TCS on total payment made by cash.
Warranty:	12 months or 2000 hours whichever is earlier from the date of Commissioning of Machinery at Site.
DO:	In Favour Of P.S. EARTHMOVERS PVT.LTD
Payment:	Account Number:000405112583 Account Name: P S Earthmovers Pvt Ltd Branch Code:0004, Nariman Point Branch, Mumbai IFSC:ICIC0000004
1010	

Please feel/free to contact us for any further query. We eagerly look forward to your valuable order. Thanks and Regard

For P.S. Earthmovers Pvt Ltd

P.S. Earthmovers Pvt. Ltd.

AN ISO 9001 - 2008 CERTIFIED COMPANY CIN-U29244WB2006PTC108701

Regd. Office: 40/2/1Z, Lake Road, Kolkata-700 029, Ph:+91 033 2465 7101, Fax: 033 2465 7102, E-mail:info@psempl.com. / www.psempl.com Head Office: P.O.- Nibra, NH-6, Near Ankurhati Check Post, P.S.- Domjur, Dist-Howrah-711409, Ph.:+91 033 2669 7105/7107/7108, Fax: +91 033 2669 7105 Toll Free No.: 18002121050



NILKAMAL LIMITED

Manufacture/Supplier

Asarpota Chambers, 2nd floor Opp. Mirch Masala Resturant, Nr. Swastik Char Rasta, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad, Gujarat 380009

QUOTATION

Ref: NL/AHM/MA89/17-18/081

Date: 25.05.2017

Mr.

Ajeet Singh

Environmental Engineering Services

Dear Sir,

With reference to your e-mail dated 16.05.2017, we are offering Tri cycle with 6 bins of IC 50 lit, 10 lit, 50lit, 60lit, 240lit, 1100 lit bins and 110 lit wheel barrow from our regular production line as under. We are pleased to forward our quotation for the same.

SI No.	Description	Qty	Price/Unit
1	Price for Tri cycle with 6 bins of IC 50 lit	1	26,780
2	Price for 50 lit bin	1	590
	Model: BMCONLID50LTRWH		
	Manufacturing Process: BLOW MOLD		
	Dimension:		
	Top O.D – Dia 430 mm		
	Top O.D - Dia 402 mm (Effective)		
	Bottom O.D - Dia 324 mm		
	Height O.D - 507 mm		
	Lid O.D - Dia 430 mm × 120 mm Height		
	Total Height with LID O.D 583 mm		
	Raw Material: HMHDPE		
	Capacity: 50 ltrs		
3	Price for 10lit bin	1	140
	Model: BMCONLID10LITRWH		
	Manufacturing Process: BLOW MOLD		
	Dimension:		
	Top Dia: 242 mm		
	Bottom Dia: 212mm		
	Height (without lid): 300 mm approx		
	Height (overall): 350 mm approx		

	Material: HMHDPE Handle: Flexible handle with strong strength Usage: Lock-lid airtight container for door to door collection Capacity: 10 ltrs		
4	Price for 60 lit bin Model: RFLB60L1 Manufacturing Process: ROTO MOLD	1	1,187
	Dimension: Top O.D -430 (L) × 400 (B) mm approx Bottom O.D - 332 (L) × 332 (B) mm approx Height (without lid): 563 mm approx Height (with lid): 711 mm approx LID:415 (L) × 415 (B) × 180 (H) mm Capacity: 60 ltrs Material: LLDPE Usage: with & without single/dual mounting pole		
5	Model: NILKAMAL WB 240L Manufacturing Process: INJECTION MOLDED Dimension: Top O.D – 580 (L) × 739 (B) mm approx Bottom O.D - 550 (L) × 647 (B) mm approx Height (without lid): 1001 mm approx Height (with lid): 1082 mm approx Capacity: 240 ltrs Material: HDPE EN Stardard Usage: Wheel Bin	1	3,947
6	Model: RFLB100L1 Manufacturing Process: ROTO MOLD Dimension: Top O.D – 496(L) × 496 (B) mm approx Bottom O.D - 358 (L) × 358 (B) mm approx Height (without lid): 705 mm approx Height (with lid): 915 mm approx Capacity: 100 ltrs Material: LLDPE Usage: Free Stand Litter Bin	1	1,829
7	Wheel Barrow Model: RCWBL110L1	1	6,925

Manufacturing Process: ROTO MOLD
Dimension:

Top Dimension: 750 mm × 730 mm
Bottom Dimension: 450 mm × 430 mm
Height: 360 mm approx
Material: LLDPE
Type of Product: Wheeled Waste Bins
Capacity: 110 L

We hope the above offer is in line with your requirement. Now, we request you to give us an opportunity to serve our best by supplying the above equipment.

Contact Person: Mr. Jignay H Dave

Mob: 919727716997

Email - jignay.dave@nilkamal.com

Nilkamal Limited, Asarpota Chambers, 2nd Floor, Opp. Mirchi Masala Restaurants Near Swatik Char Rasta, C.G. Road, Navarangapura, Ahmedabad- 380009 Tel No. (079)26402663/26448324 Email: swm.ahmedabad@nilkamal.com



QUOTATION

SINTEX PLASTIC TECHNOLOGY LIMITED

Ref: Sin/GUJ/CF62/17-18/07

Date: 28.05.2017

Dear sir,

This has reference to your discussion/Telephonic enquiry of date 28.08.2017 with us for 10lit, 50lit, 60lit, 240lit, 1100 lit wheel barrow bins, 110lit and 2m3 Auto tipper from our regular production.

1. Sintex 10 Ltr Waste Bin With Closed Lid - Green (BMB 01-01)

160 Rs

SKU: PL.ST.WA1.475402

Type of Product: Waste Bins with Closed Lid

Capacity: 50 L Color: Green

2. Sintex **50 Ltr** Waste Bin With Closed Lid - Green (BMB 05-01)

1,071 Rs

SKU: PL.ST.WA1.475402

Type of Product: Waste Bins with Closed Lid

Capacity: 50 L Color: Green

3. Sintex Waste Bins Rectangular Military Green 60 L - GBR 06-01

2,079 Rs

SKU: PLST.WA1.475402

Type of Product: Waste Bins with Closed Lid

Capacity: 50 L Color: Green

4. Sintex 240 Ltr 2 Wheeled Industrial Waste Bin-Green (GBRW 24-04)

6,727 Rs

SKU: PL.ST.WA1.475460

Type of Product: Wheeled Waste Bins

Capacity: 240 L Color: Green 5. Sintex 1100 Ltr 4 Wheeled Industrial Waste Bin - Green (GBRW 110-04) 48,951Rs

SKU: PL.ST.WA1.475460

Type of Product: Wheeled Waste Bins

Capacity: 240 L

6. Sintex 110 Ltr 2 Wheeled Wheel Barrow - Green (GWBSS 11-01)

7,120 Rs

Top Dimension: 670 mm × 650 mm Bottom Dimension: 450 mm × 430 mm Type of Product: Wheeled Waste Bins

Capacity: 110 L

7. 2m3 capacity Auto tipper (hydraulic) including vat

9, 00,000 Rs

We hope the above offer is in line with your requirement. Now, we request you to give us an opportunity to serve our best by supplying the above equipment.

Thanks & Regards,

Sintex Limited

Sintex Yarn Address, 119, Kalasagar, shopping hub, 1st floor Opp. Sai Baba temple, Sattadhar, Ahmedabad- 380061, Gujarat India Phone: +917927400500/501 Email id: id.mktg.yarns@sintex.co.in

Sintex Textile Address:

Sintex Industries BVM Kalol (N. Gujarat) 382 721. India Phone: +91 - 2764-253000 Email Id: cc@sintex.co.in

Bull Machines Pvt Ltd



S.F. No. 5/1 - A, Trichy Road, L & T By-Pass Junction, Chinthamani Pudur Post, Kamachipuram, Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu 641103

Phone: +91 422- 3296281, 3291291, 6525753,

QUOTATION

Mr. Ajeet Kumar Singh	Ref: BML/CO/SD21/17-18/18		
Environmental Engineering Services	Dated: 02/06/2017		
Kolkata			
	Quotation Validity: 30 days		
	from the date of quotation		

Dear Sir,

With reference to your mail and telephonic discussion dated 28th May, 2017, we are offering Bull HD 100 Tractor Attached Loader with Technical specification which describes as follows.

Engine	
Engine Type	Turbo charged Euro III Diesel engine
Displacement	1040.00 Litres
Maximum Power	76hp @ 2200rpm
HP Range	100
Maximum Torque	300Nm @ 1500rpm
FuelTank	9
FuelTank Capacity	128 litre
Dimension	
Length	6040 mm
Width	NA
Height	3710 mm
Wheelbase	2220 mm
Ground Clearence	480 mm
Tyres	
Tyres Front	9.00 x 16 - 16 PR
Tyres Rear	16.9 x 28 - 14 PR
Brakes	
Brakes	Hydraulic Oil immersed brakes

Others			
Front Axie	Steer axle, centrally pivoted with oscillation angle plus or minus 16 degree		
Rear Axle	Drive axle rigidly mounted, incorporates Max-trac torque proportioning differential, driven by short propshaft from gear box		
Emission	BS-III		
Transmission Type	CARRARO synchroshuttle transmission with integral torque converter		
No Of Gears	4		
Maximum Speed	0		
Hydraulic Lift Capacity	3307 PSI (228 bar)		
Bore And Stroke			
Standard Operating Weight	7750		
Standard Loader Capacity	NA		
Turning Radius	8.9		
Long Dig Depth	4600		
Short Dig Depth	NA		
Steering Type	Power steering		
Front Tyre Size	9.00 x 16 - 16 PR		
Rear Tyre Size	16.9 x 28 ~ 14 PR		
Battery	12V battery system		

Description	Price
Total invoice value of Bull HD 100 Tractor	13,50,000
Attached Loader including vat	

Delivery within 30 days from date of purchase order

Thanks & Regards Yours Sincerely,

Bull Machines Pvt. Limited

- The amount will be credited to the State Government's account in RBI as per procedure laid down by Ministry of Finance, Department of Expenditure vide O.M. No. F-II (45/76/SC) dated 22.02.1977.
- In addition to the entire Scheme being governed by the Guidelines of the Swachh Bharat Mission (SBM) which is available at www.mohua.gov.in and following the same while releasing funds to the beneficiaries/ULBs, the release of funds for the Solid Waste Management will be restricted to and governed by the guidelines given in Paragraph 7 of the SBM guidelines.
- Entry has been made at SI. No. 10 of Grant-in-aid Register for the year 2018-19.
- No U.C. is pending for this project from Govt. of West Bengal. 7.
- This issues with the approval of Finance Division vide note on e-file No. 3125021 dated 11/06/2018.

Yours faithfully,

(Gopal Jha) Under Secretary to the Govt. of India

Tel: 23062565

Copy to:-

Director General, Audit Central Revenue and Expenditure, Near ITO, AGCR

Principal Accounts Officer, Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs, Nirman

Chief Secretary, Government of West Bengal, Kolkata.

4. Shri. M.N. Pradhan, Director, State Urban Development Agency (SUDA), ILGUS Bhavan, Sector-III, H-C Block, Bidhannagar, Kolkata - 700 106 5. Finance Division

6. Sanction file

(Gopal Jha) Under Secretary to the Govt. of India



রাজা নগর ডল্মন সংস্থা



STATE URBAN DEVELOPMENT MIENCY

62

SUDA - 281/2016/416

04.06.2018

From: Director, SUDA &

State Mission Director, SBM (I))

To

· Joint Secretary & Mission Director

Swachh Bharat Mission IIII

Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs, Government of India

Nirman Bhawan, New Delhi - 110 011

Sub .

Claim for Government of India Share as per Action Plan for different components in

2018-19, under SBM (U) for the State of West Bengal.

Ref .:

1. Your Memo No.:

1/31/2015-SBM dated 2nd May 2018

2. Our Memo No.:

SUDA-281/2016/146 dated 23rd April 2018

Sir,

As per request, it is being clarified that all the 13 DPRs for 13 new SWM Projects indicated in the minute of the 2nd State High Powered Committee Meeting, under Swachh Bharat Mission (Urban), which was held on 28th March 2018, at the Conference Hall, Nabanna, had been appraised in all respect by the Chief Engineers of both Municipal Engineering Directorate and Kolkata Metropolitan Development Authority, Urban Development and Municipal Affairs Department, Government of West Bengal, both Technically and Financially.

Again the cost of SWM vehicles and equipments had been considered based on the rates approved either by the Municipal Engineering Directorate or the Kolkata Metropolitan Development Authority, UD & MA Department, Govt. of West Bengal or as per Market Rate analysis.

You are now requested to release the sum of Rs. 332.11 crore for the year 2018-19 as detailed in our memo in reference.

Thanking you.

Yours faithfully,

Olrector, SUDA &
State Mission Director, Min8 (U)

04 06 2018

SUDA - 281/2016/416/1(1)

Copy forwarded for kind information to:

1 PS to the Principal Secretary, UD & MA Department, Govt. of wy 8

Director, SUDA

No. 1/31/2015-SBM Government of India Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs

Dated 2nd May, 2018

To

Shri. M.N. Pradhan
Director, State Urban Development Agency (SUDA)
ILGUS Bhavan, Sector-III, H-C Block,
Bidhannagar, Kolkata - 700106
(Email:wbsudadir@gmail.com)

Subject: Action Plan for 2018-19 under SBM (U).

Sir.

Kindly refer to West Bengal's letter No.SUDA-281/2016/146 dated 23.04.2018 on the above subject. IFD's observations on the State Govt. is reproduced below:

- "(i) Central assistance for SWM projects have to be restricted to 35% of the appraised cost or tendered cost whichever less is. In the SHPC minutes it has been indicated that DPRs for 13 new SWM projects are technically appraised by Reputed Institutes/Chief Engineers of the Department. It may be indicated/clarified as to whether the DPRs have been economically appraised, and whether the cost indicated against each project is appraised cost.
 - (ii) Regarding the procurement of SWM vehicles and equipment, the basis of cost estimates may be indicated for each item."
 - 2. In view of above, you are requested to profily furnish the requisite information of the partiest

(R.S. Tayal)
Linguity Serverary to the Govt of India
Tel: 23061167

The replace to the

imail

Director, SUDA <sbm.wbsuda@gmail.com>

and release of fund for 2nd Installment for already sanctioned 10 Nos of SWM projects

1 message

Director, SUDA <sbm.wbsuda@gmail.com>

Wed, Jun 13, 2018 at 12:04 PM

To: mkmandalud@gmail.com, Rajendar Jayal <rajjhuni@gmail.com>

Cc: vk.jindal@nic.in, sanghamitrab@kpmg.com, "Dewan, Salim" <salimdewan@kpmg.com> Bcc: Sujay Mitra <sujay.mitra@gmail.com>, bkpal.suda@gmail.com, BADRI NARAYAN Kar <karbnarayan@gmail.com>

Ref: Letter No. 1/31/2015-SBM dated 12th June, 2018

Reference above, we are thanking you for releasing fund for 1st Installment of new 13 SWM Projects for 13 ULBs and Sir, the procurement of SWM Vehicles and equipments for the rest 97 ULBs.

