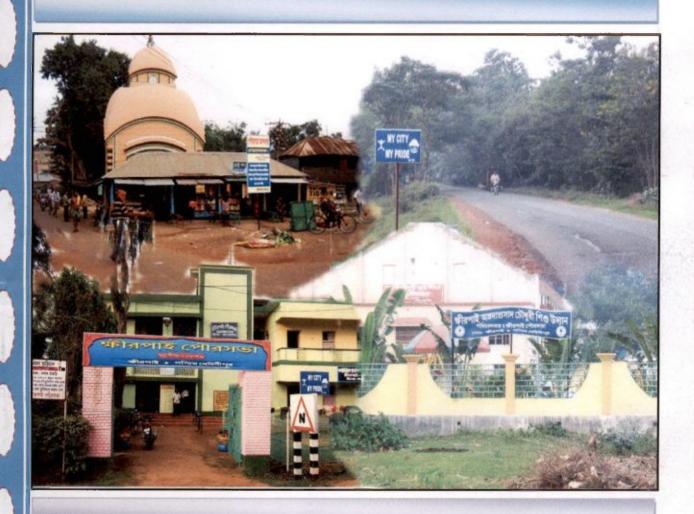
Detailed Project Report (DPR) For Beneficiary Led Construction Under

Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY): Urban



2015-2016

Submitted by

Municipal Engineering Directorate,

Govt. of West Bengal

&

Khirpai Municipality

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Introductory Note by Chairman



Khirpai Municipality being established in 1876 is an old town with historical importance and dynamic character in growth. And as such we have gone ahead to prepare Housing for All Details Project Report for the time frame 2015-16 for every family will have a pucca house with water connection, toilet facilities and electricity supply and access. Housing for All (HFA) mission for urban area will be implemented during 2015-16 and seeks to address the housing requirement of urban poor including slum dwellers through four verticals but under this Municipal jurisdiction basically prior one verticals which is Subsidy for beneficiary Led individual house Construction. The Housing for All DPR is the outcome of the series of Demand survey workshops, FGDs, Consultations and meetings. It

has been compiled by the technical persons of Khirpai Municipality which have eventually become the **Housing for All DPR** of Khirpai Municipality. The respected citizens expressed their valuable opinions and views. Again those views have been duly incorporated in the **Housing for All DPR**

I must take the opportunity to acknowledge their endeavours and extend gratitude in all respect and I hope it will guide and encourage the people at large in participating in the efforts of the Govt. Of West Bengal Municipal Affairs Department, SUDA, MED and Citizens including elected representatives of Khirpai Municipality towards achieving to prepare the **Housing for All DPR**.



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Chairman

Khirpai Municipality
CHAIRMAN
WHRPAI MUNICIPALITY
PASCHIM MEDINIPUR

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Abbreviation

A&OE	Administrative and Other Expenses	MoA	Memorandum of Agreement
AHP	Affordable Housing in Partnership	МоНИРА	Ministry of Housing and Urban Poverty Alleviation
AIP	Annual Implementation Plan	MoU	Memorandum of Understanding
CDP	City Development Plan	IIT	Indian Institute of Technology
CLS	Credit linked subsidy	NA	Non Agricultural (NA)
CNA	Central Nodal Agencies	NBC	National Building Code
CSMC	Central Sanctioning and Monitoring Committee	NHB	National Housing Bank
	Department of Industrial Policy and	NOC	No Objection Certificate
DIPP	Promotion	NPV	Net Present Value
DPR	Detailed Project Report	PLI	Primary Lending Institution
EMI	Equated Monthly Instalment	SFCPoA	Slum Free City Plan of Action
EWS	Economically Weaker Section	SLAC	State Level Appraisal Committee
FAR	Floor Area Ratio	SLNA	State level Nodal Agencies
FSI	Floor Space Index	SLSMC	State Level Sanctioning and Monitoring Committee
HFA	Housing for All		
HFAPoA	Housing for All Plan of Action	TDR	Transfer of Development Rights
HUDCO	Housing and Urban Development Corporation	TPQMA	Third Party Quality Monitoring Agency
IEC	Information Education & Communication	ULB	Urban Local Body
IFD	Integrated Finance Division	UT	Union Territory
LIG	Low Income Group	MD	Mission Directorate



Working Definitions

Affordable Housing Project:	Housing projects where 35% of the houses are constructed for EWS category					
Beneficiary	A beneficiary family will comprise husband, wife and unmarried children.					
	The beneficiary family should not own a pucca house (an all weather dwelling unit) either in his/her name or in the name of any member of his/her family in any part of India.					
Carpet Area	Area enclosed within the walls, actual area to lay the carpet. This area does not include the thickness of the inner walls					
Central Nodal Agencies	Nodal Agencies identified by Ministry for the purposes of implementation of Credit linked subsidy component of the mission					
Economically Weaker Section (EWS):	EWS households are defined as households having an annual income up to Rs. 3,00,000 (Rupees Three Lakhs). States/UTs shall have the flexibility to redefine the annual income criteria as per local conditions in consultation with the Centre.					
EWS House	An all weather single unit or a unit in a multi-storeyed super structure having carpet area of upto 30 sq. m. with adequate basic civic services and infrastructure services like toilet, water, electricity etc. States can determine the area of EWS as per their local needs with information to Ministry.					
"Floor Area Ratio" (FAR)/FSI	The quotient obtained by dividing the total covered area (plinth area) on all the floors by the area of the plot:					
	$FAR = \underline{Total}$ covered area on all the floors x 100					
	Plot area					
	If States/Cities have some variations in this definition, State/City definitions will be accepted under the mission					
Implementing Agencies	Implementing agencies are the agencies such as Urban Local Bodies, Development Authorities, Housing Boards etc. which are selected by State Government/SLSMC for implementing Housing for All Mission.					
Low Income Group (LIG):	LIG households are defined as households having an annual income between Rs.3,00,001 (Rupees Three Lakhs One) up to Rs.6,00,000 (Rupees Six Lakhs) States/UTs shall have the flexibility to redefine the annual income criteria as per local conditions in consultation with the Centre.					
Primary Lending Institutions (PLI)	Scheduled Commercial Banks, Housing Finance Companies, Regional Rural Banks (RRBs), State Cooperative Banks, Urban Cooperative Banks or any other institutions as may be identified by the Ministry					
Slum	A compact area of at Nelst 300 populations or about 60-70households of poorly built congested exements, in a hygienic environment usually with inadequate					

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Medinipur

	infrastructure and lacking in proper sanitary and drinking water facilities.
State Land Nodal Agencies (SLNAs)	Nodal Agency designated by the State Governments for implementing the Mission
Transfer of Development Rights (TDR)	TDR means making available certain amount of additional built up area in lieu of the area relinquished or surrendered by the owner of the land, so that he can use extra built up area himself in some other land.



Executive Summery

oject.	Project Details										
_	State					**		West	West Bengal		
7	City					**		Kh	Khirpai		
6	Project Name						Pradhan M	Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana , Housing For All. (Urban)	as Yojana , I (Urban)	Housing F	or All.
4	Project Cost			(Rs. In Lacs)	(83)	••		16	1620.00		
w	Central Share			(Rs. In Lacs)	(\$3)			19	00'009		
9	State Share			(Rs. In Lacs)	(8:	••		84	846.00		
1	ULB Share			(Rs. In Lacs)	(8:	••		7.	74.00		
90	Beneficiary Share			(Rs. In Lacs)	(8:	••		10	100.00	v	
10	SOR Adopted					••	PWD (WB)	PWD (WB) w.e.f 1.7.14 with current corrigendum.	with curr	ent corrig	endum.
		Pr	oject Conti	ributions	(Physical	Project Contributions (Physical + Financial) (Rs. In lacs)	(Rs. In lacs)				
SI No.	Scheme Component	Type	Quantity	Unit	Rate (in Rs./unit)	Proposed project cost (in lakh)	Appraised Project Cost (in lakh)	Central	State Govt. Share	ULB	Benificiari es Share
ONISHOU V	- Contract				, ,						

	New in- situ										
	Single storied units		400	Nos.	368000.00	1472.00	1472.00	600.00	772.00		100.00
13	Up-gradation										
m	Rental										
4	Transit										
		Total Housing Cost Sub Total (A)	t Sub Total ((A)		1472.00	1472.00	600.009	772.00	0.00	100.00
Ē	B. INFRASTRUCTURE										
_	Roads										
	CC Roads	2.5 m wide	1418.7	Mtr	4097	58.12	58.12	0	29.06	29.06	0:
2	Storm Water Drains						*				
	Onsite drain & Culvert	Surface Drain: 300 x 300	3911	Mtr	2298	89.87	89.87	0	44.94	44.94	0
		Total Infrastructure Cost Sub Total (B)	Cost Sub Tot	al (B)		148.00	148.00		74.00	74.00	0.00
		Total (A+B)	\(+B\)			1620.00	1620,00	600.00	846.00	74.00	100.00



Signature of the ULB Level Competent Technical officer Name & Designation Sub-Assistant Engineer.
Khirpai Municipality

Address: Khirpai, Paschim Medinipur MED, Govt. of West Bengal



Signature of Geografication of George Officer

Name & Popul graduli grant Day, Chief Engineer, Municipal Engeneering Dte, Govt. 91 West Bengal

Address: Bikash Bhawan, South Block, 1St Floor, Salt lake, Kolkata - 7000 91

Telephone No.: +91-33-Fax No: +91-33-Mobile No.: E-mail:

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Mobile No.: (0)9475825219

E-mail: ce_medte@yahoo.com

Name & Designation: Sri M.N. Pradhan, IAS Director, SUDA Signature of the State Level Nodal Officer

Address: State Urban Development Agency

Telephone No: +91-33-23585767 Mobile No.: (0) 9830031488 Fax No: 91-33-23585767

E-Mail: wbsudadir@gmail.com

Name & Designation.
Chairman, Memari Munichell MUNICIPALITY
Chairman, Memari Municipality MEDINIPUR CHAIRMAN Signature of the Chairman Name & Designation:

Address:

Telephone No.: Fax No.:

Mobile No.:

E-mail No.:



Brief Project Details

PREFACE

Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) aims at Providing Housing for All (HFA) by 2022 when the Nation Complete 75 years of its independence.

The urban homeless persons contribute to the economy of the cities and thus the Nation as cheap labour in the informal sector; yet they live with no shelter or social security. The urban homeless people are not getting service with many challenges like no access to elementary Public Services such as health, education, food, water and sanitation. Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojona (PMAY) also aims at providing a pucca house to every family with water connection, toilet facilities, 24 X 7 electricity supply and access.

The Mission seeks to address the housing requirement of urban poor including slum dwellers through "In Situ" Slum Redevelopment, Affordable Housing through credit linked subsidy, and Affordable Housing in partnership and subsidy for beneficiary led individual house. Under the mission, beneficiaries can take advantage under one component only.

Total beneficiaries of the scheme are 400 nos from 37 nos slum and 23 nos of Non Slum projected for the year 2015-16.

Total cost of the project is Rs. 1620.00 lakhs as per relevant department & P.W.D. schedule of rates.



Annexure 7C

(Para 14.5 of the Guidelines)

Table-1: Format for Projects under Beneficiary led Construction or Enhancement

1.	Name of the State		West I	Benga				
2.	Name of the City	:	Khirpa	ni Mur	nicipa	lity		
3.	Project Name	:	Housi	ng for	All			
4.	Project Code *	:						
5.	State Level Nodal Agency	:	SUDA					
6.	Implementing Agency/ ULB	:	Khirpa	ai Mur	nicipa	lity		
7.	Date of approval by State Level Sanctioning and Monitoring Committee (SLSMC)	*						
8.	Project Cost (Rs. in Lakhs)		1620.0	00				
9.	No. of beneficiaries covered in the project	:	Gen	SC	ST	OBC	Minority	Total
			150	177	31	24	18	400
10.	(i) No. of Beneficiaries (New Construction)		400					
	(ii) No. of Beneficiaries (Enhancement)	:				Nil		
11.	Whether selected beneficiaries have rightful ownership of the land?		Yes					
12.	Whether building Plan for all houses have been approved?		Yes					
13.	i) GoI grant required (Rs. 1.5 lakh per eligible Beneficiary) (Rs. In Lakhs)	9				600.00		
	ii) State grant, if any (Rs. In Lakhs)	:				846.00		
	iii) ULB grant, if any (Rs. In Lakhs)	:				74.00		
	iv) Beneficiary Share (Rs. In Lakhs)	:				100.00	8	
	v) Total (Rs. In Lakhs)	9 4				1620.00)	
14.	Whether technical specification/ design for housing have been ensured as per Indian	(ou)	C. LON ;	生		Yes		

	Standards/NBC/ State norms?		
15.	Whether disaster (earthquake, flood, cyclone, landslide etc.) resistant features have been adopted in concept, design and implementation?	:	Yes
16.	Brief of project, including any other information ULB/State would like to furnish	:	Yes

^{*}State will give code number to each project sanctioned under HFA as 'ABCDEFGHIJK'

(Where, 'AB' is State Code as per census, 'CDEFGH' is City Code as per census, 'IJ' is running number of project of the city and 'K' is project component code i.e. 'K' will be 1 - for In-situ slum redevelopment, 2- for Relocation, 3 - for AHP and 4 - for Beneficiary Led Construction or enhancement)

It is hereby confirmed that State/UT and ULB have checked all the beneficiaries as per guidelines of HFA. It is also submitted that no beneficiary has been selected for more than one benefit under the Mission including Credit Linked Subsidy Scheme (CLSS) component of the Mission.

(Nodal Officer Minial White pality)

Signature

(Chairmac Khirvai Municipality)

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City Profile and Overview

History

Khirpai a small town in Paschim Midnapur was once quite famous for its handloom, brass metal industry and cultivation of indigo. Probably this helped in according the status of a municipality under British rule in the year 1876. History of this town demands that it also had the status of a port, as mentioned in the old map by Mr. Ronald. The ruins of the old 'neel kuthi' can still be seen here. Khirpai was quite famous in the production of 'muslin' too. It had a market in Kolkata and also in Kuttack in Orissa. The town is the birthplace of Dinamayee Devi – wife of legendary social reformer Shri Iswar Chandra Vidyasagar. But even after 131 years of its coming into existence as a Municipality, Khirpai is still the smallest municipal town in West Bengal, in terms of population, revenue, income generation and development. In the first 100 years the municipality has passed through deprivation from the higher level. There was no government grant for improvement and the revenue of the municipality was very less itself as the source of income was very few. Now a day, Khirpai has started moving on the path of development.

Khirpai Municipality being established in 1876 is an old town with historical importance and dynamic character in growth. Khirpai Municipality, though a small one in geographical areas and population in comparison to many others has already proved its worth and over ridding role in a wide range of urban services to more than 20 thousand citizens. In conformity with the outlines of plans formulated by the authorities, this municipality with the help and active participation of all sections of the people has been able to draw out schemes with their implementations in the desired manner. As such we are now in a position to achieve significant development in water generation, solid west disposal, road development, garbage disposal as well as drainage management and further expecting to cover the other uncovered spheres of activities towards better services to the citizens but there is no reason to cherish self-contentment and I have no hesitation to admit that a section of our citizens are still living in slums amidst thousands of hazards. They are next to being covered with better shelter and environments.