But it is to mention that implementation of 10 SWM Projects for 14 ULBs are running in full swing.

You have had released only 50% of VGF Grant as 1st Installment in the Month of April, 2017 for the above SWM projects. As per our requirement stated in our letter No SUDA-281/2016/146 dated 23.04.2018, 2nd installment for the stated above projects amounting for Rs. 94.16 Cr. may kindly be released as soon as possible, so that we can implement the said projects in time.

Regards,

Director SUDA

Minutes of the 2nd Meeting of State High Powered Committee under Mission Nirmal Bangla (Urban)/Swachh Bharat Mission (Urban)

Date: 28th March 2018

Time: 11.30 AM

Venue: Conference Hall of the Chief Secretary at Nabanna

List of the Members and other Participants Present: Placed at Annexure-I

The Chief Secretary to Government of West Bengal and the Chairman of the State High Powered Committee under Mission Nirmal Bangla (Urban)/Swachh Bharat Mission (Urban) chaired the meeting.

At the outset, the Secretary, Urban Development & Municipal Affairs Department, Government of West Bengal welcomed all the members of the Committee and explained the overall plan and activities under Mission Nirmal Bangla (Urban).

Detailed discussion took place on the progress of the 10 nos. of Solid Waste Management Projects of 14 ULBs under implementation, the proposed 13 nos. of Solid Waste Management Projects of 13 ULBs for approval, Strategy for covering all the ULBs to ensure segregation at source, 100% door to door collection and transportation and action plan of the components for the year 2018-19,

Approval of DPRs of Solid Waste Management:

DPRs of following 13 Solid Waste Management Projects of 13 ULBs of West Bengal have been placed before the Committee for consideration. The SWM Projects are technically appraised by Reputed Institutes/Chief Engineers of the Department. Lands for the projects are available with the ULBs in each case. After detailed deliberation, the Committee has approved the DPRs of following SWM Projects:

		Estimated Cost (Rs. In Lakh)				
SI. No.	ULB	Bulk purchase of Equipments and Vehicles	Construction of SLF, Compost /Bio-gas/Vermi- Compost Plant	TOTAL DPR COST		
1	Durgapur MC	2553.47	3877.82	6431.29		
2	Bankura	559.63	1088.9			
3	Purulia	392.72		1648.53		
4	Coochbehar	266.11	1066.82	. 1459.54		
5	Burdwan		669.16	935.27		
6		1683.37	2133.2	3816.57		
7	Arambag	298.82	634.86	933.68		
	Raghunathpur	201.61	360.43	562.04		
8	Kharagpur	1542.31	1865	3407.31		
9	Panihati	1241.04	3281.35			
10	Kanchrapara	824.37		4522.39		
11	Baruipur	372.2	1879.05	2703.42		
12	Garulia	430.4	892.68	1264.88		
13	Asansol MC (P-II)		618.85	1049.25		
-		0	2911.69	2911.69		
	TOTAL	10366.05	21279.81	31645.86		



It was decided that beyond the Government of India share of 35%, the remaining will be borne by the State Government and ULB. This fund sharing pattern between the State Government and ULB will remain same as approved for the earlier Projects i.e. 5% share will be borne by the ULBs having below 10 Lakh Population and 10% share will be borne by the ULBs having above 10 Lakh Population, and the remaining fund will be borne by the State Government as Matching State Share & Additional State Share.

It was decided that for these projects, all the vehicles and equipments will be procured centrally from the end of State Urban Development Agency (SUDA) and construction of Sanitary Landfill & Processing Plants will be done by the ULBs under the supervision of Municipal Engineering Directorate & Kolkata Metropolitan Development Authority.

2. Procurement of SWM Vehicles and Equipments for 97 ULBs:

It was decided that to ensure Segregation at source, 100% door to door collection and Transportation in all the ULBs, procurement of all the SWM Vehicles and Equipments of all the ULBs will be done Centrally from SUDA. After that DPR for the ULBs will be prepared for establishment of Processing Plant and Sanitary Landfill site subject to availability of suitable Land.

After detailed deliberation, the Committee has approved the following two DPRs for procurement of SWM Vehicles and Equipments for all the remaining ULBs of West Bengal:

- i. A DPR for Improvement of Transportation System of Municipal Solid Waste of the ULBs with total Project Cost of Rs. 64.49 Crore, is prepared by SUDA in consultation with the ULBs and appraised by Municipal Engineering Directorate, Government of West Bengal. Procurement for 23 nos. 8 CuM Movable Compactors, 117 nos. 10 CuM Dumpers, 179 nos. 2.2 CuM Fuel Operated Tippers and 663 nos. Battery Operated Hydraulic Tippers are in progress. In this respect, work order for 23 nos. 8 CuM Movable Compactors has already been issued. Re-tender for the remaining items have been done due to non availability of successful bidders in 1st call.
- ii. A DPR for ensuring Segregation at source, 100% door to door collection and Transportation in all the ULBs with total Project Cost of Rs. 258 Crore, have been prepared by SUDA in consultation with the ULBs and appraised by Municipal Engineering Directorate, Government of West Bengal.

 Procurement to be made for 10 ltrs Household Bins, 100-120 Ltr. Litter Bin, 240-660 ltrs. Community Bin, Tricycle Van, Battery Operated Cart, Wheel Barrow, Auto Tipper, Compactor (Movable), Dumper, Tractor, TT Container, Jetting cum Suction Machine, Road Sweeping Machine, Cesspool, Loader cum Back Hoe and Safety Measures etc.



3. Annual Action Plan for the Year 2018-19:

The Committee has approved the Annual Action Plan of the Components for the year 2018-19 amounting to total Gol Share of Rs. 237.95 Crore, which will be submitted to Government of India. Details of the Annual Action Plan of all Components for 2018-19 approved by SHPC:

SI No.	Components	Action Plan	Estimated Project Cost	Total Central Share (Rs in Crore)
1	Community Toilet	Construction of 2000 Seats	Rs. 19.60 Crore (@98000/- per seat)	7.84
2	Public Toilet	Construction of 1000 Toilet Seats	Rs. 9.80 Crore (@98000/- per seat)	3.92
		Construction of 2000 Urinal Seats	Rs. 6.4 Crore (@32000/- per seat)	2.56
		13 Nos of New SWM Projects of 13 ULBs	Rs. 316.46 Crore	110.76
		Procurement of SWM Vehicles for Improvement of Transportation System of Municipal Solid Waste of the ULBs	Rs. 64.49 Crore	22.57
	Solid Waste Management (SWM)	Procurement of all the SWM Vehicles and Equipments for 97 ULBs to ensure Segregation at Source, 100% Door to Door Collection and Transportation of Grabage	Rs. 258 Crore	90.30
	T	OTAL		237.95



4. Claim of Fund from GoI in the Year 2018-19:

The Committee has approved the Claim of Fund amounting to Rs. 332.11 Crore from Government of India in the year 2018-19, which will be submitted to Government of India. Details of Claim of Fund from Government of India in the year 2018-19 approved by SHPC:

> Rs. in Crore

SI No	Financial Year	Installment	SWM Amount	CT . Amount	PT Amount	PT -Urinal Amount	Total Amount
1	2017-18	2nd	94.16	0 :	0	0	94.16
2	2018-19		223.63	7.84	3.92	2.56	237.95
TOTAL			295.22	7.84	3.92	2.56	332.11

5. Miscellaneous:

- As per direction of Hon'ble Chief Minister to Government of West Bengal a Clean & Green City/Ward Competition has been designed to create and maintain a healthy and beautiful environment in the cities and also to develop a competitive environment among the Cities and also among the Wards within the City. In the discussion, it was decided that in the evaluation parameters, cleanliness of Schools should be added.
- The Chef Secretary to Government of West Bengal raised an issue that the market areas & its nearby drains of Darjeeling City remain very much dirty due to accumulation of wastes during siek season for the tourists. In this connection the Secretary, UD & MA Department has explained the activities already taken up through an Integrated Solid Waste Management project under State Plan Fund for Darjeeling City. In the project all kinds of vehicles and equipments are being procured for ensuring segregation at source, 100% door to door and market waste collection and regular Road sweeping. Bio Gas Plant are being constructed for processing of Bio Degradable Wastes and the recyclable items will be sold out...

Meeting ended with thanks to and from the chair.

(Malay De)

Chief Secretary to Government of West Bengal

& Chairman, SHPC, MNB (U)



Annexure-I

List of Members and Other Participants Present

- Sri Malay De, IAS, Chief Secretary, GoWB
- 2. Sri Harekrishna Dwivedi, IAS, Additional Chief Secretary, Finance Department
- 3. Sri Sanjay K Thade, IAS, Principal Secretary, Backward Classes Welfare Department
- 4. Sri Arnab Roy, IAS, Principal Secretary, Environment Department
- 5. Sri D. Nariala, IAS, Principal Secretary, School Education Department
- 6. Sri Khalil Ahemed, IAS, Municipal Commissioner, Kolkata MC.
- 7. Sri Onkar Singh Meena, IAS, Secretary, UD & MA Department
- 8. Sri Arvind Mina, IAS, S.P.D., PBSSM, School Education Department
- 9. Sri Sutanu Kar, IAS, Director, SUDA
- 10. Smt. Pragyan Bharati, Wash Specialist, UNICEF
- 11. Sri J. Chattopadhya, D.L.B., UD & MA Department
- 12. Sri Amit Das, Chief Engineer, MED, UD & MA Department
- 13. Sri B. N. Kar, Additional Director, ILGUS, UD & MA Department
- 14. Sri Subhasish Chattapadhya, Director General (SWM), Kolkata MC
- 15. Sri K. Ghosh Dastidar, Executive Engineer, Kolkata MC
- 16. Sri Bijay Krishna Pal, Executive Engineer, SUDA
- 17. Sri Saumya Bandyopadhyay, Assistant Engineer, M.E.D, UD & MA Department
- 18. Sri S S Gous, Programme Coordinator, SUDA
- 19. Dr. Sujay Mitra, Chief Manager Planning & Monitoring, SUDA

No. 20/1/2016-SBM-1 Government of India Ministry of Urban Development

18^{tn} July 2016

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Sub: Revisions/ Modifications of the operational guidelines of Swachh Bharat Mission (Urban)

This is to notify that the following changes have been made to the guidelines with respect to Swachh Bharat Mission (Urban):

- State High Powered Committees (SHPCs) are given the flexibility to redetermine targets for IHHLs and CTs, subject to overall state-wise funds envelope (sum of allocation under IHHL and CTs, for the entire mission period) remaining unchanged.
- 2. Increase in base unit cost of CTs to Rs 98,000 per seat, wherein VGF/Grant will be upto 40% of project cost (i.e. VGF/Grant of Rs 39,200 per seat). This will be subject to overall state-wise funds envelope (sum of allocation under IHHL and CTs, for the entire mission period) remaining unchanged. This marks a shift from monitoring of toilet construction to monitoring of ODF status achievement.
- 3. Extension of VGF/Grant of upto 40% as available for CTs to Public Toilet projects as well (i.e. VGF/Grant of Rs 39,200 per seat). Unit cost of PTs to be same as CTs. Targets for PT to be set under CT component. This will be subject to overall state-wise funds envelope (sum of allocation under IHHL and CTs, for the entire mission period) remaining unchanged
- 4. Inclusion of urinals in ODF component, wherein VGF/grant of upto, 40% to be given on lines of CTs/PTs, and base cost of urinals to be Rs. 32,000 per unit (i.e. VGF/Grant of Rs 12,800 per unit). Targets for urinals to be set under CT component. This will be subject to overall state-wise funds envelope (sum of allocation under IHHL and CTs, for the entire mission period) remaining unchanged.
- The central assistance for Municipal Solid Waste Management component be raised from present 20 percent to 35 percent. This will be subject to overall state-wise funds envelope, for the entire mission period, for SWM remaining unchanged.

This issues with the approval of competent authority.

(V.K. Kushwaha) 7.7.16

Under Secretary to the Government of India

Tel: 23062654

To:

1) Chief Secretaries of all States/ Union Territories

 Principal Secretaries/ Secretaries of Urban Development of all States/ Union Territories

Mission Directors (SBM) of all States/ Union Territories

Copy for information to: (i) PSO to Secretary (UD) (ii) JS&FA, MoUD (iii) JS (SBM) (iv) Director (SBM-I)/DS (SBM-II)

20/14



Government of India



Guidelines for

Swachh Bharat Mission (SBM)



December 2014

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1. Introduction

- 1.1. According to Census 2011 India's urban population is 377 million or 31% of the total population. These numbes are expected to increase to 600 million by 2031. The Census 2011 also showed that in 4,041 statutory towns, close to eight million households do not have access) toilets and defecate in the open (7.90 million). Weak sanitation has significant helth costs and untreated sewage from cities is the single biggest source of water resurce pollution in India. This indicates both the scale of the challenge ahead of the Indian cities and the huge costs incurred from not addressing them.
- 1.2. The Swachh Bharat Missi (SBM) emanates from the vision of the Government articulated in the addrs of The President of India in his address to the Joint Session of Parliament on 9th Je 2014:

"We must not tolerate and indignity of homes without toilets and public spaces lired with garbage. For ensuring hygiene, waste manament and sanitation across the nation, a "Swachh Bht Mission" will be launched. This will be our tribute to Natma Gandhi on his 150th birth anniversary to be celebed in the year 2019"

SBM is being implemented by the Miry of Urban Development (M/o UD) and by the Ministry of Drinking Water and Sation (M/o DWS) for urban and rural areas respectively. These guidelines are for implementation of Swachh Bharat Mission (Urban).

2. Swachh Bharat Mission (SBJrban Overview

2.1. Mission Objectives

- 2.1.1. Elimination of open defecation
- 2.1.2. Eradication of Manual Scavengir
- 2.1.3. Modern and Scientific Municipal Waste Management
- 2.1.4. To effect behavioral change regahealthy sanitation practices
- 2.1.5. Generate awareness about sanitand its linkage with public health
- 2.1.6. Capacity Augmentation for ULB's
- 2.1.7. To create an enabling environme private sector participation in Capex (capital expenditure) and Opex (on and maintenance)

Duration of the mission

The Mission will be in force till 2nd October 2019

Mission components

The Mission has the following components:

- 2.3.1. Household toilets, including conversion insanitary latrines into pour-flush latrines:
- 2.3.2. Community toilets
- 2.3.3. Public toilets

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- 2.3.4. Solid waste management
- 2.3.6. Capacity building and Administrative & fice Expenses (A&OE) 2.3.5. IEC & Public Awareness

By Public Toilets, it is implied that the are to be provided for the floating population / general public in places thas markets, train stations, tourist places, near office complexes, or other pic areas where there are considerable number of people passing by.

By Community toilets, it is implied the shared facility provided by and for a group of residents or an entire settlent. Community toilet blocks are used primarily in low-income and/or informattlements / slums, where space and/or land are constraints in providing a holiold toilet. These are for a more or less fixed user group.

Mission Coverage: C3 and target population

2.4.1. All Statutory towns will be coveunder the Mission. Definition of statutory towns is at Annexure I.

Mission Strategy 2.5.

- 2.5.1. Comprehensive Sanitation Pla, which includes
- (a) City Level Sanitation Plans
- (b) State Sanitation Concept As per xure IV
- (c) Sate Sanitation Strategy
- 2.5.2. Behavioral Change Strateg. EC
- 2.5.3. Enabling Environment for sector participation
- 2.5.4. Capacity Building

2.5.5. Special focus groups: The State Governments shall pursue the following:

- All manual scavengers in urban areas are identified, insanitary toilets linked to their employment are upgraded to sanitary toilets, and that the manual scavengers are adequately rehabilitated.
- ii. In their efforts to streamline and formalize SWM systems it shall be the endeavor of ULBs that the informal sector workers in waste management (rag pickers) are given priority to upgrade their work conditions and are enumerated and integrated into the formal system of SWM in cities.
- iii. All temporary accommodation for migrants and the homeless in urban areas have adequate provision for toilets either on the premises or linked to a public / community toilet.
- iv. Mandating that construction labour in urban areas have access to temporary toilets at all sites in urban areas, buildings, parks and roads where construction / maintenance work is taking place or where construction labour is temporarily housed.
- v. Priority shall be accorded pro-actively to cover households with vulnerable sections such as pensioners, girl children, pregnant and lactating mothers.

2.6. Mission Outlay

The estimated cost of implementation of SBM (Urban) based on unit and per capita costs for its various components is Rs. 62,009 Crore. The Government of India share as per approved funding pattern amounts to Rs. 14,623 Crore. In addition, a minimum additional amount equivalent to 25% of GoI funding, amounting to Rs. 4,874 Crore shall be contributed by the States as State/ULB share. The balance funds is proposed to be generated through various other sources of fund which are, but not limited to:

- a. Private Sector Participation
- b. Additional Resources from State Government/ULB
- c. Beneficiary Share
- d. User Charges
- e. Land Leveraging
- f. Innovative revenue streams
- g. Swachh Bharat Kosh
- h. Corporate Social Responsibility
- i. Market Borrowing
- j. External Assistance

3. Concept Sanitation Strategy:

It is understood that without a proper **city sanitation plan** and resulting **state sanitation strategy**, as indicated in National Urban sanitation policy-2008, comprehensive planning cannot be achieved to attain the objectives of Swachh Bharat Mission. However, both the activities require time and wide consultation at various levels including citizen engagements. It is also understood that although many states and cities have prepared these plans and strategy, many more have not done so.

In order to give a quick start to the Swachh Bharat Mission, it is, therefore proposed that all states may submit a **brief concept Note on state sanitation strategy**, as given in the **AnnexurelV** of these guidelines as a part of there initial proposal, in order to claim their first installment for individual household toilets, IEC and Capacity Building as well as the revolving fund for other components.

The concept note and proposal shall be submitted online to MoUD by state governments by 30 January 2015.

The states should however, simultaneously start preparing City sanitation plans for each city and State Sanitation strategy as per National Urban sanitation Policy 2008 as these will be required before any further release can be made to the states.

4. SBM (Urban) Component -I: Household toilets

- 4.1. SBM (Urban) aims to ensure that
 - a) No households engage in the practice of open defecation,
 - No new insanitary toilets are constructed during the mission period and
 - c) Pit latrines are converted to sanitary latrines.

The Target Group for construction of household units of Toilets, thus, is:

- (i) 80% of urban households engaging in open defecation
- (ii) All households with insanitary latrines
- (iii) All households with single-pit latrines

These will be targeted under this component for the construction of household toilets or individual household latrines during the mission period. The remaining 20% of households practicing open defecation are assumed to be catered by community toilets due to constraints of space.

4.2. Household toilets constructed under SBM (Urban) will have two main structures – the toilet superstructure (including the pan and water closet), and the

substructure (either an on-site treatment system, or a connection to existing underground sewerage system).

- 4.2.1. Whenever a sewerage system is available within 30 metres from the proposed household toilet, only the toilet superstructure may be constructed and connected to the existing sewerage system. ULBs must facilitate these connections for household toilets under SBM (Urban), wherever applicable and economical.
- 4.2.2. In the event that a sewerage system is not available within 30 meters from the proposed household toilet, in addition to the construction of the toilet superstructure, an on-site treatment system (such as twin pits, septic tanks, bio-digesters, or bio-tanks) should also be constructed for the collection, treatment and/or disposal off sewage at, or near the point of generation.
- 4.2.3. ULBs should ensure that all household toilets being constructed under SBM are built in tandem with water supply arrangements in ULBs. Beneficiary households will be responsible for the operation and maintenance of the household toilets. Suggested technical specifications, technologies and tentative cost of household toilets are available at *Annexure II*
- 4.3. For this component, **beneficiary** shall mean any household that does not have access to an individual household toilet or has an insanitary toilet (dry/ bahou and single pit latrine). No other criteria is to be applied.
- 4.3.1. Selection of Beneficiary Household shall be as per the strategy adopted by ULB under the guidance of state government. However, the following guiding principals may be followed:
- (i) Initially, a campaign to create awareness may motivate beneficiaries to come forward on their own. This should be taken at the ULB level and followed up by accepting a simple application and undertaking, to be verified within 7 days and approved at ULB level.
- (ii) ULBs are expected to carry out a house-to-house survey. In so doing they shall also take into consideration Census 2011 data or any recent survey available to them. This baseline data shall be put in public domain by 15.02.2015.
- (iii) Any Claims and objections received shall be addressed in a transparent manner and continuous modifications can made in the baseline data.
- (iv) Based on this house to house survey, all households practicing open defecation shall be identified and ULB's need to approve either a Household toilet or plan for community toilets for each of such identified household/group of household.

- 4.3.2. Beneficiary households will be targeted under this scheme irrespective of whether they live in authorized/unauthorized colonies or notified / non-notified slums. Under SBM (Urban), tenure security issues are to be de-linked with benefits.
- 4.3.3. The states and ULB's must ensure that the maximum number of beneficiaries from individual households toilets will be normally limited to the numbers indicated in the Census of India 2011 for each town.
- 4.4. Central government incentive for the construction of household toilets will be Rs. 4,000 per household toilet for each identified beneficiary household.
- 4.4.1. 50% of the Central Government incentive (Rs. 2,000/-) will be released to the identified beneficiary household by the ULB as 1st installment on approval by the ULB along with share of the state government. There is no bar on releasing any extra funds at any stage using additional resources generated/provided by state government/ ULB.
- 4.4.2. The ULB shall verify each application before releasing any incentive. Verification of the application should be completed within 7 working days of its submission of application by the beneficiary.
- 4.4.3. The remaining 50% of Central Government incentive as 2nd installment should be released to the identified beneficiary household along with the State Government's incentives upon verification of physical progress of construction of the household toilet. The actual process of verification will be as per the directions of the respective State Government.
- 4.4.4. Final Verification of the construction of the household toilet should be supported by location-based technologies, wherein self-attested geo-tagged photographs of the construction, along with the applicant are taken out. These photographs must be uploaded to the SBM (Urban) MIS and be monitored by the ULBs and the States.
- 4.4.5. All financial incentives (government and /or private) for this component will be deposited directly (by electronic clearing service) into the bank accounts of the beneficiary households (including accounts opened under the *Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana*). No cash/cheque disbursals shall take place.

The ULBs should ensure that financial incentives to beneficiary households are transferred in a timely and hassle-free manner. The State government should evolve standard norms for this throughout the state and ensure the monitoring of its implementation.

5. SBM (Urban) Component II: Community toilets

- 5.1. Under SBM (Urban), it is estimated that about 20% of the urban households in cities, who are currently practicing open defecation are likely to use community toilets as a solution due to land and space constraints in constructing individual household latrine.
- 5.2. Community toilet blocks will consist of a given number of toilet seats, as per requirements, toilet superstructure including the pan and water closet, and a substructure (either an on-site treatment system, or a connection to underground sewerage/septage system) shared by all the toilet seats and facilities for hand wash.
 - 5.2.1. Care should be taken to ensure that these facilities have adequate provision for separate toilets and bathing facilities for men, women and facilities for the disabled (e.g. ramp provision, braille signage, etc.).
 - 5.2.2. The norms for connection of the superstructure to an on-site system or connection to an underground sewerage system as defined in paragraphs 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 above will apply here.
 - 5.2.3. ULBs should ensure that all community toilets being constructed under SBM (Urban) are built in tandem with water supply arrangements in ULBs. Suggested technical specifications, technologies and tentative cost of community toilets are available at *Annexure II*.
- 5.3. For this component, *beneficiaries* shall be groups of households ("beneficiary household group") in urban areas whose members practice open defecation and who do not have access to household toilet, and for whom the construction of individual household toilets is not feasible. Beneficiary household groups under this component of SBM (Urban) shall be identified by the procedure as designed by the ULB. This may be application based or survey based, with or without participation of community based organisations. Involvement of civil society organisations is to be encouraged. NGO's, Area, Ward or Mohalla Sabha's may be used for this purpose. Beneficiary household groups will be targeted under this scheme irrespective of whether they live in authorized/unauthorized colonies or notified / non-notified slums. Under SBM (Urban), tenure security issues are to be de-linked with benefits.

- 5.4. Once a sufficient number of households are identified as a group, the ULB shall identify suitable piece of land adjoining their houses/dwelling and design the toilet block. Efforts should be made to look into all possible sources of revenue generation by leveraging land ,use of rooftop or any other means.
- 5.5. Central government incentive for the construction of community toilets will be in the form of 40% Grant/VGF, for each community toilet block constructed. The remaining funds have to be generated as indicated in para 2.6 above.
- 5.6. Projects will be prepared and sanctioned by ULBs. In the entire project approval and procurement process, all provisions and procedures as prescribed by respective State Governments for ULBs must be followed in their entirety. The entire approval procedure except for release of Central funds will end at the ULB level. To this end the States are required to empower the ULBs if not already done so. This includes the delegation of powers to allot land (for this purpose) to ULB's and mechanisms to leverage this land to make the Community Toilet a viable project.
- 5.7. All community toilets constructed under SBM must have a minimum 5 year maintenance contract.
- 5.8. States will contribute a minimum of 25% funds towards community toilet projects to match 75% Central Share. (10% in the case of North East States and special category states).

6. SBM (Urban) Component -III: Public Toilets

- 6.1. Under SBM (Urban), States and ULBs will ensure that a sufficient number of public toilets are constructed in each city. All prominent places within the city attracting floating population should be covered.
- 6.2. Care should be taken to ensure that these facilities have adequate provision for men, women and facilities for the disabled (e.g. ramp provision, braille signage, etc.) wherever necessary. Suggested technical specifications, technologies and tentative cost of public toilets are available at *Annexure II*.
- 6.3. ULBs should ensure that all Public Toilets being constructed under SBM (Urban) are built in tandem with water supply arrangements in ULBs.
- 6.4. There will be no Central Government incentive support for the construction of public toilets under SBM (Urban). States and ULBs are encouraged to identify land for public toilets, and leverage this land and advertisements to encourage the private

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sector to construct and manage public toilets through a PPP agreement. Additional funding support by any means other than GoI grant can be used for public toilets.

- 6.5. The Projects will be prepared, sanctioned and implemented by ULBs. In the entire project approval and procurement process, all provisions and procedures as prescribed by respective State Governments for ULBs must be followed in their entirety. The entire approval procedure should end at the ULB level. To this end the States are required to empower the ULBs if not already done so. This includes the delegation of powers to allot land (for this purpose) to ULB's and mechanisms to leverage this land to make the Public Toilet a viable project.
- 6.6. All Public Toilets constructed under SBM must have a minimum 5 year maintenance contract.

7. SBM (Urban) Component IV: Solid Waste Management

- 7.1. Municipal Solid Waste Management (MSWM) refers to a systematic process that comprises of waste segregation and storage at source, primary collection, secondary storage, transportation, secondary segregation, resource recovery, processing, treatment, and final disposal of solid waste. The Manual on Municipal Solid Waste Management, 2000 published by M/o UD and revised from time-to-time, may be referenced for DPR formulation and implementation.
- 7.2. ULB's are to prepare DPR for Solid waste management of their city in consultation with state governments. Smaller cities can form clusters to become viable entities to attract private investment. 100% Cost reimbursement for preparing the DPR shall be done by Gol as per unit cost and norms set up by NARC.
- 7.3. State governments may handhold ULB's in quickly preparing DPR's for SWM by empanelling /shortlisting /identifying private or government agencies for the same.
- 7.4. The DPR's should be bankable, having a viable financial model. These will be prepared emanating from the needs identified in the City Sanitation Plan. DPRs should be aligned with Govt. of India's goals outlined in the NUSP 2008, SWM rules, advisories, CPHEEO manuals (including cost-recovery mechanisms), O&M practices and Service-level Benchmark advisories released by M/o UD from time to time. Street Sweeping and litter control interventions will be part of DPR which is essential for a clean city.