The area of Khirpai Municipality is 11.65 sq. km. there are 4 Nos of Panchayats adjacent to Khirpai Municipality

Year of Establishment

1876



Administrative Boundaries

The area of Khirpai Municipality is 11.65 sq. km. there are 4 Nos of Panchayats adjacent to Khirpai Municipality.

- 4 No. Manik Kundu Gram Panchayat
- 3 No. Mangrul Gram Panchayat
- Birshingha Gram Panchayat
- 2 No. Manoharpur Gram Panchayat

Linkages of Rail, Road, Port and Air

The town Khirpai is well linked with its district head quarter Medinipur, and also with Kolkata – the state capital, through a broad gauge railway line from Panskura (S.E. railway) as well as through state highway N.H. 6. The nearest railway station to Khirpai is Chandrakona Road. As it is nearer to Kolkata and has close link with it has enough scope of future development activities.

Table-2: Format of Distance from office to Head Quarter

Khirpai to Kolkata	108 km
Khirpai to Midnapur	62 km
Khirpai to Sub division – Ghatal	15 km
Khirpai to nearest police station – Chandrakona	11 km



Economic Activity

Khirpai Municipality is basically agro-based trade and commercial area.

Table-3: City at a Glance

Sl. No	Indicator	2001	2011	2015
1	Area (in SqKm)			
1.1	Planning Area (Sq. Km)	11.65 sq. km.	11.65 sq. km.	11.65 sq. km.
1.2	Municipal Area (Sq. Km)	11.65 sq. km.	11.65 sq. km.	11.65 sq. km.
1.3	Area of Slums (Sq. Km)			
2	Number of Municipal Wards	10	10	10
3	Population and Households			
3.1	Total Population (no's in millions)	14545	16384	18520
3.2	Number of Households	3400	3568	3750
3.3	Density of Population	1248 per sq km	1406 per sq km	1590 per sq km
3.4	Slum households as percentage of total Households in city	65	50	45
3.5	Current (2015) Population (Year of Survey) (no's in millions)			18520
3.6	Current Number (2015) of Households (Year of survey)			3750
3.7	Slum population as percentage of total population in city			45



LOCATION MAP

WEST BENGAL

KHIRPAI

Figure-1: Location of the Municipality

DEMOGRAPHIC GROWTH AND POPULATION PROJECTION

Khirpai is a small semi rural town. Population is not very high here, neither is the growth rate. The population-projected upto 2021 as presented in the following table depicts this fact.

Table- 4: Population Projection

Year	1971	1981	1991	2001	2011	2021
Total population	7075	9552	12199	14545	18518	23578

Source: Census of India and own source

The population trend has been displayed graphically in the following graph. The ward wise population distribution provided below depicts a more or less uniform population with highest in ward 7 and lowest in ward no.10.



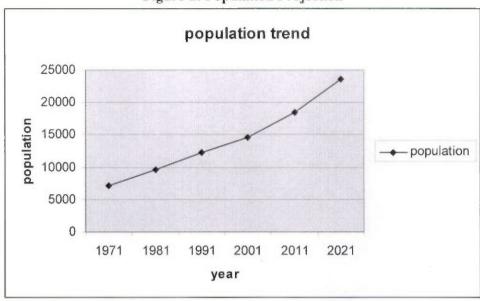


Figure-2: Population Projection



Detail profile of Urban Local Body

Table- 5: Municiapl Profile

1	Name of the District :	Paschim Medinipur
2	Year of establishment :	1876
3	Area (in sq. Km):	11.65 Sqkm
1	No. of wards:	10
5	Distance from District Headquarter :	56
6	Population (census 2011):	
6.1	Male	8271
6.2	Female	8113
6.3	Total	16384
7	Density of Population (Per sq. km.):	1407
8	Break up of Population (2011):	
8.1	Scheduled Caste	6059
8.2	Scheduled Tribe	1072
8.3	Minorities	Not Available
9	Date when last election held	May'2010
10	Assessment of Property:	
10.1	Total holdings	4236
10.2	Total no. of holdings whose assessment has been done	4236
10.3	No. of holdings to whom demand notice are issued	4236
10.4	Total demand for 2013-14	1269588.00
10.5	Total Collection for 2013-14	727806.00
10.6	Year of Last assessment by West Bengal Valuation Board	2008-09
10.7	Year / quarter of Imposition of current Property Tax	2012-13/1st
11	Literacy:	
11.1	Male	6510
11.2	Female	5494
11.3	Total	12004
11.4	Percentage of Literate Population(2011)	73.26
12	Number of BPL Household (as per SUDA Survey):	1939
13	Scenario of Slum:	
13.1	Total No. of Slum	37
13.2	Total Slum Population (as per USHA survey)	10860
13.3	Percentage of Slum Population to the total population	66.28
13.4	No. of Slum where Slum Infrastructure Improvement sanctioned under BSUP/ IHSDP	14
13.5	No. of Slum where Slum Infrastructure Improvement already done under BSUP/ IHSDP-	14
14	Housing status for Urban Poor :(as on 31.03.2014)	
14.1	No. of dwelling units targeted to be provided under IHSDP	300
14.2	No. of beneficiaries already provided with Houses under IHSDP	300
14.3	No. of beneficiaries provided with Houses under "Housing for Urban Poor"	34

Estd.-1876

Medinipur

15	Road:	
15.1	Length of Metalled Road (in km.)	7.34
15.2	Length of Non-Metalled Road (in km.)	10.26
15.3	Length of other Roads (in km.)	42.40
15.4	Total length of Road (in km.)	60
15.5	Total no. of wards fully covered with Metal / Cement Concrete Road	0
16	Drainage:	
16.1	Length of Kutcha Drain (in km.)	56
16.2	Length of Pucca Drain (in km.)	6
16.3	Length of underground / covered Drain (in km.)	0
16.4	Total length of Drain (in km.)	62
16.5	No. of wards fully covered with Pucca Drain	0
16.6	No. of wards partly covered with Pucca Drain	10
17	Water Supply : -	
17.1	No. of Water Treatment Plant	0
17.2	No. of Deep Tube well	4
17.3	No. of Hand Tube well	170
17.4	No. of Street Stand post	205
17.5	Length of Water pipeline (in kilometer)	50
17.6	No. of Underground Reservoir	0
17.7	No. of Overhead Reservoir	3
17.8	No. of wards fully covered with water supply pipeline	10
17.9	No. of houses connected with Water Supply Network	699
17.1	Who is maintaining water supply – Municipality / PHE Dept./ KMDA / KMWSA	Municipality
18	Sewerage and Sanitation :	
18.1	No. of sanitary latrine constructed	429
18.2	No. of family provided with Sanitary Latrine under ILCS /IHSDP+ HUP (together)	429
18.3	No. of Community Latrine /Public Toilet	1
18.4	Length of Sewer Line (in kilometer)	0
18.5	No. of Sewage Treatment Plant (STP)	0
19	Solid Waste Management :	
19.1	No. of Dumping Ground, if any	1
19.2	No. of Landfill site, if any	0
19.3	No of Mechanical Sweeper, if any	0
19.4	No. of Compactors, if any	0
20	Street Light:	
20.1	No. of Light Post	635
20.2	No. of High Mast Light Post	0
20.3	No. of Trident Light Post	0
20.4	No. of other Ornamental Light Post	0
20.5	No. of Wards covered with light posts	10
21	Health:	
21.1	No. of Hospital (Govt.)	1

21.2	No. of Municipal Maternity Home	0
21.3	No. of Regional Diagnostic Centre	0
21.4	No. of Extended Specialist Out Patient Department (ESOPD) (IPP-VIII)	0
21.5	No. of Municipal Health Sub-Centre	2
21.6	No. of Municipal Health Administrative Unit (HAU)(IPP-VIII)	0
21.7	No. of Municipal Dispensaries	0
21.8	No. of Municipal Ambulances	1
21.9	No. of Hearse Car	0
22	Education:	
22.1	No. of Higher Secondary School (Municipal)	0
22.2	No. of Higher Secondary School (others)	2
22.3	No. of Secondary School (Municipal)	0
22.4	No. of Secondary School (others)	0
22.5	No. of Primary School (Municipal)	0
22.6	No. of Primary School (others)	13
22.7	No. of Sishu Siksha Kendras (SSK)	10
22.8	No. of ICDS Centre	10
22.9	No. of Junior High School	1
22.10	No. of beneficiaries under SC/ST scholarship	36
22.11	No. of beneficiaries under Minority scholarship	18
23	Other Infrastructure :	
23.1	Bridge	1
23.2	Flyover	0
23.3	Stadium	0
23.4	Parks	1
23.5	Playground	4
23.6	Auditorium/Community Hall	1
23.7	Borough Office	0
23.8	Ward office	0
23.9	ULB Market	2
23.10	Burning Ghat	5
23.11	Electric Crematorium	0
23.12	Burial Ground	2
23.13	Public Library	1
23.14	Bus Terminus /S/Estd1676 \=\	0
23.15	Ferry Ghat	0
23.16	Guest House/Tourist Lodge	0
23.17	Road Roller	1
23.18	Cess Pool	1
23.19	No. of Slaughter House:	0
23.19.1	Municipal Slaughter House	0
23.19.2	Other Slaughter House	0
23.20	Others (Please specify)	0
24	Community Structure under SJSRY : -	

24.1	Total No. of CDS -	1
24.2	Total No. of NHC -	10
24.3	Total No. of NHG -	51
24.4	No. of Thrift & Credit Group (TCG)-	118
24.5	No. of SHG-	0
24.6	No. of DWCUA formed -	8
25	National Social Assistance Programme (NSAP) : -	
25.1	No. of beneficiaries under Indira Gandhi National Old Age Pension Scheme (IGNOAPS) -	317
25.2	No. of beneficiaries under Indira Gandhi National Widow Pension Scheme (IGNWPS) -	534
25.3	No. of beneficiaries under Indira Gandhi National Disability Pension Scheme (IGNDPS) -	34
25.4	No. of beneficiaries under National Family Benefit Scheme	41
26	No. of Annapurna Antodaya Yojana (AY) card holder : -	266
27	No. of Annapurna Anno Yojana (AAY) card holder: -	11
28	No. of beneficiaries under Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY) : -	132
23	No. of beneficiaries under KANYASHREE scheme: -	450
31	No. of beneficiaries under YUBASHREE scheme: -	0
32	Municipal Staff(as on 01.04.2014) : -	
32.1	Total No. of sanctioned Post -	32
32.2	Actual Staff Strength(Regular) -	23
32.3	Actual Staff Strength(Contractual, not Casual) -	62
33	Registration of Births and Deaths during 2013-14: -	
33.1	Whether Birth & Death Certificate issued through e-governance System – Yes / No.	Yes
33.2	No. of Births Registered -	99
33.3	No. of Birth Certificate issued -	437
33.3.1	Male	230
33.3.2	Female	207
33.4	No. of Death Registered -	39
33.5	No. of Death Certificate issued -	83
33.5.1	Male	58
33.5.2	Female	25
34	Own Revenue (2013-14)(Rs in Lakh)	
34.1	Tax Revenue	7.28
34.2	Non-Tax Revenue	17.72
34.3	Total Revenue	25.00
34.4	Percentage of collection of Own revenue to Budgeted (2013-14)Own revenue	20.38



Place of interest

Khirpai is not a place for tourist interest. It is a small and old town. Not much historical incidents are attached with this place. Only there are some old temples and heritage sites within municipal area, which attracts local people. There are some terracotta structures, which resemble the famous ones in Bankura. Experts assume these temples to be at least 400 to 500 years old. A list of the temples has been provided below.

Table -6: Cultural Heritage

Name of temples/ heritage place	Location	Ward no
Vandar Chandi Mandir	Kasiganja	8
Puna Buri Mandir	Do	9
Ashram Bishnu Mandir	Khirpai Chowkan	3
Khandaswar Sib Mandir	Kadamkundu	7
Umapati Sib Mandir	Gangadaspur	6
Gugudanga Kali Mandir	Chowdhuri Pukur	7
Shantinath Sib Mandir	Kasiganja	8
Do	Do	9
Rakhale Kali Mandir	Panner Math Kasiganja	8
Raksha Kali Mandir	Sib Bazar, Khirpai	4
Sitala Mandir	Haldardighi	2
Sitala Mandir	Kumar Para, Khirpai	1

Source: Municipality



Section I: Introduction

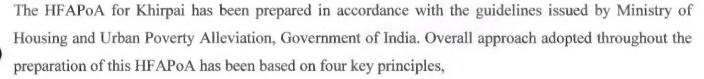
"Housing for All" Mission for urban area will be implemented during 2015-2022 and Mission will provide central assistance to implementing agencies through States and UTs for providing houses to all eligible families/beneficiaries by 2022. Mission will be implemented as Centrally Sponsored Scheme (CSS) except for the component 1.2 of credit linked subsidy which will be implemented as a Central Sector Scheme. A beneficiary family will comprise husband, wife, unmarried sons and/or unmarried daughters. The beneficiary family should not own a pucca house either in his/her name or in the name of any member of his/her family in any part of India to be eligible to receive central assistance under the mission. States/UTs, at their discretion, may decide a cut-off date on which beneficiaries need to be resident that urban area for being eligible to take benefits under the scheme.



Mission with all its component has become effective from the date 17.06.2015 and will be implemented up to 31.03.2022. All 4041 statutory towns as per Census 2011 with focus on 500 Class I cities would be covered in three phases as follows:

- Phase I (April 2015 March 2017) to cover 100 Cities selected from States/UTs as
 per their willingness.
- Phase II (April 2017 March 2019) to cover additional 200 Cities•
- Phase III (April 2019 March 2022) to cover all other remaining Cities•

Ministry, however, will have flexibility regarding inclusion of additional cities in earlier phases in case there is a resource backed demand from States/UTs.



- well rounded stakeholder consultations.
- continuous community involvement,
- · providing innovative solutions and
- Coordination & validation.

Methodology adopted for preparation of HFAPoA is demonstrated in the below:

- 1) Taking Initiative for Demand Assessment Survey.
- 2) Conducting Orientation Programme with elected representative and officers of ULB.
- 3) Conducting Orientation programme with Supervisors and Enumerators.
- 4) Conducting Demand survey and complete the work.
- 5) Conducting Data Entry of the survey form and complete the work
- 6) Analysis of the data.
- 7) Filling up the requisite formats.



- 8) Planning of project with elected representatives and officers of ULB.
- 9) Preparing investment requirement and Financial plan
- 10) Finalization of HFAPoA.

Table-7: Housing constructed under the scheme of IHSDP and Housing for Urban Poor

Ward No	rd No IHSDP Housing under State Government Sponsor Scheme			
1	20	5	25	
2	20	6	26	
3	22	5	27	
4	19	5	24	
5	40	7	47	
6	40	7	47	
7	38	5	43	
8	39	5	44	
9	39	5	44	
10	20	5	25	
Total	297	55	352	



Section: 2 Salient features of HFAPoA and its linkage with proposed project and its justification

2.1 General introduction on status and Prioritization for proposed project

In summarizing the HFAPoA of Khirpai Municipality, Khirpai Municipality takes one for implementation of the project i.e. "Beneficiary –led – construction". For this project, Khirpai Municipality conducted Demand Assessment survey for getting total requirement of houses in the ULB. From this survey, the total survey form received 3551. Total houses will be constructed through "Beneficiary-led-Construction."