- 7.5. In order to promote projects of waste to energy, it is clarified that the central government Grant / VGF may also be used for such projects, either upfront or as generation based incentive for power generated for a given period of time.
- 7.6. The State High Powered Committee (HPC) will authorize institutes of national repute for appraisal of DPRs for the technical and economic appraisal of DPRs for projects recommended by ULBs. No appraisal will be done by MoUD. The cost of DPR appraisal by these institutes shall be an admissible component under administrative costs, subject to norms as approved by MoUD.
- 7.7. The performance and quality of appraisal by these identified and authorized institutes will be evaluated and monitored by HPEC as well as NARC and corrective actions taken wherever necessary.
- 7.8. The State Level high power committee will approve the DPR as well as the financial model of solid waste management.
- 7.9. The implementation of SWM projects will be as per directions of State Level High Power Committee.
- 7.10. Central government incentive for the SWM projects will be in the form of a maximum of 20% Grant / VGF for each project. The remaining funds have to be generated as indicated in para 2.6 above.
 - 7.10.1. While considering projects under MSWM it will be ensured that there is no duplication in terms of funding under any other scheme or programme.
 - 7.10.2. Detailed technical and financial appraisal of the DPRs will be carried out in the manner prescribed in paragraph 10.5.4. O&M arrangements for the project shall necessarily be an integral part of the project in the DPR.
 - 7.10.3. SWM projects will be sanctioned by the State level HPC which shall include a representative of the MoUD. In the entire project approval and procurement process, all provisions and procedures as prescribed by respective State Governments must be followed in their entirety. The entire approval procedure for MSW projects except for release of Central funds will end at the State Level.
 - 7.10.4. The States shall be free to choose the technology for SWM projects, toilets and street sweeping. The Ministry of Urban Development shall, from time to time, bring to the notice of the States, through advisories and manuals, and other consultative mechanisms, various options available in these fields.

7.10.5. States will contribute a minimum of 25% funds for SWM projects to match 75% Central Share.(10% in the case of North East States and special category states).

8. SBM (Urban) Component -V: IEC & Public Awareness

- 8.1. A key strategy under SBM (Urban) is behavior change communication to ensure that sanitation as an issue is mainstreamed with the general public at large and should cover issues of open defecation, prevention of manual scavenging, hygiene practices, proper use and maintenance of toilet facilities (household, community or otherwise), etc., and its related health and environmental consequences. Communication material for behavior change shall be designed in consultation with the M/o Information and Broadcasting, M/o Health & Family Welfare, and should be in sync with the material being used under SBM (Rural).
- 8.2. A total of **15%** of the total central allocation will be earmarked for this component. Of this, **12%** will be earmarked for States to undertake massive public awareness campaigns on sanitation and establishing its link to public health, hygiene and the environment through various means including radio, social media, documentaries, plays, workshops, etc. The remaining **3%** will be earmarked for the MoUD to draw a national media campaign and developing standard campaign tools for effective awareness and communication on sanitation.
- 8.3. Expenditure on Newspaper and TV is not an admissible item under this component for the state government or for the ULB's as this is taken care by government of India ministries and organisations.
- 8.4. States shall prepare an annual action plan, with details of State funding commitment, for Public Awareness & IEC and State HPC shall approve it. At least 50% of the IEC fund in each annual plan, as approved by State HPC, must go to the ULB's for IEC activities at the grass root level.
- 8.5. HPEC at State level shall be the competent authority to authorize and delegate administrative powers for use of the state level funds within the approved plan. ULB's shall be competent to spend the minimum 50% part of the ULB level funds, as per approved plan.
- 8.6. Under no circumstance shall this fund be utilized for purchase of vehicles, construction and maintenance of buildings, creation of posts and payment of salary, and purchase of furniture and fixtures.

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States will contribute a minimum of 25% funds towards IEC & Public awareness to match 75% Central Share (10% in the case of North East States and special category states) in each annual plan.

SBM (Urban) Component VI: Capacity Building and Administrative & Office Expenses (A&OE)

- 9.1. 3% of the total Central Government allocation under the mission will be earmarked for capacity building, administrative and office expenses of States and ULBs.
- 9.2. **2%** of the total Central Government allocation under the mission will be utilized at MoUD level for capacity building, convening national and regional workshops, various awards and best practice recognition, programme research, studies, international cooperation for capacity building and technology development, A&OE and various eligible purposes in consultation with the Integrated Finance Division (IFD) of the M/o UD.
- 9.3. States shall propose extensive capacity building activities to be implemented in a mission-mode manner, which will enable the progressive achievement of objectives of SBM (Urban) in a time-bound manner. These will be specified in the comprehensive annual action plan prepared by each state. This will be approved by State Level High Power Committee after sharing and considering suggestions from MoUD. At least 50% of this fund, in each annual plan, as approved by State HPC, must go to the ULB's for activities at the ULB level.
- 9.4. HPEC at State level shall be the competent authority to authorize and delegate administrative powers for use of these funds. ULB's shall be competent to use the minimum 50% fund, as per approved plan, passed on to them.
- 9.5. States will be encouraged to use other available capacity building funds to dovetail or integrate capacity building activities of ULB's.
- 9.6. States and ULBs should identify relevant officials (both senior level officials and field-level functionaries) for training and draw up a calendar of training for them. It will be the responsibility of the State Mission Director to ensure that identified officials undergo adequate capacity building / training to ensure the success of SBM (Urban) in the state. Additionally, states should also identify relevant officials / persons capable of spreading the training on sanitation under SBM (Urban) as "master trainers" who can attend central government training on SBM (Urban) and then organize subsequent training to diffuse the message of SBM (Urban) in the states.

- 9.7. All support structures for implementing the mission at the state and ULB levels defined in the Mission Management Structure (section 11 of the SBM (Urban) guidelines), *i.e.*, the Programme Management Units (PMUs) at the State level, the Programme Implementation Units (PIUs) at the city level, and Independent Project Review & Monitoring Agencies (IPRMA) etc., engaged on an outsourced basis, shall be funded under this head.
- 9.8. Under no circumstance shall this fund be utilized for purchase of vehicles, construction and maintenance of buildings, creation of posts and payment of salary, and purchase of furniture and fixtures.
- 9.9. States will contribute a minimum of 25% funds towards Capacity Building and Administrative & Office Expenses (A&OE) to match 75% Central Share.(10% in the case of North East States and special category states) in each annual plan.

Funding pattern and financial process

10.1. Funding pattern: Guiding Principals:

- a) First installment will be released to states on receipt and acceptance of proposal containing the brief concept state sanitation strategy as given in Annexure IV.
- b) For House Hold Toilets, Funds in the first installment will be released as per number of beneficiary household identified, in the concept sanitation plan, at the rate of Rs. 2000/- Central assistance.
- c) For Community Toilets and Solid Waste Management Projects, Adequate funds will be released on the proposal of the State Government for SWM and Community toilet projects. It will be ensured that funds do not remain parked with the state governments Gol share of grant / VGF may be drawn from this pool fund maintained at state level. This will be replenished on demand by states based on progress.
- d) For IEC, Capacity Building and Administrative expenditure, appropriate percentages of (a) and (b) above shall be added to the first installment.
- e) States will contribute a minimum of 25% funds towards all components to match 75% Central Share. This will be 10% in the case of North East and special category States.
- f) Subsequent installments shall be released based on utilization certificates of previous grants, physical and financial progress and other indicators as approved and desired by the National Advisory & Review Committee (NARC).

10.2. Clarification on Grant v/s VGF

- 10.2.1. Under Swachh Bharat Mission, projects under PPP mode are encouraged, to invite private capital in urban infrastructure as well as to bring in private sector efficiency in delivery of urban services and O & M. It is also understood that in the current scenario, there may be a requirement for viability gap funding. For solid waste management, revenue streams such as Compost from organic waste, recycled construction material from C & D waste, Power from waste to energy plants can be leveraged.
- 10.2.2. All ULB's must first explore possibility to take up the projects in a PPP mode for the above reasons. Government of India funds as per prescribed funding pattern will be available for claiming VGF.
- 10.2.3. State governments can also add or generate funds for ULB's as additional incentives over and above minimum 25% share required to make the projects viable.
- 10.2.4. Release of VGF grants will be as per contractual arrangement with the private partner and as approved by state government. However, it will be ensured that funds do not remain parked with the state governments.
- 10.2.5. Adequate funds will be released on acceptance of the proposal of the State Government for SWM and Community toilet projects. ULBs will initiate project preparation and bidding as per the guidelines for community toilets and SWM.
- 10.2.6. States will release the Central Government share of VGF adding their share in conformity with the contractual requirements of the project taken up on PPP mode.
- 10.2.7. In case state government feels that a project is not suitable to be taken under PPP methodology, it may then consider the Gol share (as per funding pattern) to be treated as Grant from Gol to the ULB. It will be up to the state government and ULB to arrange for the balance resources for the project, which must be ensured at the time of approving a project.
- 10.2.8. For PPP Projects, state governments to follow their own policy and rules. No project shall be referred to Government of India.

10.3. Allocation of funds to States / UTs

10.3.1. The mission will be implemented with the following classification of funding to states:

S. No.	Classification	Percentage Allocation (Central Govt. funding)	Total Amount for Mission Period Rs. Crore
i.	Project Fund based on Normative Criteria	60%	8773.80
ii.	Performance Fund based on Performance Matrix	20%	2924.60
iii.	Public Awareness & IEC Activities	15%*	2193.45
iv.	Capacity Building & A&OE	3%	438.69
٧.	Research, Capacity Building & A&OE (M/o UD)	2%	292.46

^{*3%} of which to be retained by M/o UD

10.3.2. The **Project Fund specified** in 10.3.1(i) above shall be allocated as follows:

i. The distribution of the Project fund will be as under: (Rs. in Crore.)

		1.	
a.	Project Funds for States other than the North-East	80%	7019.04
b.	Project Funds to North-East States	10%	877.38
C.	Flexi Funds*	10%	877.38

^{*}Flexi Funds in terms of the Department of Expenditure OM No. F.No.55(5)/PF.II/2011 dated 06.01.2014) will be available to states

- ii. Where ever it is required for fund allocation to be divided among States / UTs it will be done by giving :
 - A) 50% weightage to the ratio of urban population in each State / UT to the total urban population, and
 - B) 50% weightage to the ratio of number of statutory towns in each State / UT to the total number of statutory towns.

Both ratios shall use Census 2011 data. Details of distribution of Project Fund across States / UTs are at Annexure III.

- 10.3.3. The **Performance Grant** specified in 10.3.1(ii) above shall be kept with the SBM National Mission Directorate as Performance Grant and released as per the criteria mentioned below for rewarding performing states. The release of the performance grant shall be based on a Performance Matrix and Third Party Evaluation by the Independent Project Review & Monitoring Agency (IPRMA) on the following outcomes:
 - a. Elimination of open defecation
 - b. Conversion of insanitary latrines into pour-flush latrines
 - c. Eradication of manual scavenging
 - d. Prevention of pollution of water sources
 - e. Ensuring cleanliness and hygiene in public places
 - f. Awareness creation
 - g. Capacity building

The National Advisory & Review Committee (NARC) at the M/o UD may also design other relevant criteria for the release of these funds and shall take a final view regarding the release of this grant keeping in view the progress made and circumstances of each State. This will not be applicable in the first installment. No withholding of 20% shall be done while releasing the first installment to the states.

10.4. Disbursal of funds to States / UTs and ULBs

- 10.4.1. States / UTs will submit a proposal for release of grant to the Central Government based on projections and authenticated targets with a Concept Note on State Urban Sanitation strategy in the format given in Annexure IV. This shall be submitted online to the SBM National Mission Directorate.
- 10.4.2. On acceptance of the State Government's proposal by the ministry, first installment of funds shall be disbursed to States / UTs in the following manner:
 - i. 50% of the project fund shall be divided among states as per the formula mentioned at 10.3.2 (see also **Annexure III**).
 - 12% of Project funds released above shall be released as IEC and the Public Awareness component and,

- iii. 3% of the Project funds released above shall be released or the Capacity Building and A&OE funds.
- iv. No withholding of 20% shall be done on account of performance grant, while releasing the first installment to the states.
- 10.4.3. Subsequent installments (including for Capacity Building & IEC, and the Public Awareness and A&OE) shall be released on
- (i) Submission of the Utilization Certificate for 75% of the fund released as 1st installments and,
- (ii) Satisfactory physical and financial progress as per NARC criteria.

The quantum of subsequent installments will be based on actual demands and projections of expenditure for admissible components as per funding pattern of SBM.

- 10.4.4. Release of central contribution towards Grants / VGF by States/UTs for projects shall be in a manner described in paragraph 10.1 and 10.2 above.
- 10.4.5. At the end of the 2nd and 3rd quarters of each Financial Year, the use of allocated funds by States / UTs under the mission shall be reviewed by NARC, and NARC may reallocated funds from non-performing states to performing states based on the potential to utilize funds in a given financial year.
- 10.4.6. State governments shall evolve a suitable mechanism to release funds along with state share to ULBs within 30 days of release of the central share by M/o UD. Interest at the rate specified by the M/o Finance from time-to-time shall be levied on the State for any delay in release of funds to ULBs beyond 30 days. This will be implemented by appropriate deductions from the state's next installment of fund release under the mission.

10.5. Sanction of projects (DPRs)

- 10.5.1. Projects will be sanctioned by state government (HPEC) or ULBs as prescribed in these guidelines. This is specified for each component of SBM in these guidelines.
- 10.5.2. Only new projects will be considered under the Mission and it will be ensured that there is no duplication. Projects will be considered as "new" if they are not projects already sanctioned and ongoing under state and central schemes and externally-aided programmes.

- 10.5.3. Wherever Detailed Project Reports (DPRs) are to be prepared for project sanction, fund release and monitoring, the cost of DPRs for the projects under the Mission shall be reimbursed subject to norms set-up by the NARC.
- 10.5.4. The State High Powered Committee (HPC) will authorize institutes of national repute for appraisal of DPRs for the technical and economic appraisal of DPRs for projects recommended by ULBs. The cost of DPR appraisal by these institutes shall be an admissible component under administrative costs, subject to norms as approved by MoUD.

11. Mission Management Structure Swachh Bharat Mission (SBM) Urban will have a three-tier mission management structure as follows:

11.1 National Level

- 11.1.1. A National Advisory and Review Committee (NARC) headed by the Secretary, M/o UD, and comprising representatives of relevant line ministries will be notified by the M/o UD. NARC will meet as per the requirements, but will meet at least once in three months. The functions of NARC will be:
 - i. Overall monitoring and supervision of SBM (Urban)
 - ii. Advise the States / UTs to explore avenues for innovative resource mobilization of private financing and leveraging land for PPP in sanitation projects.
 - iii. Approve installments and release of installment of funds for states / UTs by Central Government under the mission.
 - iv. Develop and modify performance matrix and criteria for the release of performance grants to States / UTs as specified in paragraph 10.3.3.
 - v. Monitor outcomes and performance of projects sanctioned under SBM (Urban)
 - vi. NARC may delegate, as it considers appropriate, some of the functions within prescribed limits, to the National Mission Director (NMD) of the SBM National Mission Directorate to ensure speedy implementation of the mission
- vii. Any other issue which may be referred to it by the Government
- 11.1.2. The **SBM National Mission Directorate** will be headed by a National Mission Director (NMD) who will not be below the rank of Joint Secretary to the Government of India.
 - i. The NMD will be the overall in-charge of all activities related to SBM (Urban). NMD will be supported by a suitable team of officers at the

- National Mission Directorate and will be Member-Secretary of NARC for all matters.
- ii. The Mission Directorate shall be supported by a dedicated Project Management Unit (PMU) with 10-12 experts and support staff mainly on an outsourced basis. The PMU shall cover 4 verticals Programme management, IEC & Media, Information Technology, and Monitoring & Evaluation.
- iii. The SBM National Mission Directorate will formulate a framework for support structure for the State Mission Directorates and issue appropriate guidelines / advisories to states from time-to-time.

11.2. State level

- 11.2.1. A **High Powered Committee (HPC)** under the chairpersonship of the State's Chief Secretary, and with members drawn from concerned departments (including a MoUD representative) shall be responsible for the management of SBM (Urban) at the State / UT level. The functions of the SLMRC will include:
 - Preparation, approval, and online publishing of the State Sanitation Strategy (SSS) for the respective state and City Sanitation Plan (CSP) for all cities covered under SBM (Urban), if not already done.
 - ii. Finalisation of the Concept Note on the Urban Sanitation Situation before submission to the SBM National Mission Directorate
- iii. Empanel consultants of repute and experience for:
 - a. Preparation of DPRs under SBM
 - b. Conducting independent review and monitoring during execution of projects
- iv. Empanel reputed Institutes like IITs, NIT's, State Technical Universities etc. for appraisal of DPRs.
- Sanction projects relating to Solid Waste Management recommended by the ULBs.
- vi. Plan for additional resource mobilization.
- vii. Plan for fund flow in the short, medium and long term
- viii. Recommend proposals for release of installments of funds for projects under the mission
- ix. Monitor outcome and O&M arrangements of projects sanctioned and completed under the mission

- x. Review the progress of Capacity Building, IEC, and Public Awareness activities under the mission and approve their annual action plan.
- xi. Address violation of norms and conditions
- xii. Ensure convergence of action for sanitation in the state and bring about inter-departmental coordination for this purpose as and when required.
- xiii. Ensure timely audits of funds released and review the "Action Taken Reports" on various Audit reports of the mission and other similar reports
- xiv. Review legal issues, if any
- xv. Take up any other matter relevant for the efficient implementation of the mission, or matters referred to it by the SBM National Mission Directorate
- 11.2.2. The **SBM State Mission Directorate** will be located within the Urban Development Department (UDD) in the State / UT.
 - The SBM State Mission Directorate will be headed by a State Mission Director (SMD) of appropriate seniority. The SMD will also function as Member-Secretary to the State Level HPC.
 - ii. The SMD will create / notify a uniform structure across the state for the planning, designing, project preparation, appraisal, sanction and implementation of sanctioned projects under the mission at the ULB level. This shall be done keeping in mind the advisories issued by the National Mission Directorate from time-to-time.
 - iii. The Mission Directorate shall be supported by a dedicated Project Management Unit (PMU) on an outsourced basis.

11.3. ULB level

The SBM is envisaged as People's movement (Jana Andolan) for ensuring hygiene, waste management and sanitation across the country. It is therefore essential that in its implementation the ULBs elicit the active participation of the Ward Committees, Area Sabhas, Resident Welfare Associations, NGOs and Civil Society Groups.

12. Monitoring & Evaluation (M&E)

12.1. States / UTs will be required to send in Monthly Progress Reports (MPRs) / Quarterly Progress Reports (QPRs) in prescribed formats with regard to targets and achievements. Apart from these, the Mission Directorate may prescribe other reports that may be considered appropriate from time to time. Given the scale of the mission, a comprehensive and robust IT enabled MIS will be established for tracking of targets and achievements. States / UTs will be required to submit progress reports online once this MIS is operational.

12.2. Monitoring activities will include, but not be limited to, third party evaluation, impact evaluation studies, etc. The evaluation of the mission will be undertaken during the course of its implementation to effect mid-term correction and align the mission to achieve its objectives

12.3. A District Level Review and Monitoring Committee (DLRMC) will be constituted with a view to fulfill the objective of ensuring satisfactory monitoring of projects under the Chairpersonship of a Member of Parliament. Detailed guidelines for this purpose will be issued separately by the SBM National Mission Directorate.

13. Logo and Tag line

The Logo and Tagline for the SBM (Urban) is given in *Annexure V*. This shall be displayed prominently on all projects and literature/publications under the mission.

Annexure I: Targets and definitions under SBM (Urban)

(Definitions reproduced from "House & Household Series Tables, Census of India 2011)

Targets under SBM (Urban)

For the purpose of SBM (Urban), the following action will have to be taken:

S. No.	Objective	Action under SBM (Urban) (Targets)	Census 2011 definition
i.		80% urban households defecating in the open to be targeted for construction of household toilets	No latrine within premises – open
ii.	Elimination of open defecation	20% urban households defecating in the open to be targeted for construction of community toilets	No latrine within premises – open
iii.		Construction of public toilets for floating population (presumed at 5% of total urban population)	Total urban population
iv.	Conversion of insanitary latrines	100% of urban households having insanitary latrines to be targeted for construction of household toilets	 Night soil disposed into open drain Service latrine with night soil removed by humans Service latrine with night soil serviced by animals
V.	Conversion of single pit latrines	60% of urban households having	 Pit latrines with slab

S. No.	Objective	Action under SBM (Urban) (Targets)	Census 2011 definition
		pit latrines	ventilated improved pit Pit latrines without slab / open pit
vi.	Solid Waste management	80% of the urban population to be covered by SWM services (allowing for a 2% increase year on year)	Total urban population

Definition of Types of latrines under Census 2011

As per the Census of India 2011, the following various types of latrine facilities were surveyed:

- Flush / pour flush latrine connected to piped sewer system: If a pour flush latrine is connected to a system of sewer pipes that collect both human excreta and waste water and removed them from the household environment
- 2. Flush / pour flush latrine connected septic tank: If a pour flush latrine is connected to a septic tank that collects both human excreta and wastewater and removes them from the household environment
- Flush / pour flush latrine connected other system: If the pour or pour-flush latrine is connected to any system other than a piped sewer system or septic tank e.g. excreta and waste water gets flushed into the street, yard / plot, drainage ditch or any other location
- 4. Pit latrines*: defecation into pits dug into the ground for reception of night soil directly without flushing.
 - a. <u>Pit latrine with slab</u>: A pit latrine with a squatting slab or platform or set firmly supported on all sides, and raised above the surrounding ground level to prevent surface water from entering the pit, and easy to clean.
 - b. <u>Pit latrine with ventilated improved pit</u>: Pit latrines with slabs that are ventilated by a pipe extending above the latrine roof and the open end of the vent pipe is covered with mesh or fly-proof net
 - c. Pit latrine without slab / open pit: Pit latrines without a squatting slab or platform or seat
 - *Census 2011 does not distinguish between single pit and twin pit latrines. However for SBM single pit latrines will be considered insanitary and shall be converted. Definition of twin pit latrine see Annexure II.
- 5. Night soil disposed into open drain: Where a latrine facility may exist, but the excreta and waste water is disposed directly into an open drain

- 6. <u>Service latrine</u>: where human excreta is collected in a bucket, or other container, or even allowed to collect in the open
 - a. With night soil removed by humans: where the human excreta is removed physically by human beings
 - b. With night soil serviced by animals: where the human excreta is removed physically by animals
- 7. No latrine within premises public latrine: Households have no latrines within the premises of the dwelling unit and use an available public latrine
- 8. <u>No latrine within premises open</u>: Households have no latrine within the premises of the dwelling unit and defecate in the open in areas such as open fields, bushes, rivers, streams, railway tracks, etc.
- 9. Insanitary latrine means a latrine which requires human excreta to be cleaned or otherwise handled manually, either in situ or an open drain or pit into which the excreta is discharged or flushed out, before the excreta fully decomposes in such manner as may be prescribed.(Chapter I Section 2(i)(e) The Prohibition of employment as manual scavengers & their Rehabilitation Act,2013)

The Census of India 2011 defines two broad kinds of urban areas as follows:

- Statutory towns are urban areas defined by administrative units that have been defined by 'statute' as urban such as municipal corporations, municipalities, cantonment boards, notified town area committees, town panchayats, or nagar palikas; and
- ii. **Census Towns**: All administrative units satisfying the following criteria: (i) it should have a minimum population of 5,000 persons; (ii) at least 75% of the male main working population should have been engaged in non-agricultural pursuits; and (iii) it should have a density of population of at least 400 persons per km² (1,000 per mile²)

Annexure II: Technical options for toilets under SBM (Urban)

This note explains the technical options for toilets that are recommended under the Swachh Bharat Mission (SBM) Urban.

On-Site Sanitation (OSS) vs. Underground Sewerage

Wherever a sewerage system is available within 30m from the proposed individual household, community or public toilets only the superstructure (i.e. toilets) may be constructed under SBM and connected to the existing sewerage system. No construction of treatment units such as twin pits, septic tank, bio-digester or bio- tank shall be allowed.

Features of OSS Systems

When sewage is collected, treated and/or disposed off at, or near the point of generation, without the use of an underground sewerage system, the system is called "on-site sanitation" (OSS) system. OSS systems are sanitation facilities provided for the use of individual households, community and the floating population. There are a number of situations when an underground sewerage system may not be feasible or desirable. For example, for smaller cities where construction of sewerage infrastructure may be expensive, or those cities that are in hilly areas or in undulating terrain where it may not be practical to construct a sewer network, or even in many cities that have grown organically and where not all households are connected to the existing sewerage network.

OSS systems consists of two main structures, the toilet (superstructure, including the pan and water closet) and the treatment unit. OSS retains waste in the vicinity of the toilet either in a pit, tank or vault. The treatment ranges from a basic sanitary facility such as twin-pit latrines, to a simple type of treatment system by combining a septic tank and a soak pit, or a bio-digester toilet (aerobic and anaerobic).

The following technological options for OSS are recommended under Swachh Bharat Mission (SBM) Urban for construction of Individual Household Latrines (IHL) / household toilets, group / shared latrines, and, community and public toilets

S. No.	oss	Kind	of Latrine:	S		
	Option	IHL	Shared Latrines	Community Toilets	Public Toilets	Application
1.	Twin-pit latrines / Leach Pits	1				 In low- to medium- density areas, particularly peri-urban areas, where there is space to install pits and where the digested sludge can be applied to

C	000	Kind	of Latrines	5		
S. No.	OSS Option	IHL	Shared Latrines	Community Toilets	Public Toilets	Application
						local fields and/or gardens as a fertilizer and soil conditioner • Where water use is in the range 30–50 liters per capita per day depending upon the characteristics of the soil or groundwater level
2.	Septic Tank System with soak pit	-		•		 Septic tanks are widely used to provide partial treatment of wastewater from individual homes, household clusters or institutional buildings where there is no sewerage network. For soak pits to function, soil conditions must be suitable for infiltration of effluent from septic tanks
3.	Bio- digester toilets (Anaerobic - developed by DRDO)				1	 Widely used to provide 80% treatment of wastewater from IHL, household clusters or institutional buildings where there is no sewerage network. The effluent should be passed through a reed bed or soak pit before discharge. For soak pits to function, soil conditions must be suitable for infiltration of effluent from septic tanks
4.	Aerobic BioTank	1	1	1	1	Widely used to provide 100% treatment of

S.	oss	Kind	of Latrines	3		
No.	Option	IHL	Shared Latrines	Community Toilets	Public Toilets	Application
						wastewater from IHL, clusters of houses or institutional building where there is no sewerage networks. The effluent can be directly discharged since it is completely safe; Chlorination is followed after treatment

Technical features and specification for toilets under SBM (Urban)

The details of technical features and specifications for toilets are given as under. The costs are simply estimates at this point of time and should be verified at the time of selection and installation of the technology.

I. Twin-Pit Latrine

Description	It consists of superstructure (Toilet) and treatment units (two chambers). The two underground chambers (pits) are provided to hold fecal sludge. These are normally offset from the toilet and should be at least 1 meter apart. A single pipe leads from the toilet to a small diversion chamber, from which separate pipes lead to the two underground chambers. The pits should be lined with open-jointed brickwork. Each pit should be designed to hold at least 12 months accumulation of fecal sludge. Wastewater is discharged to one chamber until it is full of fecal sludge. Discharge is then switched to the second chamber. Just before the second chamber is full of fecal sludge, the contents of the first pit are dug out. During the time of storage, digestion should ensure that it is odorless and free of pathogens.
O&M Requirements	The pits must be used alternately and the diversion chamber must be accessible so that flow can be diverted between chambers. Wastewater should never be diverted back to the first chamber before digested sludge has been removed from it. Responsibility for O&M of the twin-pit latrine rests primarily with the householder, who needs to ensure that the pits are used in the correct sequence and are emptied at the appropriate time.