2.2. Summary of findings of HFAPoA. Physical infrastructure & Social infrastructure, Spatial, demographic and socio-economic profiles of slums/ Non slums;

Housing for All (HFA) Scheme has since been launched by the Ministry of Housing & Urban Poverty Alleviation (MoHUPA), Govt. of India in Mission mode which envisages provision of Housing for All by 2022 when the Nation completes 75 years of its Independence. The Mission seeks to address the housing requirement of urban poor including slum dwellers through following programme verticals:

- a) Redevelopment of slums with private participation
- b) Promotion of affordable Housing for weaker section through credit linked subsidy
- c) Affordable Housing in partnership with public sectors
- d) Subsidy for beneficiary-led individual house construction.

In compliance with the objective and as per direction of the Ministry of Housing & Urban Poverty Alleviation (MoHUPA) and State Urban Development agency (SUDA), West Bengal was undertaking a demand survey through suitable means for accessing the actual demand of housing. For this mission Khirpai Municipality undertook Demand survey on 18.09.2015 and completed the survey on 30.09.2015. From this survey, different information have been took off. Summary of findings of survey have been given below:



Table-8: Ward wise slum details and brief slum profile

Ward Number	Slum Code	Slum Name	AREA in Sq Mt	Notified/ Non- Notified	Number of total Households (Including pucca)	Male	Female	Total Population
	10003	CHUNARU PARA	120000	Notified	115	142	158	300
1	10015	ADIBASI PARA	43000	Notified	77	114	108	222
	10035	KUMAR PARA	290000	Notified	116	86	90	176
2	10002	MUSLIM PARA	93000	Notified	73	261	281	542
	10016	DAS PARA	51000	Notified	65	93	88	181
	10019	KUMARPUKUR PARA	47000	Notified	85	123	122	245
	10036	GHOSH PARA	13000	Notified	76	85	76	161
_	10017	DAS PARA	310000	Notified	150	177	150	327
3	10009	TELIBAJAR ADIBASI PARA	270000	Notified	110	246	214	460
	10018	BAG PARA	68000	Notified	56	236	252	488
4	10025	DUTTAPUKUR	67000	Notified	38	148	141	289
	10029	SHIBBAZAR	45000	Notified	63	93	102	195
	10012	CHALAK PARA & KAPAT PARA	47000	Notified	78	101	95	196
5	10013	ADIBASIPARA & DANGAPARA	140000	Notified	47	237	221	458
	10020	RUSKAR PARA & KARKAR PARA	39000	Notified	81	187	188	375
	10037	KARAK PARA	52000	Notified	30	74	68	142
	10033	BAMUNPUKUR	27000	Notified	39	169	170	339
	10034	MUSLIM PARA & ADHIKARI PARA	67000	Notified	64	141	135	276
	10010	DHALI PARA	150000	Notified	97	68	73	141
	10011	DHARAMPORE MAJHERPARA	57000	Notified	80	202	195	397
6	10021	DEWAN PARA	65000	Notified	42	88	91	179
	10022	HARER DANGA	33000	Notified	37	189	156	345
	10030	UTTAR PARA	39000	Notified	38	65	51	116
	10023	MOSPUKUR ADIBASI PARA	22000	Notified	35	232	231	463
1921	10024	DEWAN PARA & DOM PARA	43000	Notified	51	255	227	482
7	10008	SHYAMALGANJA	290000	Notified	114	98	98	196
	10031	UTTAR PARA	41000	Notified	65	82	78	160
	10004	BAGDI PARA & DHOBA PARA	150000	Notified	106	193	187	380
8	10005	LAYEK PARA & MOS PUKUR PARA	130000	Notified	111	140	128	268
	10026	KABADI PARA & DOGRA DAS PARA	41000	Notified	38	202	192	394
	10006	SALIM CHAWK	77000	Notified	48	119	111	230
	10007	BABU PARA	33000	Notified	42	84	78	162
9	10027	BAG PARA	96000	Notified	44	129	137	266
	10028	GOKULGANJA	23000	Notified	62	257	254	511
	10032	SHANKRAPARA	25000	Notified	35	177	189	366
	10001	JAMIDAR PARA	180000	Notified	105	146	126	272
10	10014	METE PARA	61000	Notified	50	82	78	160
		Total			2563	5521	5339	10860



Table-9: Distribution of family heads of the slum

)	FAMILY HEAD		
WARD NO	MALE	FEMALE	OTHER	TOTAL
1	217	34		251
2	278	43		321
3	227	59		286
4	146	44		190
5	309	50		359
6	269	37		306
7	256	60		316
8	327	31		358
9	241	41		282
10	138	38		176
TOTAL	2408	437		2845

Source: Demand survey, 2015

From the above table, it is noticed that Municipality conducted of survey of 2845 household. Out of 2845 households, 2408 households headed by male member, 437 households headed by female.

Table-10: Religion of the households

WARD NO	HINDU	MUSLIM	CHRISTIAN	SIKH	OTHER	BUDDHISM	JAINISM	TOTAL
1	306	6	0	0	0	0	0	312
2	219	102	0	0	0	0	0	321
3	285	0	0	0	0	1	0	286
4	239	0	0	0	0	0	0	239
5	521	16	0	0	0	0	0	537
6	351	0	0	0	0	0	0	351
7	486	1	0	0	0	0	0	487
8	336	46	0	0	0	0	0	382
9	457	3	0	0	0	0	0	460
10	174	2	0	0	0	0	0	176
Total	3374	176	0	0	0	0	0	3551

Source: Demand survey, 2015

From the above table, it is noticed that out of 3551 households, 3374 households belongs under Hindu community, 176 households belongs under Muslim Community and 1 household belongs under Buddhism community.

Table-11: Ownership details of the households

Ownership Details						
Ward No.	Own	Rented	Otherwise	TOTAL		
1	311	1	0			
2	312	6	3	321		
3	281	1	4	286		
4	197	6	36	239		
5	537	0	0	537		
6	344	0	7	351		
7	435	1	51	487		
8	382	0	0	382		
9	450	0	10	460		
10	162	9	5	176		
Total	3411	24	116	3551		

Source: Demand survey, 2015

From the above mentioned table, it implies that Out of total 3551 households, 3411 households have own ownership, 24 households lives in rented house but they have own land and rest 116 households have acquire Govt Khash Land.

Table-12: Housing structure details of the households

Type of house					
Ward No.	Semi Pucca	Kucha	TOTAL 312		
1	25	287			
2	173	148	321		
3	207	79	286		
4	25	214	239		
5	41	496	537 351 487		
6	34	317			
7	36	451			
8	21	361	382 460		
9	246	214			
10	30	146	176		
Total	838	2713	3551		

Source: Demand survey, 2015

From the above table, it shows that, out of total 3551 households, 838 households' lives in semi-pucca structure house and 2713 households' lives in kucha structure house.



Table-13: Type of Housing requirement details of the households

TYPE OF HOUSING REQUIRMENT							
WARD NO	ENHANCMENT	NEW HOUSE (Self Construction)	TOTA				
1	0	312	312				
2	0	321	321				
3	0	286	286				
4	0	239	239				
5	0	537	537				
6	0	351	351				
7	0	487	487				
8	0	382	382				
9	0	460	460				
10	0	176	176				
Total	0	3551	3551				

Source: Demand survey, 2015

From the above table, it is noticed that out of total 3551 households falls under the scheme. From that 3551 household require new house construction.

In summarizing the HFAPoA of Khirpai Municipality, Khirpai Municipality takes one vertical for implementation of the project i.e. "Beneficiary –led – construction". For this project, Khirpai Municipality conducted Demand Assessment survey for getting total requirement of houses in the ULB. From this survey, the total survey form received 3551. Out of that form received from 37 slums and 23 Non slum areas. 3551 houses will be constructed through "Beneficiary-led-Construction".

Land use and Land availability

Khirpai municipality is a predominantly a semi rural area undergoing the transition to slowly become an urban area. With a population of 14525 in 2001 spread over an area of 11.65 sq km, the density of Khirpai is 1248.49 people per sq km. This century old municipality has grown haphazardly in the absence of proper town planning knowledge and environment during all these years. However with the introduction of five year planning from the grass root level, the draft development Plan offers an unique opportunity to properly mange and manage ones resources and plan for the future keeping in mind the increasing population and demand for services. Land is one of the most important resources of mankind, which needs to be used judiciously for the benefit of the people without compromising on the environment.

Land use planning means the scientific, aesthetic, and orderly disposition of land, resources, facilities and services with a view to securing the physical, economic and social efficiency, health and well-being of urban and rural communities

1. Municipality will prepare a Land use zoning and will control regulations

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- 2. The municipality will impose banning of obnoxious and hazardous uses of land in residential areas including discontinuation of such existing uses of Land
- 3. Water bodies will be protected as per the government regulations
- 4. ULB will take the work of publication of street alignments as per West Bengal Municipal Act within a short period.

Various types of land uses exist in the locality. The salient sectors of land uses are as follows:

- Residential
- Commercial
- Wetland/ lakes / tanks
- Public parks, squares and gardens
- Vacant land
- Roads
- Drainage networks and outfalls
- In-sanitary water courses
- · Unauthorised buildings, unfit for human habitation having potentiality of causing danger
- Public building

Table-14: Land Use Pattern

Land use category	Area in sq Km
Residential	1.62
Commercial	0.05
Industrial	0.02
Agriculture	14.06
Govt / Semi Govt / Public	0
Transport & communication	0.14
Recreation	0
Special area	0
Total	15.89



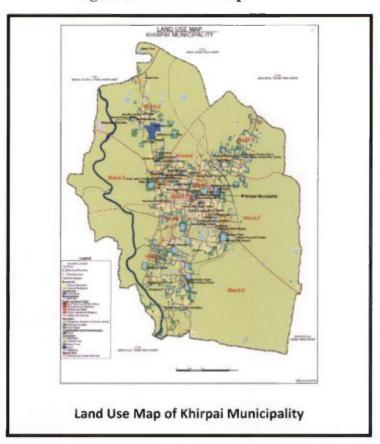


Figure-3: Land Use Map

Table -15: Ward wise Land use Distribution

Land Use	1		2		3		4		5		6	
	Area	%	Area	%	Area	%	Area	%	Area	%	Area	%
Residential	0.15	41.36	0.11	6.49	0.11	36.18	0.14	28.52	0.18	6.3	0.16	9.77
Commercial		0		0		0	0	0	0.05	1.88		0
Industrial		0	0	. 0		0		0	0.02	0.85		0
Agriculture	0.15	41.36	0.11	6.49	0.11	36.18	0.14	28.52	0.25	9.03	0.16	9.77
Govt / Semi Govt / Public	0	0.03	0	0.01	0	0.99	0	0	0	0.07		
Transport & communication	0.01	2.69	0.01	0.54	0.01	2.3	0.01	2.04	0.02	0.71	0.01	0.6
Recreation		0		0		0		0		0		0
Special area		0		0		0		0		0		0



Housing Typologies

As per Census 2011 the population of Khirpai Municipality is 16384 of which number of persons residing in slums are 10860, which is about 66% of the total population. As per the socio economic survey undertaken as part of preparation of HFAPoA and validated by ULB and community, a total of 3551 households stay in slums. From present Demand Assessment survey for Housing for all (HFA), it is noticed that 400 household covering under this project on 1st year. All houses will be constructed through "Beneficiary-led-Construction". Under "Beneficiary-led-Construction" each beneficiary will get 1.5 lakh from central assistance.

Water

Water supply in Khirpai Municipality is under the Public Health Engineering (PHE) department. The main source of water is ground water. There are 3 deep tubewells with capacity of total 1 lakh gallon per day. In the whole town there are 156 hand tubewells in working condition and 20 are out of order and seek immediate repairing or replacement. Number of household water connection provided is 242.

Since all pumps are located in one ward, some places of other wards suffer from low pressure of water. According to the municipal record ward no. 5 and 6 are the most suffering wards. A brief account of the places suffering from this problem has been provided below.

There is one reservoir with capacity of 454000 liter. Water is supplied in two shifts supply a total volume of 90800 litres per day. According to the Urban Household Survey only 18.59 % of the households have household connection for drinking water while more than 80 % of the population depend on public sources of supply

Solid waste disposal

If solid wastes are not managed properly, there are many negative impacts that may result. Some of the most important are mentioned in the following list. The relative importance of each depends very much on local conditions. The local condition of khirpai municipality shows that solid waste management is in the crude form, which is collection and disposal of garbage. There is no system of door-to-door waste collection in the municipality. The disposal system is dumping along roadside and invested lands and low lying areas. So far there was one dumping ground in the municipality at ward no. 8, but now the municipality has purchased land to develop it as a dumping ground in Bhutadanga paddy field in ward no. 7. Total area of the site is 66 dismal. Also some tractors, trailers, garbage trolley van, handcarts and cycle vans have been purchased for the transportation of the waste.



Open Disposal of Waste

There are total 8 vats all over the municipal area. Those are situated in ward no. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 10. SWM equipments and transportation vehicles available in the municipality are as follows.

It is evident from the municipal record that the solid waste management sector is yet to develop a lot both in terms of physical asset and service delivery. Equipments are less than the requirement. The service delivery also does not satisfy the need.

The result of such practice is as follows -

- Uncollected wastes often end up in drains, causing blockages, which result in flooding and in sanitary conditions.
- Flies breed in some constituents of solid wastes, and flies are very effective vectors that spread disease.
- The open burning of waste causes air pollution; the products of combustion include dioxins, which are particularly hazardous.
- Waste collection workers face particular occupational hazards, including strains from lifting, injuries from sharp objects and traffic accidents.
- Dumps of waste and abandoned vehicles block streets and other access ways.

Drains

Drainage in Khirpai is mostly Kutcha drains and few pucca drains in certain pockets. The drains are not properly planned though being Kutcha drains they follow the natural drainage. However clogging of drains and overflowing of water remains a major problem. Hence all kutcha drains needs to be converted to puccadrain.

Table-16: Drainage Network

	Type of drain and length in Km.					
Ward no	Kutcha	Pucca	Semi Pucca			
1	5.15	0.5	0			
2	2.69	0.45	0.1			
3	18.25	0	0			
4	3.1	0	0			
5	2.9	0	0			
6	5	0	0			
7	10.4	0	0			
8	3.29 (ioh	'SE KHIR O	0			
9		1676	0			
10	7 1 11 0	SCIIIII S	0			
Total	59.08 FM	dinipur \$ 0.95	0.1			

Source: Municipality

The drainage network is not planned. Almost all the wards have some informal outfall. This unplanned structure of drainage network and outfall creates the problem of water logging especially during the monsoon season. Most of the households and wards have reported in the Household survey to suffer from water logging for less than one day.

Improper drainage system is one of the emerging challenges of Khirpai Municipality, which leads to water logging condition in several slums every year during monsoons. None of 37 slums of Khirpai have connectivity to city wide underground drainage/sewer line. Table below shows the status of connectivity to City-wide Storm-water Drainage System.

Roads

Khirpai municipality is connected with both Kutcha and pucca roads. There are two levels of road found here. Concrete and bituminous roads are found as major roads connecting different wards. While intra ward roads are semi pucca to Kutcha in structure. Municipality records show that that 43.13% of the roads are semi pucca. Most of the roads in Khirpai are semi pucca in structure.

A ward wise feature has been provided in the table below.