Additional Infrastructure / treatment requirements	However, ULB utility or private contractors are required for emptying and to ensure safe disposal of septage at a treatment plant. If digested material cannot be used in local fields and gardens, provision will have to be made for transportation to areas outside the city for reuse on agricultural land. • Households may not understand the system and as a result may not use the pits alternately, or may omit to rest the filled pit at least for one year so that the contents degrade and become							
Limitations	 Explar therefore Water pollute used for the formula to the form	ess. nation of ore esse may per e ground or drink	f the oper ential at the ercolate the dwater, wing.	ation and e time of nrough th hich is a	l maintena installation e soil surr	ince requ i. rounding problem	irements is the pit and if water is	
Specifications	(b) Materi Unit (c) Minim (deper	a. 750 b. 800 ial – Bri num La nding u en two	mm x 900 mm x 100 ick work (a and Requ pon the k	mm x 19 0 mm x 1 as per Fig uirement ocation o	900mm; or 1900 mm J. 1) / FRP/ - 40 Sof of superstr	/ Pre-cast q. ft ucture ar	t Cylindrical 60 Sq. ft. nd distance	
ai.		5 user		10 use	rs** Depth	15 use	Depth	
		Dia	Depth (A)	Dia	(A)	Dia	(A)	
	Pit size	900	1000	1100	1300	1300	1400	
	*- only for IHL **- Group household toilets The specification for pits given at Fig 2 may be referred to.							
Cost (for 5	Tentative	cost va	ries from	Rs. 15,00			depending	
users)	upon the	construc	ction mate	upon the construction material.				

DESIGN OF PITS UNDER DIFFERENT CONDITIONS							
Normal conditions	A typical pour flush latrine with circular pits for normal conditions is shown in Figure 2. In rocky strata with a soil layer in between, the leach pits can be designed on the same principle as those for low subsoil water level and taking the long-term infiltrative capacity as 20 l/m2/d. However, in rocks with fissures, chalk formations, old root channels, pollution can flow for very long distances; hence these condition demand careful investigation and adoption of adequate pollution safeguards. Pits in						

	black cotton soil should be designed taking infiltrative rate of 10 l/m²/d. A vertical fill (envelope) of 300 mm in width with sand, gravel or ballast of small sizes should be provided all round the pit outside the pit lining in rocky strata with fissures and in black cotton soil.
In water- logged areas	The pit top should be raised by 300 mm above the likely level of water above ground level at the time of water logging. Earth should then be filled well compacted all-round the pits up to 1.0 m distance from the pit and up to its top. The raising of the pit will necessitate the raising of latrine floor also. A typical pour flush latrine in water-logged areas is shown in Figure 3 .
In high subsoil water level	Where the subsoil water level rises to less than 300 mm below ground level, the top of the pits should be raised by 300 mm above the likely subsoil water level and earth should be filled all round the pits and latrine floor raised as stated above. A typical pour flush latrine with leach pits in high subsoil water level is shown in Figure 4.
Where space is a constraint	Where circular pits of standard sizes cannot be constructed due to space constraints, deeper pit with small diameter (not less than 750 mm), or combined oval, square or rectangular pits divided into two equal compartments by a partition wall may be provided. In case of combined pits and the partition wall should not have holes. The partition wall should go 225 mm deeper than the pit lining and plastered on both sides with cement mortar. A typical pour flush latrine with combined pits is shown in Figure 5.

II. Septic Tank

Description	A septic tank is a buried chamber that collects, stores and treats the wastewater under anaerobic conditions. Effluent from septic tanks should be discharged into a soak pit. A well-managed septic tank will remove about 50 to 60 % of the biological load in the wastewater
Mode of operation	Solids settle in the tank and digest anaerobically. This reduces sludge volume and enables wastewater to infiltrate into the ground without clogging the leaching system. Sludge settles in the tank and digests anaerobically over time, releasing methane and other gases.
O&M Requirements	Septage must be removed from septic tanks at least once every 2 or 3 years and transported off-site for treatment prior to disposal. Municipal utility or private contractors are required for desludging of septic tanks and to ensure safe disposal of septage at a treatment plant. However the responsibility for O&M of the septic tank itself lies with the owner of the property
Limitations	 Cost and space requirements for the soak pit. Though septic tanks are designed for receiving black water, they often receive both black and grey water. As a result, the retention time in the septic tank is insufficient and the soak pit becomes hydraulically overloaded. This means that the septic tanks need to be de-sludged regularly
Specifications	 (a) Size options for toilet / super structure as shown in Fig. 1 750 mm x 900 mm x 1900mm or 800 mm x 1000 mm x 1900 mm (b) Material – Brick work (as per Fig. 1) / FRP / Pre-cast Cylindrical Unit (c) Minimum Land requirement - 40 Sq. ft. to 50 Sq. ft. (depending upon the location of superstructure) (d) Soak-pit size - The seepage pit may be of any suitable shape with the least cross-sectional dimension of 0.90 m and not less than 1 m in depth below the invert level of the inlet pipe. The construction shall be of perforated brickwork

(e) Recommended sizes of septic tanks for households (up to 20 users – group / shared toilets) is given in Table 2 below:

No. of users	Length (m)	Breadth (m)		epth (m) interval of)
		- Casalinest V	2 years	3 years
5*	1.5	0.75	1.0	1.05
10**	2.0	0.90	1.0	1.4
15**	2.0	0.90	1.3	2.00
20**	2.3	1.10	1.3	1.80

^{*-} only for IHL

Note 1: The capacities are recommended on the assumption that discharge from only WC will be treated in the septic tank

Note 2: A provision of 300 mm should be made for free broad.

Note 3: The sizes of septic tank are based on certain assumption on peak discharges, as estimated in IS: 2470 (part 1) and while choosing the size of septic tank exact calculations shall be made.

Cost (for 5 users)

- Tentative cost varies from Rs. 25,000/- to Rs. 30,000/- depending upon the construction material (toilet and septic tank).
- Pre fabricated septic tanks are available at lower cost in the market, which also may be explored to speed up the implementation.

III. Biodigester Toilet (Developed by DRDO)

Description	A bio-digester toilet is an anaerobic multi-compartment tank with inoculum (anaerobic bacteria) which digests organic material biologically. The details of bio-digester toilets are shown in Figure 7 . This system converts faecal waste into usable water and gases in an eco-friendly manner. It can be connected to the toilet or a series of toilets. The toilet can be a superstructure fixed on the bio-digester or a separate unit. Bio-digester has an inlet, an outlet and a gas pipe.
	The tank has two components, namely, anaerobic microbial inoculum (seed bacteria) and specially designed fermentation tank. The tank can be made out of Stainless steel, Mild steel, FRP or concrete. Semi-treated water from bio-digester tank is needed to be further disposed into a soak pit or a reed bed arrangement for its treatment to acceptable levels of discharge.
	 As there is no sludge formation, there is no need for de-sludging and treatment. It is therefore more economical in the long-term as it conserves water and has minimum O&M Night soil degradation, occurs through microbial reaction which converts it into bio gas and odorless water. Technology is environmental friendly, maintenance free and efficient without
Advantages	depending on conventional energy sources.

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Lifelong usage bio-digester tank does not need recharging, re-shifting or

Permits use of toilet cleansing agents. Suitable for mobile and stationary platforms.

Costs lesser than the conventional toilets.

Easy to transport and install.

maintenance.

^{**-} Group household toilets

	 One-third to one- 	fourth capacity of	septic tank		
	 Space requireme 				
Limitations	•				
	Toilet Superstructu	re			
	(a) Size of Toilet	/ super structure	as shown in Fig. 1		
	• 750 mm	x 900 mm x 1900	mm or		
		x 1000 mm x 190			
	(b) Material – Bri	ck work (as per F	g. 1) / FRP/ Pre cast C	ylindrical Unit	
	Bio tank				
	(a) Land requirer				
			6 mm x1036 mm x 900		
	(c) Diagonal part	d 600mm doon a	thickness (adequately s nd anchored by 300ms	stiffened by ribs)	
		nor bolts at corner		in long stainless ste	
	(e) FRP tanks of				
	(f) Provision of water sealed outlet from the tank				
	(g) For 5-6 users:				
Specifications					
	Where space is a constraint the depth of the tank can be increased				
	to 1.5 m b. Volume of anaerobic Compartment (30% of total capacity): 210				
	 b. Volume of anaerobic Compartment (30% of total capacity): 210 litres 				
	c. Tank may be constructed with masonry also.				
	c. Tank	may be constructed	ed with masonry also.		
			•		
	Table 3 - Volume of b	io-digester tank fo	or various user groups:		
	Table 3 - Volume of b	io-digester tank fo	or various user groups:	Remarks	
	Table 3 - Volume of b No. of users 4-8 (Single family)	Size of bio	or various user groups: o-digester / bio-toilet RP / RCC material)	Individual	
	Table 3 - Volume of b No. of users 4-8 (Single family) 8-15 (two families)	Size of bid 0.7m ³ (F	or various user groups: o-digester / bio-toilet RP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material)		
	Table 3 - Volume of b No. of users 4-8 (Single family) 8-15 (two families) 30-50	io-digester tank for Size of bio 0.7m ³ (F 1.2 m ³ (F 3.2 m ³ (F	or various user groups: o-digester / bio-toilet FRP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material)	Individual	
	Table 3 - Volume of b No. of users 4-8 (Single family) 8-15 (two families) 30-50 100-120	io-digester tank for Size of bio 0.7m ³ (F 1.2 m ³ (F 3.2 m ³ (F 6.0 m ³ (F	r various user groups: b-digester / bio-toilet RP / RCC material) RP / RCC material) RP / RCC material) RP / RCC material)	Individual Group / shared	
8	Table 3 - Volume of b No. of users 4-8 (Single family) 8-15 (two families) 30-50 100-120 200-220	io-digester tank for Size of bio 0.7m ³ (F 1.2 m ³ (F 6.0 m ³ (F 12.0 m ³ (F 12	r various user groups: o-digester / bio-toilet RP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material)	Individual	
	Table 3 - Volume of b No. of users 4-8 (Single family) 8-15 (two families) 30-50 100-120 200-220 500-600	io-digester tank for Size of bid 0.7m³ (F 1.2 m³ (F 3.2 m³ (F 6.0 m³ (F 12.0 m² (F 12.0	r various user groups: o-digester / bio-toilet RP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material)	Individual Group / shared Community	
	Table 3 - Volume of b No. of users 4-8 (Single family) 8-15 (two families) 30-50 100-120 200-220 500-600 Toilet cost be	io-digester tank for Size of bid 0.7m³ (F 1.2 m³ (F 3.2 m³ (F 6.0 m³ (F 12.0 m² (F 12.0	r various user groups: o-digester / bio-toilet RP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material)	Individual Group / shared Community	
	Table 3 - Volume of b No. of users 4-8 (Single family) 8-15 (two families) 30-50 100-120 200-220 500-600 Toilet cost be construction;	io-digester tank for Size of bio 0.7m³ (F 1.2 m³ (F 6.0 m³ (F 12.0 m² (F 12.0	or various user groups: o-digester / bio-toilet RP / RCC material) RP / RCC material) RP / RCC material) RP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material) o and Rs. 15,000 dependent	Individual Group / shared Community	
	Table 3 - Volume of b No. of users 4-8 (Single family) 8-15 (two families) 30-50 100-120 200-220 500-600 Toilet cost be construction; Bio-digester to	io-digester tank for Size of bid 0.7m³ (F 1.2 m³ (F 3.2 m³ (F 6.0 m³ (F 12.0 m² (F 12.0	or various user groups: o-digester / bio-toilet RP / RCC material) RP / RCC material) RP / RCC material) RP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material) o and Rs. 15,000 dependent	Individual Group / shared Community	
	Table 3 - Volume of b No. of users 4-8 (Single family) 8-15 (two families) 30-50 100-120 200-220 500-600 Toilet cost be construction;	0.7m ³ (F 0.7m ³ (F 1.2 m ³ (F 3.2 m ³ (F 6.0 m ³ (F 12.0 m ³ (F 30.0 m ³ (F 20.0 m ³ (F) 20.0 m ³ (F)	or various user groups: o-digester / bio-toilet RP / RCC material) RP / RCC material) RP / RCC material) RP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material) o and Rs. 15,000 dependent	Individual Group / shared Community ending on material of	
Cost	Table 3 - Volume of b No. of users 4-8 (Single family) 8-15 (two families) 30-50 100-120 200-220 500-600 Toilet cost be construction; Bio-digester to	io-digester tank for Size of bio 0.7m³ (F 1.2 m³ (F 3.2 m³ (F 6.0 m³ (F 12.0 m³ (F 12.0 m³ (F 12.0 m² (F 12.0	or various user groups: o-digester / bio-toilet FRP / RCC material) O and Rs. 15,000 deposits below:	Individual Group / shared Community ending on material of	
Cost Estimates	Table 3 - Volume of b No. of users 4-8 (Single family) 8-15 (two families) 30-50 100-120 200-220 500-600 Toilet cost be construction; Bio-digester tank ->	0.7m ³ (F 0.7m ³ (F 1.2 m ³ (F 3.2 m ³ (F 6.0 m ³ (F 12.0 m ³ (F 30.0 m ³ (F 20.0 m ³ (F) 20.0 m ³ (F)	or various user groups: o-digester / bio-toilet FRP / RCC material) O and Rs. 15,000 depositions below: Material of constructions	Individual Group / shared Community ending on material of	
	Table 3 - Volume of b No. of users 4-8 (Single family) 8-15 (two families) 30-50 100-120 200-220 500-600 Toilet cost be construction; Bio-digester tank -> No. of users /	Size of bid 0.7m³ (F 1.2 m³ (F 3.2 m³ (F 6.0 m³ (F 12.0 m³ (F	or various user groups: O-digester / bio-toilet FRP / RCC material) O and Rs. 15,000 dependence Delow: Material of constructi Precast Cylindrical Unit	Individual Group / shared Community ending on material of	
	Table 3 - Volume of b No. of users 4-8 (Single family) 8-15 (two families) 30-50 100-120 200-220 500-600 Toilet cost be construction; Bio-digester tank -> No. of users / Capacity	io-digester tank for Size of bio 0.7m³ (F 1.2 m³ (F 3.2 m³ (F 6.0 m³ (F 12.0 m³ (F 12.0 m³ (F 12.0 m² (F 12.0	or various user groups: O-digester / bio-toilet FRP / RCC material) O and Rs. 15,000 dependence Delow: Material of constructi	Individual Group / shared Community ending on material of	
	Table 3 - Volume of b No. of users 4-8 (Single family) 8-15 (two families) 30-50 100-120 200-220 500-600 Toilet cost be construction; Bio-digester tank -> No. of users / Capacity 5 to 7 users	Size of bid 0.7m³ (F 1.2 m³ (F 3.2 m³ (F 6.0 m³ (F 12.0 m³ (F 30.0 m³ (F ank as per Table 4	r various user groups: o-digester / bio-toilet RP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material) FRP / RCC material) O and Rs. 15,000 depo	Individual Group / shared Community ending on material of on Fiber reinforced plastic 22,000	
	Table 3 - Volume of b No. of users 4-8 (Single family) 8-15 (two families) 30-50 100-120 200-220 500-600 Toilet cost be construction; Bio-digester tank -> No. of users / Capacity 5 to 7 users (700 Litre)	Size of bid 0.7m³ (F 1.2 m³ (F 3.2 m³ (F 6.0 m³ (F 12.0 m³ (F	or various user groups: O-digester / bio-toilet FRP / RCC material) O and Rs. 15,000 dependence Delow: Material of constructi Precast Cylindrical Unit	Individual Group / shared Community ending on material of	

IV. Bio Tank / Bio Toilets (Patented by private operators and approved by the Department of Science and Technology)

	This technology differs from that of the bio-digester toilets developed
Description	by DRDO since the process adopted is aerobic - which involves a
	different multi-strain of bacteria which breaks down the waste matter
	through oxidization. Bio-toilets consist of a purpose built multi-

	chambered bio-tank in which the waste is stored as shown in Figure 8. The movement of the waste is slowed down as the waste flows from one chamber to another by a special process in the Bio-tank such that the multi-strain bio-media present in the tank can digest the waste and convert it fully into non-toxic neutral water. This water then passes through the last chamber for disinfection. Here water is treated with Chlorine where the majority of the germs are killed. The resultant water is free from all sorts of E-coli and fecal coliforms. The bricks and mortar Bio-tank is described in the last diagramme of Figure 8. The superstructure is made of bricks and mortar. These are
Advantages	 Aerobic bacteria are very efficient in breaking down organic waste and the waste is decomposed into water by the bacteria within 24 hours. The end products of aerobic degradation are carbon dioxide (CO₂) and water (H₂O). The aerobic pathway also releases a substantial amount of energy. The Bio-toilet is available in both, portable as well as fixed models. The advantage of the portable model is that it can be shifted from one location to another as and when required, and the module can be assembled and disassembled easily. The Bio-toilet eliminates the need for any periodic sludge removal.
Limitations	 The bacteria functions best in temperatures between 4 and 55 degrees centigrade Bio-toilets need proper bacteria inoculation periodically depending on the usage at particular sites. An in-depth understanding of the operation and use of toilets in a given area must be undertaken BEFORE choosing bio-toilets as a solution. Attention must be given to O&M, especially in dense urban settlements where chances of blockage of bio-toilets increase, making it dysfunctional over a period of time if the inoculation is not done in time. Phenyl/ Harpic or any strong detergent/acid and bleaching powder should not be used to clean the pan. Only herbal / ayurvedic cleaning agents should be used. Chlorine dose is necessary for disinfection.
O&M	Responsibility of cleaning the toilet / superstructure is with the owner of the household in the case of IHLs / shared latrines and with the ULB in the case of community / public toilets.
Specifications	 (a) Size of Toilet/ Super Structure as shown in Fig. 1 – 750 mm x 900 mm x 1900mm or 800 mm x 1000 mm x 1900 mm

(b) Material – Bricks and Mortar walls of Bio Digester tank and Superstructure, PCC tank floor, RCC toilet floor, PVC Door and Frame, RCC/PVC/GI sheet Toilet Roof.

(c) The Bio-toilet system consists of:

- Bio digester Tank(Bricks & Mortar/FRP/Steel),
- Superstructure(Bricks & Mortar/FRP)
- Indian Pan/WC
- Size: 4 feet x 4 feet tank base, 4 feet tank height, 6 feet superstructure height.
- Maximum usage recommended: 30 defecations/ day/ bio-toilet (no limit on urination)

(d) Land requirement - 16 Sq. ft.

Cost Estimates

The tentative cost of bio-toilet including super structure is approximately Rs.20,000/– depending upon material of construction. The bio-toilets should be supplied by the manufacturers, and the O&M for at least 5 years (including the feeding of inoculum in the periodicity needed) along with IEC (to train users for O&M) by the manufacturer / supplier also should be built into the undertaking.

Norms & Specifications for Community and Public Toilets

Description	of residents used prima and/or land this kind of o washing, ba the commun	ity toilet block s or an entire same constraints OSS systems. It athing, and a small hity ets are provided aces such as ethere is a cons	settlement. Come informal c. Pour flush dis also advistial incinerato and for the flomarkets, trai	ommunity toil settlements option is gen able to provid r in this block eating populat n stations or	et blocks are where space erally used in e facilities like for the use of ion / general other public
		ded sizes of se sers) is given be			public toilets
Septic tanks for public /	No. of users	Length (m)	Breadth (m)		depth interval of)
community			(111)	2 years	3 years
toilets	50	5.0	2.00	1.0	1.24
toneta	100	7.5	2.65	1.0	1.24
	150	10.0	3.00	1.0	1.24
	200	12.0	3.30	1.0	4.24
			0.00	1.0	1.24

	Engine Note 1: Note 2: dischar septic t Note 3	ering A provision of The sizes of ges, as estima ank exact calc	ewerage and Sewage Treatment f 300 mm should be made for the septic tanks are based on certain ated in IS: 2470 (Part 1) and with culations shall be made. fion over 100, the tank may maintenance and cleaning	free board. ain assumptions on peak	
Community	•	Ono boat i			
Toilet -	•		or 25 women pathing facilities		
Norms for		Auequate i	during racinites		
toilet seats	Norma	for toilet se	ets for public toilets are gi	ven in Table 6 helow:	
	S. No.	Sanitary Unit	For Male	For Female (A)	
	***	Water Closet	One per 100 persons up to 400 persons; For over 400 persons, add at the rate of one per 250 persons or part thereof	Two for 100 persons up to 200 persons; over 200 persons, add at the rate of one per 100 persons or part thereof	
Bublic Toilets	ii.	Ablution Taps	One in each W.C.	One in each W. C.	
- Norms for toilets	iii.	Urinals	One for 50 persons or part thereof	Nil	
tollet seats	iv. basins urinal provided One per W. C. provided				
	Source: Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013 Part A Engineering Note: i) It may be assumed that two-thirds of the number are males and one- third females ii) One water tap with drainage arrangements shall be provided for every 50 persons or part thereof in the vicinity of water closet and urinals. * At least 50% of female WCs may be Indian pan and 50% EWC iii) Separate seat may also be provided for trans-genders iv) Special arrangements may be made for physically challenged.				
Treatment units	2. 3.	Bio Tank Septic Tan	er with reed bed systems/		
Cost	and p seat v const	oublic toilets vould vary d ruction, type	is Rs. 75,000/- per sea depending upon the consti e of treatment technolog etc. However the cost of t	is Rs. 65,000/- per seat t. However, the cost per ruction material, quality of y adopted and O&M for toilet in bio-digester given	

	Superstructure 5 Cubicle f	or 200 users	
	Pre Painted galvanized Sheets	Masonry	Cement Board
	Rs. 1,63,000.00/-	Rs.95,000.00/-	Rs. 80,000.00/-
	Superstructure 10 Cubicle	for 400 users	
	Pre Painted galvanized Sheets	Masonry	Cement Board
April continues and april	Rs.3,26,000.00/-	Rs. 1,80,000.00/-	Rs. 1,60,000.00/-
	Bio Digester Tank 10 KLD	for every 200 us	ers
	Masonry		
	Rs. 1,74,000.00/- per 200 user		
		ong =	P.V.
Additional Infrastructure	It must be ensured that ade be made for proper function possible, ULBs should ensure outfitted with solar pantiensure uninterrupted power	ning and upkeep ure that public ar els for the gener	of toilets. Whereve nd community toilets ation of electricity to
Implementation Mode	All toilets shall be constru provision of O&M for at leas	cted through PP	P mode with inbuil

For additional details the guidelines developed by NBCC can be downloaded. (www.nbccindia.gov.in)

Figures

Figure 1: Detailed layout of toilet

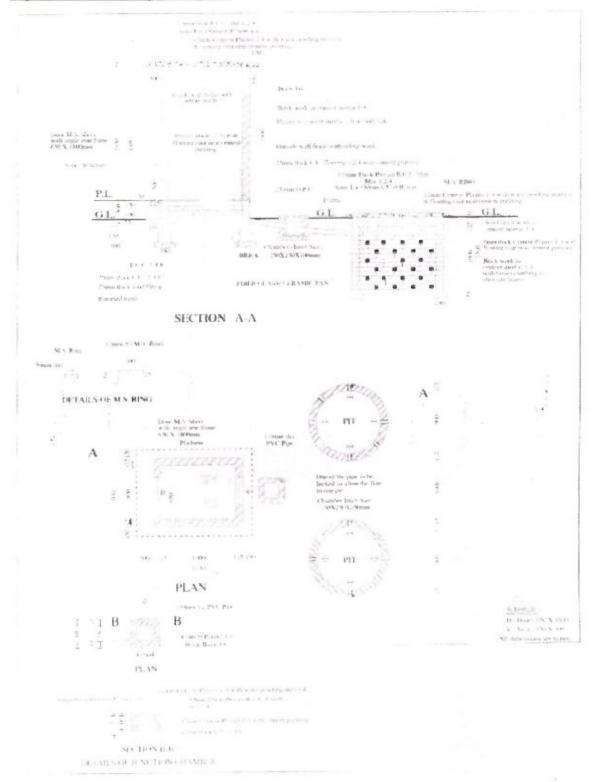


Figure 2: Pour-flush latrine with circular pits

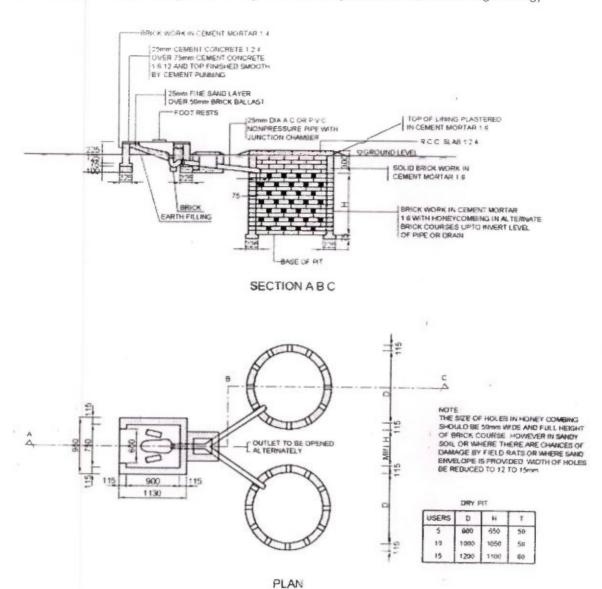
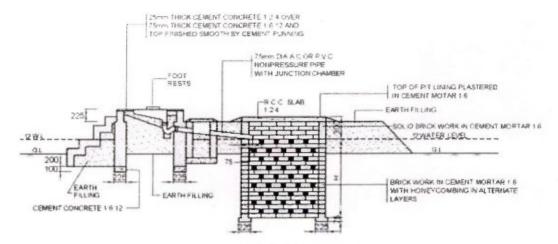


Figure 3: Pour-flush latrine in water-logged areas



SECTION A B C

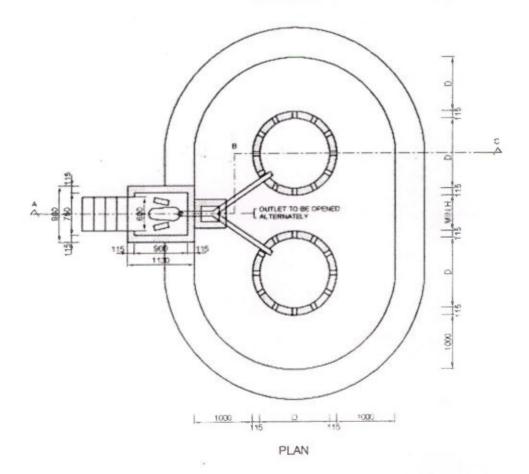
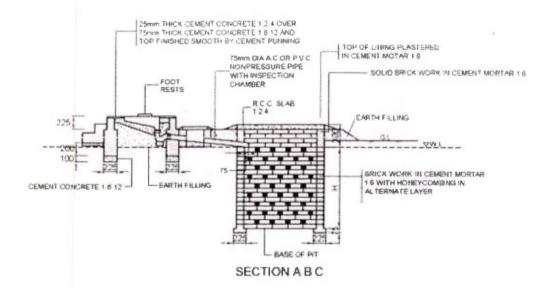


Figure 4: Leach pits in high subsoil water level



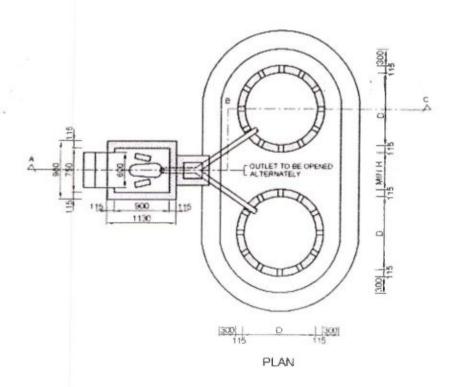
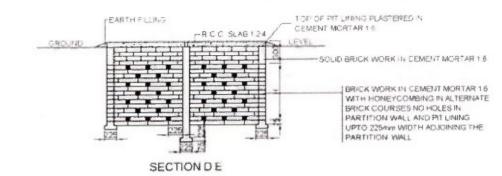


Figure 5: Pour-flush latrine with combined pits



BRICK WORK IN CEMENT MOSTAR 1 6 25mm CEMENT CONCRETE 1:24 DIVER 75/win CEMENT CONCRETE 1 6 12 AND TOP FINISHED SMOOTH BY CEMENT PURISHED 25mm THICK FINE SAND LAYER OVER 50mm THICK BRICK BALLAST FOOT RESTS 75mm DIA A C OR F V C NONPRESSURE PIPE WITH JUNCTION CHAMBER TOP OF PIT LINING PLASTERED IN CEMEN? MORTAR 16 - RCC SAB124 TOROUND LEVEL GROUND SOLID BRICK WORK IN CEMENT MORTAR 1 6 BRICH WORK IN COMENT MORTAR