Table-17: Road Network

Ward no	Type of roads and length (km)							
	Kutcha	Semi pucca/ WBM	Brick paved	Concrete	Black top			
1	0.60	3.85	0.15	0.00	1.50			
2	0.50	0.98	0.10	0.23	0.80			
3	2.60	6.39	0.50	0.00	2.00			
4	0.50	2.75	0.00	0.00	1.00			
5	1.08	3.86	0.33	0.00	0.00			
6	3.18	7.25	1.65	0.26	0.00			
7	0.30	4.65	0.75	0.00	1.75			
8	1.00	4.60	0.00	0.35	1.50			
9	1.40	7.30	0.00	0.00	0.00			
10	0.00	1.50	0.25	0.00	0.75			
Total	11.15	43.13	3.73	0.84	9.30			

Source: Municipality

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As is evident from the above table kutcha roads does not cover any significant part of the road network in the municipality. Most of the households reported to have access roads as pucca or semi pucca in the urban household survey.

Table-18: Demand of Road

Sl. No	Total slum 47	Present Data of Road in KM	Future Demand in Km
1	Bituminous Road	5 km	0 km
2	Concrete Road	10 km	15 km
3	Kachha Road	10 KM	0 KM
	Total	25 km	15 km

Street Light

In Khirpai municipality there are total 663 electric posts with bulb or tube. All the wards are covered with streetlight facility. The ward wise details have been provided below:

Table-19: Street lighting Situation

Ward no	Number of bulb/ tube & electric posts	Number of vapor lamp	Number of tube lights
1	43	2	
2	46	3	
3	48	6	2
4	46	3	2
5	92	4	3
6	79	2	2
7	94	2	2
8	79	2	1
9	81 SWE. 18h 10	1	1
10	55 Estd1876	3	
Total	663 Medinipur	28	13

Source: Municipality

Project Justification

For the following reasons Khirpai Municipality selected the slums namely mentioned below as first project for preparation of DPR under HFAPoA (PMAY):

Table-20: Justification of the Project

SI. No	Name of the Slums	Status	Land	Age in years	National High Way	Status of Housings	Road Status	Habitation pattern
1	CHUNARU PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	100	The National Highway - 6 is 42 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
2	ADIBASI PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	25	The National Highway - 6 is 42 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
3	KUMAR PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	65	The National Highway - 6 is 42 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
4	MUSLIM PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	80	The National Highway - 6 is 42 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
5	DAS PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	70	The National Highway - 6 is 42 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space



6	KUMARPUKUR PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	50	The National Highway - 6 is 42 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
7	GHOSH PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	75	The National Highway - 6 is 41 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
8	DAS PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	80	The National Highway - 6 is 41 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
9	TELIBAJAR ADIBASI PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	15	The National Highway - 6 is 41 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
10	BAG PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	3	The National Highway - 6 is 41 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
11	DUTTAPUKUR	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	25	The National Highway - 6 is 41 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficien open space
12	SHIBBAZAR	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	80	The National Highway - 6 is 41 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficien open space

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13	CHALAK PARA & KAPAT PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	75	The National Highway - 6 is 41 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
14	ADIBASIPARA & DANGAPARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	85	The National Highway - 6 is 41 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
15	RUSKAR PARA & KARKAR PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	85	The National Highway - 6 is 41 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is . congested with insufficient open space
16	KARAK PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	90	The National Highway - 6 is 41 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
17	BAMUNPUKUR	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	79	The National Highway - 6 is 41 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
18	MUSLIM PARA & ADHIKARI PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	15	The National Highway - 6 is 41 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
19	DHALI PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	75	The National Highway - 6 is 41 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space

20	DHARAMPORE MAJHERPARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	25	The National Highway - 6 is 41 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
21	DEWAN PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	85	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
22	HARER DANGA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	15	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
23	UTTAR PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	18	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
24	MOSPUKUR ADIBASI PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	90	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
25	DEWAN PARA & DOM PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	30	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
26	SHYAMALGANJA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the sane ficiary	85	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space

27	UTTAR PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	10	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
28	BAGDI PARA & DHOBA PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	12	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
29	LAYEK PARA & MOS PUKUR PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	15	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
30	KABADI PARA & DOGRA DAS PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	90	The National Highway - 6 is 42 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
31	SALIM CHAWK	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	80	The National Highway - 6 is 42 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
32	BABU PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	80	The National Highway - 6 is 42 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
33	BAG PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	80	The National Highway - 6 is 42 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space

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34	GOKULGANJA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	80	The National Highway - 6 is 42 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
35	SHANKRAPARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	80	The National Highway - 6 is 42 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
36	JAMIDAR PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	80	The National Highway - 6 is 42 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
37	METE PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to theBeneficiary	80	The National Highway - 6 is 42 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space



For the following reasons Khirpai Municipality selected the Non-slums namely mentioned below as first project for preparation of DPR under HFAPoA (PMAY):

Table-21: Reasons of Non Slum

SI. No	Name of the Slums	Status	Land	Age in years	National High Way	Status of Housings	Road Status	Habitation pattern	SI. No
I	MANIKPUR	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	45	The National Highway - 6 is 42 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
2	HATTALA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	35	The National Highway - 6 is 42 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
3	CHOWKAN	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	41	The National Highway - 6 is 41 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
4	HALDERPARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	43	The National Highway - 6 is 41 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
5	MONDALPARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	45	The National Highway - 6 is 41 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space

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6	GHOSHPARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	42	The National Highway - 6 is 41 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
7	ROY PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	56	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficien open space
8	ADHIKARYPARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	35	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
9	KARAKPARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	51	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums i congested with insufficien open space
10	SING PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	32	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums i congested with insufficien open space
11	CHALAK PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	32	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums i congested with insufficier open space

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12	KAPATPARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	32	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
13	BISWASPARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	32	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
14	HALDERPARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	32	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
15	KARPARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	32	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficien open space
16	ANANDAPUR	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	32	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is tiving in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficien open space
17	MALIDANGA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	32	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums i congested with insufficien open space

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TELEBAZER	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	32	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
PAN PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	32	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
DAYABAZAR	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	32	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
MONDALPARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	32	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
PATRA PARA	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	Land belongs to the Beneficiary	32	The National Highway - 6 is 40 kms away	Major population is living in huts, made of darma / bricks with tin sheets and asbestos/tiles on roof	Majority portion of roads are CC, Bituminious or damaged roads.	Habitation pattern in the slums is congested with insufficient open space
	PAN PARA DAYABAZAR MONDALPARA	TELEBAZER condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	THE CONDITION OF LIVING IN THE CONDITION OF LIVI	TELEBAZER condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	TELEBAZER of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	TELEBAZER of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	TELEBAZER In the condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic	TELEBAZER Interpretation of living in the slum is unhygienic The condition of living in the slum is unhygienic The land lightway-file living in hus, made of lightway-file living in hus, made of lightway-file



2.3 Tenure Status

As per the demand survey and geographical location of the city out of four verticals municipality has taken only Beneficiary Lead Construction (BLC) for the year 2015-16. In the 1st year of implementation of Housing for All, 400 beneficiaries have been identified for the construction of New House through BLC. The above beneficiaries have been selected only who have their own land required for the construction of new house under BLC.

Table - 22: Land Tenure Status in connection with Housing for All in Slums

***	61		AREA		Owner	ship details		Type o	f house ba Roof	sed on
Ward No.	Slum Code	Slum Name	in Sq Mt	Own	Rented	Otherwise	Total	Semi- Pucca	Katcha	Tota
	10003	CHUNARU PARA	120000	127	1	0	128	9	119	128
1	10015	ADIBASI PARA	43000	45	0	0	45	1	44	45
	10035	KUMAR PARA	290000	78	0	0	78	11	67	78
	10002	MUSLIM PARA	93000	82	5	2	89	45	44	89
	10016	DAS PARA	51000	64	0	0	64	37	27	64
2	10019	KUMARPUKUR PARA	47000	87	1	1	89	54	35	89
	10036	GHOSH PARA	13000	79	0	0	79	37	42	79
	10017	DAS PARA	310000	154	1	4	159	118	41	159
3	10009	TELIBAJAR ADIBASI PARA	270000	127	0	0	127	89	38	127
	10018	BAG PARA	68000	60	0	0	60	3	57	60
4	10025	DUTTAPUKUR	67000	3	0	36	39	7	32	39
	10029	SHIBBAZAR	45000	86	5	0	91	8	83	91
	10012	CHALAK PARA & KAPAT PARA	47000	59	0	0	59	1	58	59
	10013	ADIBASIPARA & DANGAPARA	140000	75	0	0	75	7	68	75
5	10020	RUSKAR PARA & KARKAR PARA	39000	113	0	0	113	i	112	113
	10037	KARAK PARA	52000	38	0	0	38	1	37	38
	10033	BAMUNPUKUR	27000	33	0	0	33	0	33	33
	10034	MUSLIM PARA & ADHIKARI PARA	67000	41	0	0	41	2	39	41
	10010	DHALI PARA	150000	104	0	3	107	7	100	107
	10011	DHARAMPORE MAJHERPARA	57000	74	0	0	74	3	71	74
6	10021	DEWAN PARA	65000	49	0	0	49	3	46	49
	10022	HARER DANGA	33000	38	0	3	41	6	35	41
	10030	UTTAR PARA	39000	34	0	1	35	6	29	35
	10023	MOSPUKUR ADIBASI PARA	22000	38	0	11	49	7	42	49
7	10024	DEWAN PARA & DOM PARA	43000	53	0	3	56	2	54	56
	10008	SHYAMALGANIA 104	290000	107	0	27	134	9	125	134
	10031	UTTAR PARA Esta -1676	£1000	75	0	2	77	2	75	77

		Total		2717	22	106	2845	659	2186	2845
10	10014	METE PARA	61000	53	1	0	54	10	44	54
10	10001	JAMIDAR PARA	180000	109	8	5	122	20	102	122
	10032	SHANKRAPARA	25000	38	0	0	38	20	18	38
	10028	GOKULGANJA	23000	66	0	8	74	31	43	74
9	10027	BAG PARA	96000	64	0	0	64	30	34	64
	10007	BABU PARA	33000	45	0	0	45	12	33	45
	10006	SALIM CHAWK	77000	61	0	0	61	39	22	61
	10026	KABADI PARA & DOGRA DAS PARA	41000	44	0	0	44	1	43	44
8	10005	LAYEK PARA & MOS PUKUR PARA	130000	173	0	0	173	9	164	173
	10004	BAGDI PARA & DHOBA PARA	150000	141	0	0	141	11	130	141

Table - 23: Land Tenure Status in connection with Housing for All in Non Slums

SI.	Ward	Name of Non-Slum		Ownersh	ip details		4.	use based on oof	Tota
No	No	Name of Non-Sium	Own	Rented	Otherwise	Total	Semi Pucca	Kuchha	
1	1	MANIKPUR	61	0	0	61	4	57	61
2	4	HATTALA	12	0	0	12	2	10	12
3	4	CHOWKAN	11	1	0	12	1	11	12
4	4	HALDERPARA	25	0	0	25	4	21	25
5	5	MONDALPARA	24	0	0	24	2	22	24
6	5	GHOSHPARA	59	0	0	59	12	47	59
7	5	ROY PARA	9	0	0	9	5	4	9
8	5	ADHIKARYPARA	33	0	0	33	2	31	33
9	5	KARAKPARA	9	0	0	9	1	8	9
10	5	SING PARA	8	0	0	8	1	7	8
11	5	CHALAK PARA	6	0	0	6	3	3	6
12	5	KAPATPARA	30	0	0	30	3	27	30
13	6	BISWASPARA	12	0	0	12	3	9	12
14	6	HALDERPARA	18	0	0	18	4	14	18
15	6	KARPARA	15	0	0	15	2	13	15
16	7	ANANDAPUR	83	1	4	88	13	75	88
17	7	MALIDANGA	9	0	0	9	0	9	9
18	7	TELEBAZER	70	0	4	74	3	71	74
19	8	PAN PARA	24	0	0	24	0	24	24
20	9	DAYABAZAR	68	0	2	70	32	38	70
21	9	MONDALPARA	39	0	0	39	30	9	39
22	9	PATRA PARA	69	0	0	69	52	17	69
		Total	694	2	10	706	179	527	700



2.4 Choice of Option/Vertical and its justification for housing and/or infrastructure

- "In-situ" Slum Redevelopment using land as Resource(include viability analysis)
- Credit-Linked Subsidy Scheme (CLSS)
- Affordable Housing in Partnership (AHP)
- Beneficiary-led individual house construction or enhancement

In the case of Khirpai Municipality, this Municipality takes only one vertical i.e. "Beneficiary led construction". From present Demand Assessment survey for Housing for all (HFA), it is noticed that 3551 household covering under this project. 3551 houses will be constructed through "Beneficiary-led-Construction" under "Beneficiary-led-Construction" each beneficiary will get 1.5 lakh from central assistance.

Table-24: Slum-wise Intervention strategies for Tenable/Untenable Slums and Year-wise Proposed
Interventions in Slums

			Proposed Development Strategy i. Affordable Housing Project (AHP)	
			ii. Credit Linked Subsidy Scheme (CLSS)	
	Area of the Slum in sq.	Total No. of Slum Households as per	iii. Beneficiary Led Construction	Proposed Year of
Name of the Slum	mtrs	Demand Survey*	iv. Clubbing with other Tenable Slums**	Intervention
CHUNARU PARA	120000	128	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
ADIBASI PARA	43000	45	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
KUMAR PARA	290000	78	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
MUSLIM PARA	93000	89	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
DAS PARA	51000	64	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
KUMARPUKUR PARA	47000	89	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
GHOSH PARA	13000	79	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
DAS PARA	310000	159	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
TELIBAJAR ADIBASI PARA	270000	127	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
BAG PARA	68000	60	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
DUTTAPUKUR	67000	39	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
SHIBBAZAR	45000	91	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
CHALAK PARA & KAPAT PARA	47000	59	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
ADIBASIPARA & DANGAPARA	140000	75	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
RUSKAR PARA & KARKAR PARA	39000	113	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
KARAK PARA	52000	38	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
BAMUNPUKUR	27000	33	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
MUSLIM PARA & ADHIKARI PARA	67000	41	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
DHALI PARA	150000	107	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
DHARAMPORE MAJHERPARA	57000	74	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
DEWAN PARA	65000	49	Beneficiary Led Constantion	2015-16 to 2021-22

HARER DANGA	33000	41	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
UTTAR PARA	39000	35	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
MOSPUKUR ADIBASI PARA	22000	49	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
DEWAN PARA & DOM PARA	43000	56	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
SHYAMALGANJA	290000	134	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
UTTAR PARA	41000	77	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
BAGDI PARA & DHOBA PARA	150000	141	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
LAYEK PARA & MOS PUKUR PARA	130000	173	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
KABADI PARA & DOGRA DAS PARA	41000	44	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
SALIM CHAWK	77000	61	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
BABU PARA	33000	45	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
BAG PARA	96000	64	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
GOKULGANJA	23000	74	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
SHANKRAPARA	25000	38	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
JAMIDAR PARA	180000	122	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22
METE PARA	61000	54	Beneficiary Led Construction	2015-16 to 2021-22