1 6 WITH MONEYCOMBING IN ALTERNATE

BRICK COURSES UPTO INVERT LEVEL

DE PIPE OR DRAIN CC1612-BASE OF PIT SECTIONABC

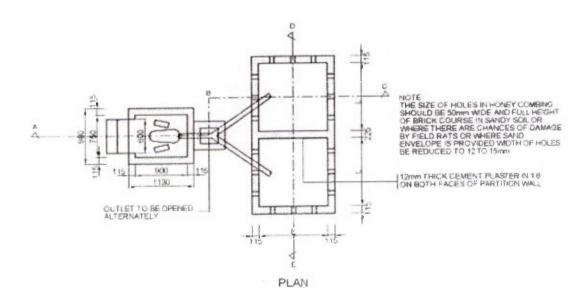


Figure 6: Typical sketch of two-compartment septic tank for 5 users

(Source: Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013, Part A: Engineering)

(Dimensions in mm)

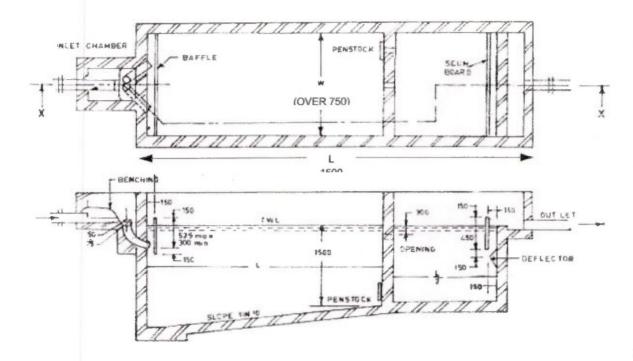


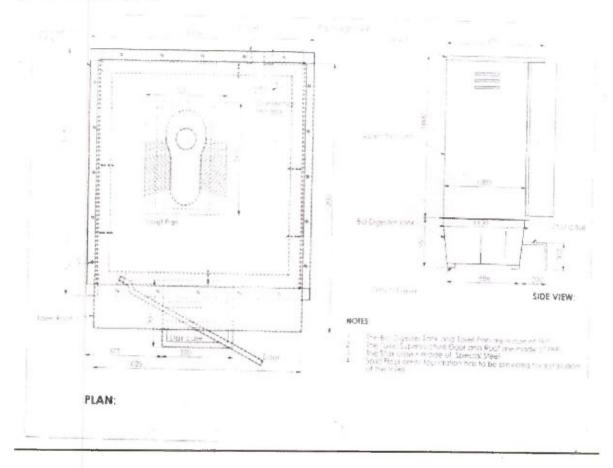
Figure 7: Details of bio-digester with reed bed

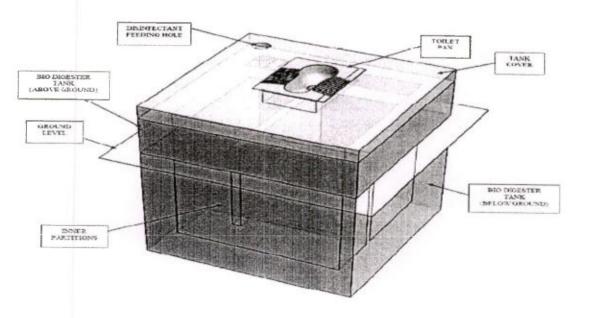
(Source: DRDO)

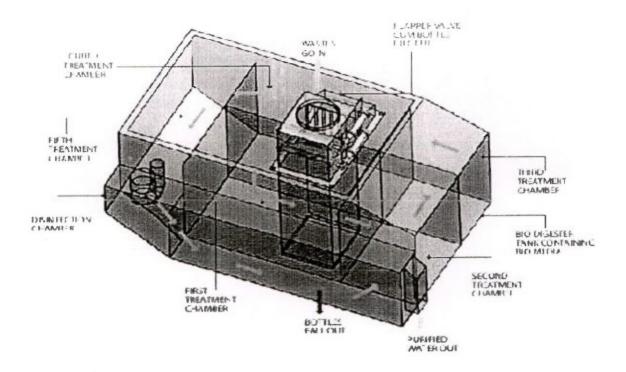


Figure 8: Details of Bio-Toilet

(Source: Private Agency)







Annexure III: Distribution of the Project Fund across States / UTs under SBM (Urban)

Status / ITs	POPULATION OF STATUTORY TOWNS	JTORY TOWNS	STATUT	STATUTORY TOWNS	OPEN DEFECATION	CATION	Fund Share*
	Pop. (minus OG)	Population Share (%)	No.	ST Share %	H	HH Share	(%)
All-India	31,85,49,793	The state of the s	4.041		79 02 614		THE PERSON NAMED IN
NON-NE STATES	31,20,08,498	A STREET OF THE PERSON OF THE	3,823		78.59.648		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS	1,08,058	0.03%	1	0.03%	1.209	0.02%	0 03%
ANDHRA PRADESH	2,30,04,396	7.37%	125	3.27%	5,81,673	7.40%	5.32%
BIHAR	1,12,41,824	3.60%	139	3.64%	5,46,409	6.95%	3.62%
CHANDIGARH	9,61,587	0.31%	1	0.03%	6,397	0.08%	0.17%
сннаттіѕдакн	56,87,885	1.82%	168	4.39%	4,15,147	5.28%	3.11%
DADRA & NAGAR HAVEL!	98,265	0.03%	1	0.03%	1,992	0.03%	0.03%
DAMAN & DIU	68,273	0.02%	2	0.05%	678	0.01%	0.04%
GOA	4,01,929	0.13%	14	0.37%	5,788	0.07%	0.25%
GUJARAT	2,31,88,334	7.43%	195	5.10%	3,88,836	4.95%	6.27%
HARYANA	78,61,917	2.52%	80	2.09%	1,28,059	1.63%	2.31%
HIMACHAL PRADESH	6,58,036	0.21%	56	1.46%	10,911	0.14%	0.84%
JAMMU & KASHMIR	29,40,098	0.94%	98	2.25%	44,501	0.57%	1.60%
JHARKHAND	53,05,359	1.70%	40	1.05%	2,54,374	3.24%	1.37%
KARNATAKA	2,21,63,498	7.10%	220	5.75%	5,34,829	6.80%	6.43%
KERALA	52,47,614	1.68%	59	1.54%	18,429	0.23%	1.61%
MADHYA PRADESH	1,87,83,104	6.02%	364	9.52%	7,89,555	10.05%	7.77%
MAHARASHTRA	4,67,83,521	14.99%	256	6.70%	6,94,830	8.84%	10.85%
NCT OF DELHI	1,14,02,709	3.65%	n	%80.0	62,210	0.79%	1.87%
ODISHA	59,69,842	1.91%	107	2.80%	4,08,170	5.19%	2.36%
PUDUCHERRY	7,48,267	0.24%	9	0.16%	18,941	0.24%	0.20%
PUNJAB	95,55,705	3.06%	143	3.74%	1,02,026	1.30%	3.40%
KAJASTHAN	1.57.17.489	5.04%	185	A 9.1%	000 10 1	7007	1000

	POPULATION OF STATUTORY TOWNS	UTORY TOWNS	STATUT	STATUTORY TOWNS	OPEN DEFECATION	CATION	Fund Share*
States/UTs	Pop. (minus OG)	Population Share (%)	No.	ST Share %	¥ H	HH Share %	(%)
TAMIL NADU	2,98,32,766	9.56%	721	18.86%	11,28,692	14.36%	14.21%
UTTAR PRADESH	4,06,94,476	13.04%	648	16.95%	9,65,922	12.29%	15.00%
UTTARAKHAND	24,89,380	0.80%	74	1.94%	19,206	0.24%	1.37%
WEST BENGAL	2,10,94,166	6.76%	129	3.37%	2,99,574	3.81%	5.07%
NE STATES	65,41,295		218		42,966		
ARUNACHAL PRADESH	3,13,557	4.79%	26	11.93%	4,241	9.87%	8.36%
ASSAM	33,19,375	50.74%	88	40.37%	27,900	64.94%	45.56%
MANIPUR	6,36,625	9.73%	28	12.84%	3,427	7.98%	11.29%
MEGHALAYA	3,75,930	. 5.75%	10	4.59%	1,887	4.39%	5.17%
MIZORAM	5,71,771	8.74%	23	10.55%	1,019	2.37%	9.65%
NAGALAND	5,05,440	7.73%	19	8.72%	2,279	5.30%	8.22%
SIKKIM	1,47,695	2.26%	80	3.67%	719	1.67%	2.96%
TRIPURA	6,70,902	10.26%	16	7.34%	1,494	3.48%	8.80%

Annexure IV

Concept Note on State Urban Sanitation Strategy for the State of _____

PART A: Parameters determining the existing urban sanitation situation

1	State Profile	
1.1	Name of the state	
1.2	Total Urban Population as per 2011 Census	
1.3	Number of Statutory towns 1 as per Census 2011	
1.4	Number of Census towns 2 as per Census 2011	
1.5	Population of statutory towns (as per Census 2011)	
1.6	Population of census towns (as per Census 2011)	
1.7	Total number of urban households	

2	Status of Sanitation Situation as per Census 2011[FOR STATUTORY TOWNS ONLY]	Total nos. as per Annexure 1 (State)*
2.1	Number of urban households resorting to open defecation (not in premises - open)	
2.2	Number of urban households having pit latrines	
2.3	Number of urban households having insanitary latrines	

3	Solid waste management (tentative quantity based on per capita waste generation) [FOR STATUTORY TOWNS ONLY]	Total (State)*
3.1	Total Solid waste generated (in MT)	
3.2	Total Waste collected (in MT)	
3.3	Total Waste Transported (in MT)	
3.4	No. of cities with SWM Disposal Facility	
3.5	Total Waste treated (in MT)	

^{*}City-wise information may also be added wherever available.

PART B: Institutional Mechanism for Swachh Bharat Mission (SBM) - Urban

	Provide Details			
Name of the Nodal Agency for SBM	[Provide name of Nodal Agency; else if not designated, provide details of process by which nodal agency will be appointed]			
Name and Designation of Nodal Officer with contact no.	[Provide name of Nodal Officer; else if not designated, provide details of process by which nodal officer will be appointed]			
Institutional Mechanism		Start date (Month / Year)	End date (Month / Year)	
a. Constitution of the State- level High Powered Committee (S- HPC)	[Provide details of S-HPC; else if not constituted, provide details of process by which S-HPC will be constituted; timeline should be max. within 1 month of submission of concept note]			
b. Setting up of State Mission Directorate	[Provide details of Mission Directorate; else if not constituted, provide details of process by which Mission Directorate will be constituted; timeline should be max. within 1 month of submission of concept note]			
c. Setting up of PMU at the state-level under SBM	[Provide details of PMU set-up; else if not set- up, provide details of process by which PMU will be put in place; timeline should be max. within 3 months of submission of concept note!			
Submission of State Sanitation Strategy as per the National Urban Sanitation Policy, 2008 (please refer Ministry's website www.moud.gov.in)		Start date (Month / Year)	Date of submission (Month / Year)	

PART C: Component-wise action plan for Swachh Bharat Mission (SBM) - Urban

Physical Targets

1		Targets	Baseline 2014	Cumulative Estimated Projection upto2019	Reasons/Justification based on 2001-2011 data and other factors	Target 2014- 15	Target 2015- 16	Target 2016- 17	Target 2017- 18	Target 2018- 19 (up to Oct, 2019)	Cumulative Target (2014-19)
A*	a	Construction of new individual household latrines (IHL)									[100% of 2014 baseline]
	b	Conversion of pit latrines into sanitary latrines	[Part A, 2.2.4]								[60% of 2014 baseline]
	С	Conversion of insanitary latrines into sanitary latrines	[Part A, 2.2.5]								[100% of 2014 baseline]
B*		Construction of Community toilets [NORM: 1 seat / 25 women and 1 seat / 35 men]									[100% of 2014 baseline]
C*		Construction of Public Toilets [NORM: 1 seat / 50 women	[Part A, 1.2]								[5% of 2014 baseline]
D		Management	[No. of cities proposed to be covered]								[100% excluding the on-going project]
E		Building	[Part A, 1.3]								[100% of cities]
F			[Part A, 1.3]								[100% of cities]

*Efforts shall be made to construct the toilets within two years i.e. upto 2016-17.

Financial Targets

(Rs in Crores) Funding [As 2014-2019 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 2018-19 (upto Remarks per the funding (TOTAL) Oct. 2019) pattern in the Tenta | Centra Tenta Central Tenta Central Tentat Centra Tentat | Central Tenta Central **SBM Urban** tive / | 1 Share Share tive / Share tive / ive / 1 Share ive / Share tive / Share Guidelines] estim estim estim estima estima estim ated ated ated ted ted ated a. Construction new individual household latrines (IHL)(Based on the cost

^{**}Please also refer Manual on Sewerage & Sewerage Systems, Part A for more details (page No. 8-16)

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per household toilets)													
b. Conversion of pit latrines into sanitary latrines (based on the cost per household toilets)													
insanitary latrines into sanitary latrines (based on the cost per household													
Construction of Community toilets [NORM: 1 seat / 25 women and 1 seat / 35 men] (based on				1179									
Construction of Public Toilets [NORM: 1 seat / 50 women and 1 seat / 100 men up to specified numbers](Based		*		-		-		-		-		-	
Solid Waste Management (based on per capita cost of Rs.1500/ capita may be considered less or more with proper justification in a separate sheet)													
Capacity Building & A&OE (5% on Central share)													
Public Awareness & IEC (15% on Central share)													
	household toilets) b. Conversion of pit latrines into sanitary latrines (based on the cost per household toilets) c. Conversion of insanitary latrines into sanitary latrines (based on the cost per household toilets) Construction of Community toilets [NORM: 1 seat / 25 women and 1 seat / 35 men] (based on cost per seat) Construction of Public Toilets [NORM: 1 seat / 50 women and 1 seat / 100 men up to specified numbers](Based on cost per seat) Solid Waste Management (based on per capita cost of Rs.1500/ capita may be considered less or more with proper justification in a separate sheet) Capacity Building & A&OE (5% on Central share) Public Awareness & IEC (15% on	household toilets) b. Conversion of pit latrines into sanitary latrines (based on the cost per household toilets) c. 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