Table-25: Number of Beneficiaries and Central Assistance Required (Rs. in Crores)

		development Private Partn Participation	ier		Beneficiary-l Constructio		Credi	t Linked Sub	sidy***	Affe	ordable Hous Partnership		Tota	al
	No. of Slu ms	No. of Beneficia ries	Amou nt	No. of Slu ms	No. of Beneficia ries	Amou nt (In Crore	No. of Slu ms	No. of Beneficia ries	Amou nt	No. of Slu ms	No. of Beneficia ries	Amou nt	No. of Beneficia ries	Amou nt (In Crore
2015-16	NIL	NA	NA	37	250	3.75	NIL	NA	NA	NIL	NA	NA	250	3.75
2016-17	NIL	NA	NA	37	650	9.75	NIL	NA	NA	NIL	NA	NA	650	9.75
2017-18	NIL	NA	NA	37	640	9.6	NIL	NA	NA	NIL	NA	NA	640	9.6
2018-19	NIL	NA	NA	37	630	9.45	NIL	NA	NA	NIL	NA	NA	630	9.45
2019-20	NIL	NA	NA	37	600	9	NIL	NA	NA	NIL	NA	NA	600	9
2020-21	NIL	NA	NA	37	38	0.57	NIL	NA	NA	NIL	NA	NA	38	0.57
2021-22	NIL	NA	NA	37	37	0.56	NIL	NA	NA	NIL	NA	NA	37	0.56
Total	NIL	NA	NA	37	2845	42.7	NIL	NA	NA	NIL	NA	NA	2845	42.7



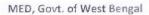




Table-26: Year-wise Proposed Interventions for Other Urban Poor based on demand survey

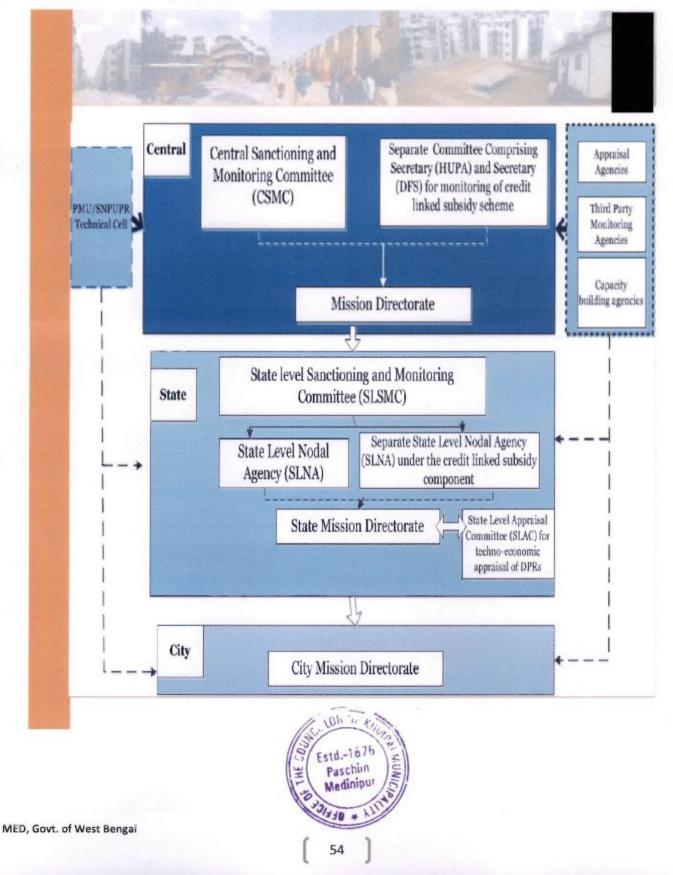
		Nui	nber of Beneficiar	ies and Centra	l Assistance Requir	red (Rs. in Cro	res)	
Year	Beneficiary-led	Construction	Credit Linke	d Subsidy	Affordable H Partner		Tota	af
	No. of Beneficiaries	Amount (In Crore)	No. of Beneficiaries	Amount	No. of Beneficiaries	Amount	No. of Beneficiaries	Amount (In Crore)
2015-16	150	2.25	NIL	NIL	0	0	150	2.25
2016-17	150	2.25	NIL	NIL	95	1.43	245	3.68
2017-18	140	2.1	NIL	NIL	90	1.35	230	3.45
2018-19	100	1.5	NIL	NIL	85	1.28	185	2.78
2019-20	100	1.5	NIL	NIL	80	1.2	180	2.7
2020-21	33	0.5	NIL	NIL	50	0.75	83	1.25
2021-22	33	0.5	NIL	NIL	49	0.74	82	1.23
Total	706	10.59	NIL	NIL	449	6.74	1155	17.33





2.5 Resource mobilization strategy and Implementation strategy

Physical and social infrastructure requires developing in slum and non slum area to be covered other central and state schemes like 13th FC, 4th SFC, and UWES etc. Beneficiaries belong to pro-poor families, unable to contribute the beneficiary contribution under HFA project should be cover under project of SUHP funded by State Government.



Roles and responsibilities of the Institutions:

Central Sanctioning and Monitoring Committee (CSMC)

 An inter-ministerial committee under Chairpersonship of Secretary (HUPA) for implementation of the Mission, approvals there under and monitoring.

Indicative Functions of CSIMC

- Overall review and Monitoring of the Mission
- Assessing resource requirement based on HFAPoA and AIP submitted by States/UTs
- Approval of central releases under various components of the Mission
- Approval of Capacity Building Plans of States/UTs
- Devising financial and other norms for various activities undertaken as part of the Mission
- · Approval of Annual Quality Monitoring Plans, Social Audit plans etc.
- Any other important issues required for implementation of the Mission.

State Level Sanctioning and Monitoring Committee (SLSMC)

Indicative functions of SLSMC

- Approval of Housing for All Plan of Action (HFAPoA)
- · Approval of Annual Implementation Plan
- Approval of DPRs under various components of the Mission
- Approval of Annual Quality Monitoring Plans
- Reviewing progress of approved projects in the State and cities
- · Monitoring of implementation of Mission
- Any other issues required for effective implementation of the Mission.



Section 3: Project Concept and Scope

3.1 Introduction of slum(s)/non Slum Area

Under section-3 of the Slum Area Improvement and Clearance Act, 1956, slums have been defined as mainly those residential areas where dwellings are in any respect unfit for human habitation by reasons of dilapidation, overcrowding, faulty arrangements and buildings, narrowness and faulty arrangement of streets, lack ventilation, light or sanitation facilities or any combination of these factors which are detrimental to safety, health and morals. Thus, conceptually slums are compact overcrowded residential areas (and not isolated or scattered dwellings) unfit for habitation due to lack of one or more of the basic infrastructure like drinking water, sanitation, electricity, sewerage, streets etc.

It is in this background that in the 2001 Census, an innovative attempt was made to collect demographic data slum areas across the country.

As per 2001 population census, the slum population is estimated to be 61.8 million, out of a total urban population of 285.35 million people reside in urban areas. The analysis of the data in this report provided an overview of the population characteristics of slums and squatter settlements and is expected to serve as a benchmark for pragmatic and realistic town planning while dealing with the issue of slums and slum dwellers. Urbanization is fast becoming the defining process in shaping the course of social transformation & ensuing development concerns in India. About 377 million persons or about 31% of India's population of 1.21 billion lived in urban areas in 2011, spread over 5161 towns. As per Report on Indian Urban Infrastructure and Services (NIUA) Report, the urban population is likely to grow to about 600 million by 2031. About one-fourth (24%) of the urban population of India is poor i.e. their expenditure on consumption goods is less than the poverty line benchmark. The benefits of urbanization have eluded this burgeoning 67 million urban poor population, most of who live in slums. An analysis of population growth trends between 1991 and 2001 shows that while India grew at an average annual growth rate of 2%, urban India grew at 3% mega cities at 4% and slum populations rose by 5%. This rapid and unplanned urbanization and simultaneous growth of urban population in the limited living spaces has a visible impact on the quality of life of the slum dwellers of the city. It is increasing clear that sustainable growth can only take place when it is inclusive and when the entire population including the poor and marginalized need to have at the least access to descent shelter, basic anenities, livelihoods and a voice in governance. Keeping this in mind the Government of India arious State

Governments have been taking up several schemes on partnership mode.

MED, Govt. of West Bengal

Paschin

Table-27: Introduction of slum(s)/non Slum Area

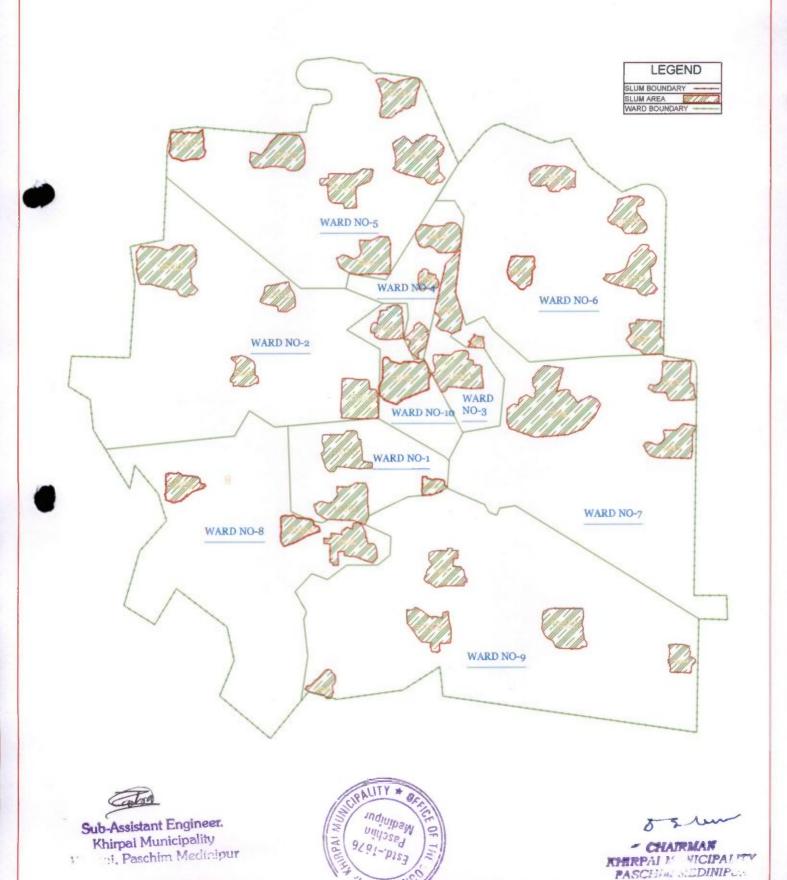
Ward Number	Słum Code	Slum Name	Number of total Households (Including pucca)	AREA in Sq Mt
	10003	CHUNARU PARA	115	120000
1	10015	ADIBASI PARA	77	43000
	10035	KUMAR PARA	116	290000
	10002	MUSLIM PARA	73	93000
2	10016	DAS PARA	65	51000
4	10019	KUMARPUKUR PARA	85	47000
	10036	GHOSH PARA	76	13000
3	10017	DAS PARA	150	310000
3	10009	TELIBAJAR ADIBASI PARA	110	270000
	10018	BAG PARA	56	68000
4	10025	DUTTAPUKUR	38	67000
	10029	SHIBBAZAR	63	45000
	10012	CHALAK PARA & KAPAT PARA	78	47000
	10013	ADIBASIPARA & DANGAPARA	47	140000
	10020	RUSKAR PARA & KARKAR PARA	81	39000
5	10037	KARAK PARA	30	52000
	10033	BAMUNPUKUR	39	27000
	10034	MUSLIM PARA & ADHIKARI PARA DHALI PARA	64	67000
	10010	\(\frac{1}{2} \)	0/6 / 21	150000
6	10011	DHARAMPORE MAJHERPARA DEWAN PARA	717	57000
	10021	DEWAN PARA	42	65000

	10022	HARER DANGA	37	33000
	10030	UTTAR PARA	38	39000
	10023	MOSPUKUR ADIBASI PARA	35	22000
7	10024	DEWAN PARA & DOM PARA	51	43000
/	10008	SHYAMALGANJA	114	290000
	10031	UTTAR PARA	65	41000
	10004	BAGDI PARA & DHOBA PARA	106	150000
8	10005	LAYEK PARA & MOS PUKUR PARA	- 111	130000
	10026	KABADI PARA & DOGRA DAS PARA	38	41000
	10006	SALIM CHAWK	48	77000
	10007	BABU PARA	42	33000
9	10027	BAG PARA	44	96000
	10028	GOKULGANJA	62	23000
	10032	SHANKRAPARA	35	25000
10	10001	JAMIDAR PARA	105	180000
10	10014	METE PARA	50	61000



KHIRPAI MUNICIPALITY

MAP SHOWING SLUMS (37 NOS.)



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Table-28: Non Slum Area

SI No	Name of Non Slum	Ward No
1	MANIKPUR	1
2	HATTALA	4
3	CHOWKAN	4
4	HALDERPARA	4
5	MONDALPARA	5
6	GHOSHPARA	5
7	ROY PARA	5
8	ADHIKARYPARA	5
9	KARAKPARA	5
10	SING PARA	5
11	CHALAK PARA	5
12	KAPATPARA	5
13	BISWASPARA	6
14	HALDERPARA	6
15	KARPARA	6
16	ANANDAPUR	7
17	MALIDANGA	7
18	TELEBAZER	7
19	PAN PARA	8
20	DAYABAZAR	9
21	MONDALPARA	9
22	PATRA PARA	9



KHIRPAI MUNICIPALITY MAP SHOWING NON SLUMS (19 NOS.)

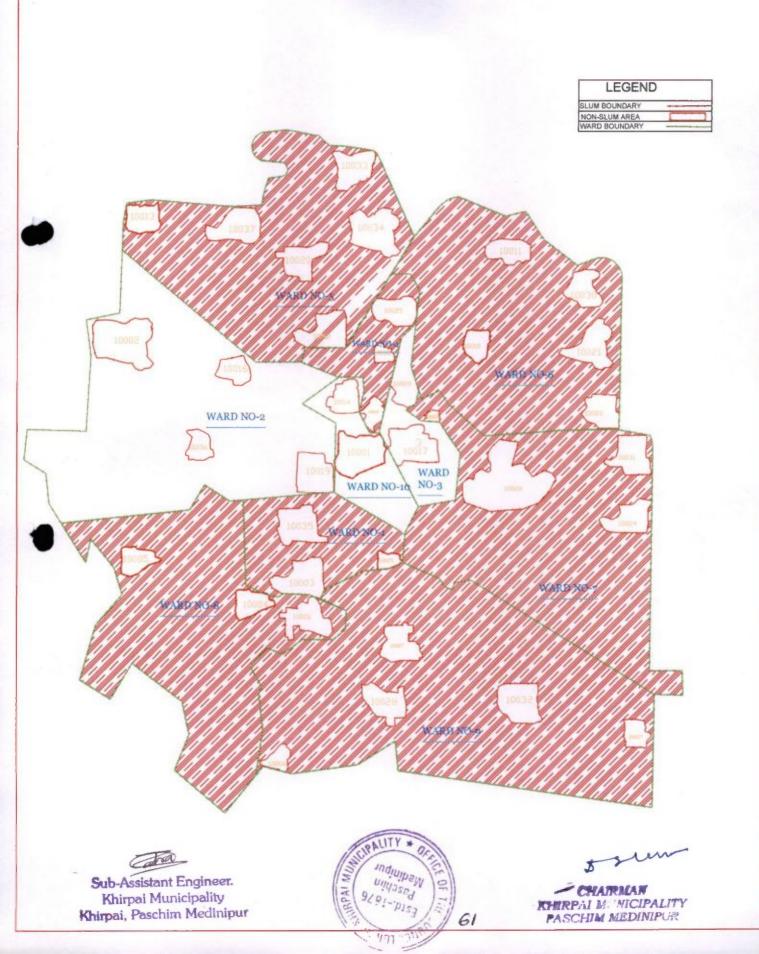
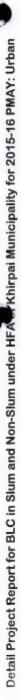


Table-29: Location of slum(s) / non Slum Area, Tenural Status, Land use and Land Possession status 3.2. Location of slum(s) / non Slum Area, Tenural Status, Land use and Land Possession status

Ward	Slum	Slum Name	Number of total Households (Including pucca)	AREA in Sq Mt	SC	TS	Minority	Physical location	Ownership of Land	Prone to flooding	Household Density per Hectare (From USHA)	Tenability (Yes /no)	Land Value (Z1 is high and Z4 is low)
æ	Р	С	q	e	Ţ	ÞÐ	p		•=	<u></u>	1	E	п
	10003	CHUNARU PARA	115	120000	63	60	00	NORMAL	Own	No	0.104	Yes	Z1
1	10015	ADIBASI PARA	77	43000	0	32	0	NORMAL	Own	2	0.037	Yes	7.7
	10035	KUMAR PARA	116	290000	-	0	0	NORMAL	Own	No	0.252	Yes	22
	10002	MUSLIM PARA	73	93000	0	0	58	NORMAL	Own	No	0.081	Yes	Z1
	10016	DAS PARA	65	51000	25	0	17	NORMAL	Own	No	0.044	Yes	Z1
7	10019	KUMARPUKUR PARA	85	47000	8	0	20	NORMAL	Own	No.	0.041	Yes	22
	10036	GHOSH PARA	92	13000	11	0	0	NORMAL	Own	No	0.011	Yes	22
	10017	DAS PARA	150	310000	17	16	0	NORMAL	Own	No	0.270	Yes	77
m	10009	TELIBAJAR ADIBASI PARA	110	270000	38	57	0	NORMAL	Own	No	0.235	Yes	22
4	10018	BAG PARA	56	00089	43	0	0	NORMAL	Own	No	0.059	Yes	Z2
	10025	DUTTAPUKUR	38	67000	25	2	0	NORMAL	Own	No	0.058	Yes	72
	10029	10029 SHIBBAZAR	63	45000	37	0	0/3	NORMAL	Own	No	0.039	Yes	22
					1	1	The same of the sa						

5 10020 ADMASAPARA RAMARA PARA KARKAR PARA RAMARA PARA RAMARA PARA RAMARA PARA RAMARA PARA RAMARA PARA RAMINDUKUR 47 140000 76 0 2 NORMAL NORMAL Own NO 0.034 10037 RARKAR PARA RAMINDUKUR 30 52000 24 0 0 NORMAL Own NO 0.045 10033 BAMUNPUKUR ADHIKARIPARA RAMBERPARA BADITARANPORE BADITARANPORE BADITARANPORE BADITARANPORE BADITARANPORE BADITARANPORE BADITARANPORE BADITARANPORE BADITARANPORE BADITARANPORE BADITARANPORE BADITARANPORE BADITARANPORE BADITARANPORE BADITARANPORE BADITARANPORE BADITARANPORE BADITARANPARA B		10012	CHALAK PARA KAPAT PARA	78	47000	64	0	0	NORMAL	Own	No	0.041	Yes	60
10020 RUSKAR PARA & B1 39000 76 0 DORMAL Own NO 10037 KARKAR PARA 30 52000 24 0 0 NORMAL Own NO 10033 BAMUNPUKUR 39 27000 38 0 0 NORMAL Own NO 10034 MUSLIM PARA & 64 67000 15 0 17 NORMAL Own NO 10010 DHALI PARA & 64 67000 15 0 17 NORMAL Own NO 10011 DHARAMPORE 80 57000 40 23 0 NORMAL Own NO 10021 DEWAN PARA 42 65000 31 0 NORMAL Own NO 10020 DEWAN PARA & 38 39000 24 2 0 NORMAL Own NO 10024 DOMPARA PARA & 51 114 29000 22 1 0 NORMAL Own NO		10013		47	140000	30	16	0	NORMAL	Own	No	0.122	Yes	
10037 KARAK PARA 30 52000 24 0 NORMAL Own No 10033 BAMUNPUKUR 39 27000 38 0 0 NORMAL Own No 10014 MUSLIM PARA& 64 67000 15 0 17 NORMAL Own No 10010 DHARAMPORE 80 57000 40 23 0 NORMAL Own No 10021 DEWAN PARA 42 65000 31 0 0 NORMAL Own No 10022 HARER DANGA 37 33000 6 8 0 NORMAL Own No 10024 LANDRASI PARA 35 22000 22 11 0 NORMAL Own No 10024 DOM PARA 35 41000 65 0 NORMAL Own No 10004 BAGDI PARA & 114 290000 22 0 NORMAL Own <td>w</td> <td>10020</td> <td></td> <td>81</td> <td>39000</td> <td>92</td> <td>0</td> <td>2</td> <td>NORMAL</td> <td>Own</td> <td>°Z</td> <td>0.034</td> <td>Yes</td> <td>155</td>	w	10020		81	39000	92	0	2	NORMAL	Own	°Z	0.034	Yes	155
10034 BAMUNPUKUR 39 27000 38 0 NORMAL Own NO 10034 MUSLIM PARA & 64 67000 15 0 17 NORMAL Own NO 10010 DHALI PARA 97 150000 84 2 0 NORMAL Own NO 10011 DHARAMPORE 80 57000 40 23 0 NORMAL Own NO 10021 DHARRAMPORE 80 57000 40 23 0 NORMAL Own NO 10021 DEWAN PARA 42 65000 31 0 0 NORMAL Own NO 10020 HARER DANGA 37 33000 6 8 0 NORMAL Own NO 10024 DEWAN PARA 51 43000 21 0 NORMAL Own NO 10034 BAGDI PARA & 51 0 0 NORMAL Own NO		10037		30	52000	24	0	0	NORMAL	Own	No	0.045	Yes	
10034 MUSLIM PARA & 64 67000 15 0 17 NORMAL Own NO 10010 DHALI PARA 97 150000 84 2 0 NORMAL Own NO 10011 DHARAMPORE 80 57000 40 23 0 NORMAL Own NO 10021 DEWAN PARA 42 65000 31 0 0 NORMAL Own NO 10022 HARER DANGA 37 33000 6 8 0 NORMAL Own NO 10024 HARER DANGA 37 33000 24 2 0 NORMAL Own NO 10024 ADIBASI PARA 35 22000 22 11 0 NORMAL Own NO 10024 DEWAN PARA & 51 41000 51 0 NORMAL Own NO 10004 BAGDI PARA & 5 106 0 NORMAL Own NO <		10033		39	27000	38	0	0	NORMAL	Own	No	0.023	Yes	
10010 DHALI PARA 97 150000 84 2 0 NORMAL Own NO 10011 DHARAMPORE 80 57000 40 23 0 NORMAL Own NO 10021 DEWANPARA 42 65000 31 0 0 NORMAL Own NO 10022 HARER DANGA 37 33000 24 2 0 NORMAL Own NO 10023 UTTAR PARA 35 22000 24 2 0 NORMAL Own NO 10024 DEWAN PARA 35 22000 22 11 0 NORMAL Own NO 10044 DEWAN PARA 51 43000 51 0 0 NORMAL Own NO 10048 BAGDI PARA & DHOBA PARA 116 150000 82 0 NORMAL Own NO 10055 MOSPUKUR 1111 130000 65 0 <t< td=""><td></td><td>10034</td><td></td><td>64</td><td>00029</td><td>15</td><td>0</td><td>17</td><td>NORMAL</td><td>Own</td><td>No</td><td>0.058</td><td>Yes</td><td></td></t<>		10034		64	00029	15	0	17	NORMAL	Own	No	0.058	Yes	
10011 DHARAMPORE MAJHERPARA 80 57000 40 23 0 NORMAL Own NO 10021 DEWAN PARA 42 65000 31 0 0 NORMAL Own NO 10022 HARER DANGA 37 33000 6 8 0 NORMAL Own NO 10024 HARER DANGA 37 33000 24 2 0 NORMAL Own NO 10024 DEWAN PARA 51 43000 21 1 0 NORMAL Own NO 10024 DEWAN PARA 51 43000 51 0 NORMAL Own NO 10008 SHYAMALGANJA 114 290000 96 2 0 NORMAL Own NO 10031 UTTARPARA 106 150000 82 0 0 NORMAL Own NO 10004 BAGDI PARA 1111 130000 66 0		10010		16	150000	84	7	0	NORMAL	Own	No	0.130	Yes	
10021 DEWAN PARA 42 65000 31 0 NORMAL Own No 10022 HARER DANGA 37 33000 6 8 0 NORMAL Own No 10030 UTTAR PARA 38 39000 24 2 0 NORMAL Own No 10024 MOSPUKUR 35 22000 22 11 0 NORMAL Own No 10024 DEWAN PARA 51 43000 51 0 0 NORMAL Own No 10008 SHYAMALGANJA 114 29000 96 2 0 NORMAL Own No 10004 BAGDI PARA 65 41000 65 0 NORMAL Own No 10005 MOS PUKUR 111 13000 66 0 NORMAL Own No RABADI PARA 10006 11 0 25 NORMAL Own No		10011		80	57000	40	23	0	NORMAL	Own	No	0.050	Yes	
10022 HARER DANGA 37 33000 6 8 0 NORMAL Own No 10023 MOSPUKUR ADIBASI PARA ADIBASI PARA 10024 35 22000 24 2 0 NORMAL Own No 10024 DOM PARA 	9	10021		42	00059	31	0	0	NORMAL	Own	No	0.057	Yes	
10020 UTTAR PARA 38 39000 24 2 0 NORMAL Own No 10023 MOSPUKURA ADIBASI PARA DOM PARA 10008 35 22000 22 11 0 NORMAL Own No 10008 SHYAMALGANJA DOM PARA 10001 114 290000 96 2 0 NORMAL Own No 10004 BAGDI PARA & DHOBA PARA 10005 106 150000 82 0 0 NORMAL NORMAL Own No 10005 MOS PUKUR PARA PARA 10026 111 130000 66 0 20 NORMAL NORMAL Own No 10005 MOS PUKUR PARA PARA 111 130000 66 0 20 NORMAL NORMAL Own No		10022		37	33000	9	00	0	NORMAL	Own	No	0.029	Yes	
10024 MOSPUKUR 35 22000 22 11 0 NORMAL Own No 10024 DEWAN PARA & 51 43000 51 0 0 NORMAL Own No 10008 SHYAMALGANJA 114 290000 96 2 0 NORMAL Own No 10031 UTTAR PARA 65 41000 65 0 0 NORMAL Own No 10004 BAGDI PARA & 106 15000 82 0 1 NORMAL Own No LAYEK PARA & 100 15000 66 0 20 NORMAL Own No LAYEK PARA & 111 13000 66 0 20 NORMAL Own No RABADI PARA & 1000 11 0 25 NORMAL Own No RABADI PARA 1002 0 0 25 NORMAL Own No		10030		38	39000	24	2	0	NORMAL	Own	No	0.034	Yes	
10024 DEWAN PARA & 51 43000 51 0 0 NORMAL Own No 10008 SHYAMALGANJA 114 290000 96 2 0 NORMAL Own No 10031 UTTAR PARA 65 41000 65 0 0 NORMAL Own No 10004 BAGDI PARA & 106 15000 82 0 1 NORMAL Own No LAYEK PARA & 111 13000 66 0 20 NORMAL Own No RABADI PARA & PARA 111 13000 66 0 20 NORMAL Own No KABADI PARA & PARA 38 41000 11 0 25 NORMAL Own No		10023		35	22000	22	11	0	NORMAL	Own	No	0.019	Yes	
10008 SHYAMALGANJA 114 290000 96 2 0 NORMAL Own No 10031 UTTAR PARA 65 41000 65 0 0 NORMAL Own No 10004 BAGDI PARA & DHOBA PARA 106 150000 82 0 1 NORMAL Own No 10005 MOS PUKUR 111 130000 66 0 20 NORMAL Own No KABADI PARA & PARA 41000 11 0 25 NORMAL Own No	٢	10024		51	43000	51	0	0	NORMAL	Own	No	0.037	Yes	
100031 UTTAR PARA & backles 65 41000 65 0 0 NORMAL Own No 10004 BAGDI PARA & backles 106 15000 82 0 1 NORMAL Own No 10005 MOS PUKUR 111 130000 66 0 20 NORMAL Own No KABADI PARA & PARA KABADI PARA & BARA 41000 11 0 25 NORMAL Own No		10008	- 11	114	290000	96	7	0	NORMAL	Own	No	0.252	Yes	
10004 BAGDI PARA & DHOBA PARA 106 150000 82 0 1 NORMAL Own No 10005 MOS PUKUR 111 130000 66 0 20 NORMAL Own No RABADI PARA & 10026 38 41000 11 0 25 NORMAL Own No		10031		65	41000	65	0	0	NORMAL	Own	No	0.036	Yes	
LAYEK PARA & 10005 LAYEK PARA & MOS PUKUR 111 130000 66 0 20 NORMAL Own No RABADI PARA & 10026 SOGRA DAS 38 41000 11 0 25 NORMAL Own No		10004		106	150000	82	0	1	NORMAL	Own	No	0.130	Yes	
KABADI PARA & DOGRA DAS 38 41000 11 0 25 NORMAL Own No	∞	10005		111	130000	99	0	20	NORMAL	Own	No	0.113	Yes	
		10026		38	41000	Ξ	0	25	NORMAL	Own	Š	0.036	Yes	





						170	288	1313		2563	Total		
7.7	Yes	0.053	No	Own	NORMAL	1	0	36	61000	50	10014 METE PARA	10014	
7.7	Yes	0.157	No	Own	NORMAL	0	-	72	180000	105	10001 JAMIDAR PARA	10001	9
77	Yes	0.022	No	Own	NORMAL	0	00	00	25000	35	10032 SHANKRAPARA	10032	
77	Yes	0.020	No.	Own	NORMAL	0	22	24	23000	62	10028 GOKULGANJA	10028	
Z2	Yes	0.083	No	Own	NORMAL	1	0	27	00096	44	10027 BAG PARA	10027	
77	Yes	0.029	No	Own	NORMAL	0	00	14	33000	42	10007 BABU PARA	10007	
Z1	Yes	0.067	No	Own	NORMAL	0	0	29	77000	48	10006 SALIM CHAWK	10006	



Site Appraisal & List of Slums under Khirpai Municipality

Table -30: Project Land Particulars of Slums

Sl. No	Name of the Slums	Ward No	Area of the Slum (Sq. km.)	Age of the Slum (in Years)	Whether located in core City/Town or Fringe area	Type of Area surrounding Slum	Is the slum Notified/ Declared	Ownership of Land where Slum is located
1	CHUNARU PARA	1	120000	100	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
2	ADIBASI PARA	1	43000	25	Fringe area	Residential	Non- Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
3	KUMAR PARA	1	290000	65	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
4	MUSLIM PARA	2	93000	80	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
5	DAS PARA	2	51000	70	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
6	KUMARPUKUR PARA	2	47000	50	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
7	GHOSH PARA	2	13000	75	Core City	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary

Paschin Medinipur

8	DAS PARA	3	310000	80	Core City	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
9	TELIBAJAR ADIBASI PARA	3	270000	15	Core City	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
10	BAG PARA	4	68000	3	Core City	Residential	Non- Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
11	DUTTAPUKUR	4	67000	25	Core City	Residential	Non- Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
12	SHIBBAZAR	4	45000	80	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
13	CHALAK PARA & KAPAT PARA	5	47000	75	Core City	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
14	ADIBASIPARA & DANGAPARA	5	140000	85	Core City	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
15	RUSKAR PARA & KARKAR PARA	5	39000	85	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
16	KARAK PARA	5	52000	90	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
17	BAMUNPUKUR	5	27000	79	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary

Paschiin Medinipur

18	MUSLIM PARA & ADHIKARI PARA	5	67000	15	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
19	DHALI PARA	6	150000	75	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
20	DHARAMPORE MAJHERPARA	6	57000	25	Core City	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
21	DEWAN PARA	6	65000	85	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
22	HARER DANGA	6	33000	15	Fringe area	Residential	Non- Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
23	UTTAR PARA	6	39000	18	Fringe area	Residential	Non- Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
24	MOSPUKUR ADIBASI PARA	7	22000	90	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
25	DEWAN PARA & DOM PARA	7	43000	30	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
26	SHYAMALGANJA	7	290000	85	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
27	UTTAR PARA	7	41000	10	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary

Estd.-1676 Paschiin Medinipur

28	BAGDI PARA & DHOBA PARA	8	150000	12	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
29	LAYEK PARA & MOS PUKUR PARA	8	130000	15	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
30	KABADI PARA & DOGRA DAS PARA	8	41000	90	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
31	SALIM CHAWK	9	77000	80	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
32	BABU PARA	9	33000	80	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
33	BAG PARA	9	96000	80	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
34	GOKULGANJA	9	23000	80	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
35	SHANKRAPARA	9	25000	80	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
36	JAMIDAR PARA	10	180000	80	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary
37	METE PARA	10	61000	80	Fringe area	Residential	Notified	Land belongs to the beneficiary

Medinipur

Table -31: Project Land Particulars of Non-Slums

SLNo	Name of the Non-Slums	Ward No	Whether located in core City/Town or Fringe area	Type of Area surrounding Slum	Is the slum Notified/ Declared	Ownership of Land where Slum is located
1	MANIKPUR	1	Fringe area	Residential	Non Slum	Land belongs to the beneficiary
2	HATTALA	4	Fringe area	Residential	Non Slum	Land belongs to the beneficiary
3	CHOWKAN	4	Fringe area	Residential	Non Slum	Land belongs to the beneficiary
4	HALDERPARA	4	Fringe area	Residential	Non Slum	Land belongs to the beneficiary
- 5	MONDALPARA	5	Fringe area	Residential	Non Slum	Land belongs to the beneficiary
6	GHOSHPARA	5	Fringe area	Residential	Non Slum	Land belongs to the beneficiary
7	ROY PARA	5	Fringe area	Residential	Non Slum	Land belongs to the beneficiary
8	ADHIKARYPARA	5	Fringe area	Residential	Non Slum	Land belongs to the beneficiary
9	KARAKPARA	5	Fringe area	Residential	Non Slum	Land belongs to the beneficiary
10	SING PARA	5	Fringe area	Residential	Non Slum	Land belongs to the beneficiary
11	CHALAK PARA	5	Fringe area	Residential	Non Slum	Land belongs to the beneficiary
12	KAPATPARA	5	Fringe area	Residential	Non Slum	Land belongs to the beneficiary
13	BISWASPARA	6	Fringe area	Residential	Non Slum	Land belongs to the beneficiary

Access to Bathroom facility

- In terms of access to bathroom facilities, 21% households (have bathroom facilities inside their own premise, of which around 70% households are from notified slums and rest from nonnotified slums.
- Rest of households does not have any bathroom facilities inside their premises, of which 26% use outside facilities and another 8% depend on ponds.

Drains

Improper drainage system is one of the emerging challenges of Khirpai Municipality, which leads to water logging condition in several slums every year during monsoons. None of 31 slums of Khirpai have connectivity to city wide underground drainage/sewer line. Table below shows the status of connectivity to City-wide Storm-water Drainage System.

Roads

Khirpai municipality is connected with both Kutcha and pucca roads. There are two levels of road found here. Concrete and bituminous roads are found as major roads connecting different wards. While intra ward roads are semi pucca to Kutcha in structure. Municipality records show that that 43.13% of the roads are semi pucca. Most of the roads in Khirpai are semi pucca in structure.

A ward wise feature has been provided in the table below.

Table - 33: Road Network

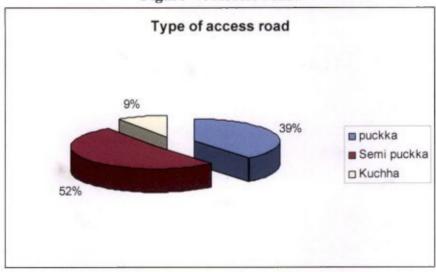
		Type	of roads and lengt	th (km)	
Ward no	Kutcha	Semi pucca/ WBM	Brick paved	Concrete	Black top
1	0.60	3.85	0.15	0.00	1.50
2	0.50	0.98	0.10	0.23	0.80
3	2.60	6.39	0.50	* 0.00	2.00
4	0.50	2.75	0.00	0.00	1.00
5	1.08	3.86	0.33	0.00	0.00
6	3.18	7.25	1.65	0.26	0.00

	Type of roads and length (km)									
Ward no	Kutcha	Semi pucca/ WBM	Brick paved	Concrete	Black top					
7	0.30	4.65	0.75	0.00	1.75					
8	1.00	4.60	0.00	0.35	1.50					
9	1.40	7.30	0.00	0.00	0.00					
10	0.00	1.50	0.25	0.00	0.75					
Total	11.15	43.13	3.73	0.84	9.30					

Source: Municipality

As is evident from the above table kutcha roads does not cover any significant part of the road network in the municipality. . Most of the households reported to have access roads as pucca or semi pucca in the urban household survey. Refer MAP 6 Overleaf.

Figure -7: Access roads



Source: Urban household Survey



Table-34: Slum wise Existing House Status

SINo	Name of Slum	Semi Pucca	Kuchha	Total
1	CHUNARU PARA	9	119	128
2	ADIBASI PARA	1	44	45
3	KUMAR PARA	11	67	78
4	MUSLIM PARA	45	44	89
5	DAS PARA	37	27	64
6	KUMARPUKUR PARA	54	35	89
7	GHOSH PARA	37	42	79
8	DAS PARA	118	41	159
9	TELIBAJAR ADIBASI PARA	89	38	127
10	BAG PARA	3	57	60
11	DUTTAPUKUR	7	32	39
12	SHIBBAZAR	8	83	91
13	CHALAK PARA & KAPAT PARA	1	58	59
14	ADIBASIPARA & DANGAPARA	7	68	75
15	RUSKAR PARA & KARKAR PARA	1	112	113
16	KARAK PARA	1	37	38
17	BAMUNPUKUR	0	33	33
18	MUSLIM PARA & ADHIKARI PARA	2	39	41
19	DHALI PARA	7	100	107
20	DHARAMPORE MAJHERPARA	3	71	74
21	DEWAN PARA	3	46	49
22	HARER DANGA	6	35	41
23	UTTAR PARA	6	29	35
24	MOSPUKUR ADIBASI PARA	7	42	49
25	DEWAN PARA & DOM PARA	ioh ir t	54	56
26	SHYAMALGANJA Est	1-1676 2 9	125	134

Detail Project Report for BLC in Slum and Non-Slum under HFA of Khirpai Municipality for 2015-16 PMAY: Urban

	Total	646	659	2186
37	METE PARA	10	44	54
36	JAMIDAR PARA	20	102	122
35	SHANKRAPARA	20	18	38
34	GOKULGANJA	31	43	74
33	BAG PARA	30	34	64
32	BABU PARA	12	33	45
31	SALIM CHAWK	39	22	61
30	KABADI PARA & DOGRA DAS PARA	1	43	44
29	LAYEK PARA & MOS PUKUR PARA	9	164	173
28	BAGDI PARA & DHOBA PARA	11	130	141
27	UTTAR PARA	2	75	77



Detail Project Report for BLC in Slum and Non-Slum under HFA of Khirpai Municipality for 2015-16 PMAY: Urban

Table-35: Non-Slum wise Existing House Status

SI No	Ward No	Name of Non-Slum	Semi Pucca	Kuchha	Total
1	1	MANIKPUR	4	57	61
2	4	HATTALA	2	10	12
3	4	CHOWKAN	1	11	12
4	4	HALDERPARA	4	21	25
5	5	MONDALPARA	2	22	24
6	5	GHOSHPARA	12	47	59
7	5	ROY PARA	5	4	9
8	5	ADHIKARYPARA	2	31	33
9	5	KARAKPARA	1	8	9
10	5	SING PARA	1	7	8
11	5	CHALAK PARA	3	3	6
12	5	KAPATPARA	3	27	30
13	6	BISWASPARA	3	9	12
14	6	HALDERPARA	4	14	18
15	6	KARPARA	2	13	15
16	7	ANANDAPUR	13	75	88
17	7	MALIDANGA	0	9	9
18	7	TELEBAZER	3	71	74
19	8	PAN PARA	0	24	24
20	9	DAYABAZAR	32	38	70
21	9	MONDALPARA	30	9	39
22	9	PATRA PARA	52	17	69
		Total	179	527	706

Most of the dwelling units have mud flooring closely followed by cement flooring. Firewood is the major source of cooking fuel in majority of the slum household.



DPR SCRUTINITY REPORT FOR THE PROJECT UNDER BENEFICIARIES LED INDIVIDUAL HOUSE CONSTRUCTION / ENHANCEMENT COMPONENT OF PRADHAN MANTRI AWAS YOJANA (PMAY)

BA	SIC INFORMATION:	- 1			
1	Name of the State	:		West Bengal	_
2	Name of the City	:		KHIRPAI	
3	Project Name	:		HFA under PM.	AY
4	Project Code	:			
5	State Level Nodal Agency (SLNA)	:		SUDA	
6	Implementing Agency/ ULB	:	K	Chirpai Municip	ality
7			Total	New construction	Enhancemen
	i) Project Cost (Rs in Lakhs)	:	1620.00	1620.00	Nil
	ii) GoI grant (Rs. in Lakhs)	:	600.00	600.00	Nil
	iii) State Grant (Rs. in Lakhs)	:	846.00	846.00	Nil
	iv) ULB/ Implementing agency share (Rs. in Lakhs)	:	74.00	Nil	Nil
	v) Beneficiary share (Rs. in Lakhs)	:	100.00	100.00	Nil
	vi) others, if any (Rs. in Lakhs)	:	Nil	Nil	Nil
8	Sources of availability of beneficiary share (self/loan/any other):	:		Self	
			(As per Annexu	re I)
9	Project Brief:	:		HFA under PM	AY
10	No of eligible Beneficiaries for GoI grant:	:		400	
11	Project duration (in months):	:		12	
AD	DMINISTRATIVE DETAILS				
12	Date of State Level Appraisal Committee (SLAC) approval of the project:	:			
13	Whether observations of SLAC have been incorporated?	:		Yes	
14	Date of SLSMC approved the project:	:			
15	Whether the format as per Annexure 7C of PMAY scheme guidelines has been signed by competent authorities:	:		Yes	
LA	ND DETAILS				
16	Whether selected beneficiaries have rightful ownership of land?	:		Yes	
TE	CHNICAL DETAILS	thi			
17	No of Proposed houses	1		<u> </u>	
	i) New Construction	:	N. U.	400	
	ii) Enhancement Medinip	11.	5/	Nil	

Detail Project Report for BLC in Slum and Non-Slum under HFA of Khirpai Municipality for 2015-16 PMAY: Urban

18	Whether the carpet area of proposed houses is up to 30 Sqm? If more, whether consultation with the Ministry has been done for determining the size of houses?	:	Within 30 Sqm
19	Whether building plans for all houses have been approved?	:	Yes
20	Schedule of Rates (SOR)adopted (Year)	:	
21	Whether cost index has been taken over the SOR rates? if Yes, whether supporting documents approving the same is furnished.	:	Yes
22	Whether technical specifications/design of housing have been ensured as per Indian Standards/NBC/State norms	:	Yes
23	Whether disaster (earthquake, flood, cyclone, landslide etc.) resistant features have been adopted in concept, design and implementation of the project? Please specify.	:	Yes
24	Whether statutory approvals from competent authorities have been obtained? If required	:	Yes
25	Whether any innovative / cost effective / green technology adopted in the project? If yes, please specify	:	No
26	Whether Beneficiaries have access to basic civic and social infrastructure facilities?	:	Yes
27	How Quality Assurance is proposed to be ensured for beneficiary led construction? Specify	:	Yes

Table 27: Annexure C- DPR Scrutiny Report for BLC



Details of Social Infrastructure at a Glance:

Table-22: Details of Social Infrastructure at a Glance

CHUNARU PARA

Education & Social Infrastr	ructure
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA NA
Health Facilities	NA NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 2 km
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	7
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA
Stum-dwellers Association Paschin	NA NA
Youth Association Medinipur	
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	NA

ADIBASI PARA

Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 2 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	10
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA
Slum-dwellers Association	-1876 NA
Youth Association	schin 2
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	dinipur NA

KUMAR PARA

Education & Social Infra	astructure
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 2 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 2 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	2
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
Youth Association	Std1676 2
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	edinipur S NA

MUSLIM PARA

SHEET PROCESSES	
Pre-primary School	- 121
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 1 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	1
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	5
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	C. 10A
Slum-dwellers Association	FSIQ NA
Youth Association	edin: 3
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	

DAS PARA

Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 1 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	4
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	C. LOA NA
Slum-dwellers Association	Std1d76 2
	Medinipar S
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	NA NA

KUMARPUKUR PARA

Education & Social Inf	rastructure
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 2 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 1 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	3
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA
Sium-dwellers Association	
Youth Association Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	edinipur 1
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	NA NA

GHOSH PARA

	frastructure
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Private	NA
Hìgh School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 10 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	5
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA
Slum-dwellers Association	Paschin S
Youth Association	Medinipur 2
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	NA NA

DAS PARA

Education & Social Inf	1. among ar. on an a \$41. ar.
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 1 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	8
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA
Slum-dwellers Association	Estd. 676 NA
Youth Association	Medinipur S
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	NA NA

TELIBAJAR ADIBASI PARA

Education & Social Infrastru	
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Private	NA
High School	W.Z.
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 1 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	4
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	DA NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
Youth Association	
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	NA NA

BAG PARA

Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Health Facilities	NA NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Maternity Centre	NA NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	15
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
Youth Association	Std1876
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	NA NA

DUTTAPUKUR

Education & Social Infra	
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hali	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	10
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
Youth Association	0 1
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	NA

SHIBBAZAR

SHIBBA Education & Social Infra	
Pre-primary School	
	NAPOL S. L. J.
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 2 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	3
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA
Slum dwellers Association	
Youth Association	NA NA
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	NA NA

CHALAK PARA & KAPAT PARA

Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 2 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA NA
Private	NA NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	2
Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
Youth Association	
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	ur NA

ADIBASIPARA & DANGAPARA

Education & Social Infrastructure	
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 2 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 2 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	2
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA
Slum-dwellers Association	OUNC. LOA NA
Youth Association	Est 1-1676
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	Meminipur S

RUSKAR PARA & KARKAR PARA

Education & Social Infi	
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1 km
Private	NA NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	LOA :
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA
Slum-dwellers Association	Paschin NA
Youth Association	edinipu 1

KARAK PARA

Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA NA
Urban Health Post	NA NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 1 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
/ocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA NA
Did Age Home	NA NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	1
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	LOH :- NA
Signi-uweners Association	td1876 NA
Youth Association	aschin 5
Nomen's Association/Mahila Samithis	NA NA

BAMUNPUKUR

Education & Social Infrastructure	
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 2 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	2
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
Youth Association	1
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	

MUSLIM PARA & ADHIKARI PARA

Education & Social Infrastructure	
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 1 km
Maternity Centre	NA NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA ,
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	2
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
Youth Association Pasc Pasc Madi	1676
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	Pur S

DHALI PARA

Education & Social Infrastructure	
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 2 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 5 km
Maternity Centre	NA NA
Private Clinic	NA NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA NA
Old Age Home	NA NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	h 1/2
Slum duollars Association	NA NA
Youth Association	him 1
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	NA NA

DHARAMPORE MAJHERPARA

Education & Social Infra	
Pre-primary School	-
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 2 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA NA
Urban Health Post	NA NA
Primary Health Centre	NA NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 6 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA NA
	NA NA
Community Hall Livelihood/Production Centre	NA NA
	NA NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	
Night Shelter	NA NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	2
	LOA :
Sium-dwellers Association	NA NA
10 Mer	schin stringer 1
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	NA NA

DEWAN PARA

Education & Social Inf	such decorpt
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 2 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 2 km
Private	NA NA
High School	
Municipal	NA NA
Private	NA NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA NA
Health Facilities	NA NA
Urban Health Post	NA NA
Primary Health Centre	NA NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 6 km
Maternity Centre	NA NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA .
Social Development/Welfare	NA NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	2
Slum-dwellers Association	LOh 11 ta
Youth Association	std16/6 \=\
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	Puschin NA Medinipur

HARER DANGA

Education & Social Inf	
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 6 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	2
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
Youth Association	std1876
	Medinipur NA

UTTAR PARA

Education & Social Infrastructure	
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
Y	
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Private	NA
High School	1
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 5 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA NA
Night Shelter	NA NA
Old Age Home	NA NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	2
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
Touri Association	Paschin =
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	Merlinipur & NA

MOSPUKUR ADIBASI PARA

Education & Social Infrastructure	
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
·	
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 5 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA .
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA ·
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	2
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
Youth Association	Paschin 1
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	Medinique NA

DEWAN PARA & DOM PARA

Education & Social Inf	THE WOLLD CONTRACT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Private	NA ·
High School	
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 5 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	2
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
Youth Association	Estd-1876
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	Medinipur NA

SHYAMALGANJA

Education & Social II	mastructure
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Private	NA NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 5 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	2
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA
Slum-dwellers Association	
Youth Association	Pass 16 12
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	Medinipur NA

UTTAR PARA

Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Private	NA NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 5 km
Maternity Centre	NA NA
Private Clinic	NA NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	2
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	LOA : EN
Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
Vouth Appointion	dinipur S NA
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	NA NA

BAGDI PARA & DHOBA PARA

Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 5 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Valdya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	2
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	, LOH ;
Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
Youth Association (音)	Paschin 1
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	NA NA

LAYEK PARA & MOS PUKUR PARA

Education & Social I	Infrastructure
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Private	NA NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 5 km
Maternity Centre	NA NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	2
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA
Slum-dwellers Association	E. LOA
Youth Association	Paschin =
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	Medinipur NA

KABADI PARA & DOGRA DAS PARA

re-primary School	
Anganwadi under iCDS	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 5 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	2
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA
Youth Association Estd1676 Paschin Women's Association/Mahila Samithis Medinipur	1
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis Medinipur	NA

SALIM CHAWK

re-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
flunicipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
flunicipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 5 km
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	5
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
∏⊢ Pas	-1076 2 1 him 1
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	ipur NA

BABU PARA

Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Private	NA NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA NA
Health Facilities	NA NA
Urban Health Post	NA NA
Primary Health Centre	NA NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 2 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	5
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
Youth Association // Lst	d1876 \2\
	schim S NA

BAG PARA

Education & Social Inf	rastructure
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Private	NA NA
High School	
Municipal	NA NA
Private	
1.00000,	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA NA
Health Facilities	NA NA
Ürban Health Post	NA NA
Primary Health Centre	NA NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 2 km
Maternity Centre	NA NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	5
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
Youth Association Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	1676 A
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	PUR SEN NA

GOKULGANJA

Education & Social In	rastructure
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 3 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	5
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA
Slum-dwellers Association	C. LOH C THINK
Youth Association	Estd1676
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	Paschin NA Medinipur

SHANKRAPARA

Education & Social Infe	astructure
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 4 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	5
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
Youth Association	Estd. Thire
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	Paschim NA Medinipur

JAMIDAR PARA

re-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 2 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Night Shelter	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	5
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
Youth Association	Paschin S
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	Medinipur NA

METE PARA

Education & Social Infrastruct	ture
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 1 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 1.5 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA NA
State Government	Within distance less than 0.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 5 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA NA
Night Shelter	NA NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	5
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA
Youth Association	1
Youth Association Women's Association/Mahila Samithis Mediniput	NA NA

Non Slum

Education & Social Infrastructure	e
Pre-primary School	
Anganwadi under ICDS	Within distance less than 2 km
Municipal Pre-school	NA
Private Pre-school	NA
Primary School	
Municipal	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 2 km
Private	NA
High School	
Municipal	NA
Private	NA
State Government	Within distance less than 2.5 km
Adult Education Centre	NA
Health Facilities	NA
Urban Health Post	NA
Primary Health Centre	NA
Government Hospital	Within distance less than 6 km
Maternity Centre	NA
Private Clinic	NA NA
Registered Medical Practitioner (RMP)	NA
Ayurvedic Doctor/Vaidya	NA
Social Development/Welfare	NA
Community Hall	NA
Livelihood/Production Centre	NA
Vocational Training/Training cum Production Centre	NA
Street Children Rehabilitation Centre	NA
Old Age Home	NA
Self Help Groups/DWCUA Groups in Slum	35
No. of Neighbourhood Groups (NHGs) in slum	NA NA
Slum-dwellers Association	NA NA
Youth Association	10
Women's Association/Mahila Samithis	NA

Section 4 - Description of Proposed Project and Planning

4.1 Provision of Housing

The Supply Demand Gap and Requirements

Particulars	Requirements
Housing: Dwelling Unit provision for H	Households with standard provisions:
	1 Multipurpose Room
	1 Bed Room
	1 Kitchen
	1 Toilet
	□ 1 W.C
Physical Infrastructure Requirement:	Standard Infrastructure Provision for
	☐ Water Supply
	Drainage
	Roads
	Electricity

Project Development Option

In-situ redevelopment and whole of the project will be addressed in the project

Proposed Development

Based on preliminary understanding, the following components are being proposed

Housing Units [Single storied in situ].

• Standard Physical Infrastructure to be provided in the form of Circulation of Water Supply Drainage, Roads and Electricity

Innovations proposed in Project Planning

Background

Housing activities are known to have the capacity to play a significant role in social-economic development, because they help not only in creation of shelter for the people by also in generating employment opportunities for a large variety skilled and unskilled work force which is a prerequisite for growth and development of settlement. A considerable section of the people without land are in a still worse position as housing schemes for the poor have hither to been targeted on paper but not applied in practice. Both the serviced land and shelter have become beyond the reach for half of the population-hence formation of slums, encroachments, informal colonies and unauthorized

constructions. No land is earmarked for Economically Weaker Sections and Low Income Groups in Master Plan. The population density norms are required to re-look to enable better utilization of valuable land, as certain areas in the city. This growing slum population and the lack of basic facilities like water and sanitation will badly impact on overall development and prosperity of urban centres like Municipality.

To overcome the existing situation and to promote planned development the following innovative strategies can be adopted for the improvement of the city.

- To ensure that housing, along with the supporting services is treated as a priority and at par with the infrastructure sector.
- Forging strong partnerships between private, public, and cooperative sectors to enhance the capacity of the construction industry.
- Organizing public consultations to meet the special needs of slum dwellers.
- Promotion of livelihood for the slum dwellers.

Financial Implementation:

Beneficiary led Participation:

Implies development of housing by involvement of Beneficiary

Tasks:

- Composition of beneficiaries and organizing the area meetings.
- Involvement of community and sustainable livelihood framework (SLF) in decision making and prioritization of needs of the slum.
- understating of Social-economic profile

Post Project Monitoring

A Monitoring & Evaluation team has to be formed to know the post project impact on the slums and to document the best practices.

Physical Infrastructure

Background

The National Sample Survey Organization (NSSO) in the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Government of India has released the report of a nation-wide survey carried out by it during July 2008 to June 2009 (65th round) on the condition of urban slums.

The aim of the survey was to collect information on the present condition of the slums and on recent changes, if any, in the condition of facilities available therein. Both 'notified slums' – areas notified as slums by the municipalities, corporations, local bodies or development authorities – and non-notified slums were surveyed – a non-notified slum being any compact urban area with a collection of poorly built tenements, mostly of temporary nature, crowded together usually with inadequate sanitary and drinking water facilities in unhygienic conditions. The present report gives the condition of urban slums, covering ownership, area type, structure, road within and approaching the slum, living facilities like electricity, drinking water, latrine, sewerage, drainage, garbage disposal, and distance of slums from the nearest primary school and government hospital/health centre. It also estimates the proportion of slums where certain specific facilities have improved/ deteriorated over the five years preceding the date of survey.

Comprehensive data on this subject was last collected by NSSO in its 58th round (July - December

2002). the present report provides key indicators from the 58th round as well, for comparison. Some important findings of the survey are given below.

- About 49 thousand slums were estimated to be in existence in urban India in 2008-09, 24% of them were located along *nallahs* and drains and 12% along railway lines.
- About 57% of slums were built on public land, owned mostly by local bodies, state government, etc.
- In 64% of notified slums, a majority of the dwellings were pucca, the corresponding percentage for the non-notified ones being 50%.
- For 95% slums, the major source of drinking water was either tapped or tube wells.
- Only 1% notified and 7% non-notified slums did not have electricity connection.
- About 78% of notified slums and 57% of the non-notified slums had a pucca road inside the slum.
- About 73% notified and 58% non-notified slums had a motor able approach road.



- About 48% of the slums were usually affected by water logging during monsoon 32% with inside of slum waterlogged as well as approach road to the slum, 7% where the slum was waterlogged but not the approach road, and 9% where only the approach road was waterlogged in the monsoon.
- The sanitary conditions in the slums in terms of latrine facility during 2008-09 showed considerable improvement since 2002. Latrines with septic tanks (or similar facility) were available in 68% notified and 47% non-notified slums (up from 66% and 35% respectively in 2002). At the other extreme, 10% notified and 20% non-notified slums (down from 17% and 51% in 2002) did not have any latrine facility at all.
- About 10% notified and 23% non-notified slums did not have any drainage facility. The
 corresponding proportions in 2002 had been 15% for notified and 44% for non-notified slums.
 Underground drainage systems or drainage systems constructed of pucca materials existed in
 about 39% notified slums (25% in 2002) and 24% non-notified slums (13% in 2002).
- Underground sewerage existed in about 33% notified slums (30% in 2002) and 19% non-notified slums (15% in 2002).
- Government agencies were collecting garbage from 75% notified and 55% non-notified slums.
- Among these slums, garbage was collected at least once in 7 days in 93% notified and 92% non-notified slums. About 10% notified and 23% non-notified slums did not have any regular mechanism for garbage disposal.
- Over the last five years, facilities had improved in about 50% of notified slums in terms
 of roads (both within-slum road and approach road) and water supply. The incidence of
 deterioration of any of the existing facilities in notified slums during the last five years was
 quite low (about 6% or below).
- In case of most slum facilities sewerage and medical facilities being exceptions the facility
 was reported to have improved during the last five years in more than 20% of non-notified
 slums. Deterioration of any of the existing facilities in non-notified slums, like notified slums,
 was rare (about 9% or below).
- Facilities such as street light, latrine, drainage, sewerage and medical facilities were each reported by more than 10% of notified slums to be non-existent both at the time of survey and five years earlier. In case of non-notified slums, facilities like street light, latrine, drainage, and sewerage and garbage disposal were each reported by more than 20% of the slums to be non-existent, both during the survey and five years earlier. Where improvement had been brought about during the last 5 years, it was due to the

 Government's efforts in about 80-90% of slums, both notified as well as non-notified and for all the facilities. Improvement in educational facilities at primary level was attributed to NGOs in 13% of the notified slums where such improvement was reported. NGOs were also found to have played a role in the improvement of latrine and sewerage system in nonnotified slums.

Topographical survey and GIS mapping

The preparation of base map of Wood Industries slum has been prepared with Global Positioning Stations (GPS) and temporary Benchmarks (TBM) for Dereferencing and accurately locating the slum. These points have been selected and located at well defined locations on the ground after discussion with the ULB officials. The existing topographical features have been represented to the actual terrestrial position.

Based on the Total Station survey and Socio-economic survey GIS based thematic maps were generated. This helped in accurate representation of the ground scenario with that of the socio-economic conditions of the people. The following GIS maps were generated for inclusive planning:

Outcome

Water is a basic requirement of life. Absence of adequate water is a major issue for health as well as comfort for the poor. With the implementation of the project, the slum dwellers will have access to safe drinking water, which will greatly help their personal health, and hygiene. Quality of life would improve significantly and the multiplier effect due to this investment would reap significant benefit to the economy of this region within a considerable short period of time.

Water supply includes sources of supply, features of collection and distribution system, water demand and availability, quality of surface and groundwater source, reuse and recycling of water including conservation of water at the household level. The endeavour for all the proposals is to optimize the total cost of the system.

Situation Appraisal & Key Intervention for Identified Slum

Presently accessibility to water supply facilities in the slum pocket is inadequate. The major source of water is from the common tap water available in the slums. The slum is partially connected to the municipal water supply main.

It is now proposed that water pipeline shall be provided in each howehold with requisite number of

MED, Govt. of West Bengal

Taps, as computed during the survey as felt needs shall be provided under this Project. However, considering that the houses are being provided with water, the provisions of multiple taps have not been encouraged and kept to the minimal level.

Assessment Overall State of Infrastructure

One of the priority area identified for Wood Industries slum has been absence of adequate drainage. Most of the drainage is kutcha and inadequate for covering the slums which had led to water logging which in turn affected the environment and health of the people on an overall basis.

As mentioned above poor drainage system and consequently chronic water logging are the major issues of concern. There is hardly any pucca drain. The state of drain also affects the condition of the road.

Though there are storm water drains on the main road around the slums, but there is no systematic connection with the internal areas of the slum, thereby leading to acute water logging within the slum. It is worth mentioning that apart from lack of drainage network in several slum pockets, major challenge lies with its maintenance. In numerous cases drains in slums gets choked due to improper disposing of solid waste and other hazardous materials into the existing drains.

Situation gets beyond control particularly during monsoon season like July and August. Accumulated water causes to generate public health problems. Haphazard growth and settlement in the slum area has blocked the natural drainage courses, which in turn causes water logging and stagnation in different parts of the slum.

Proposed Interventions

It is thus proposed to have an integrated drainage programme covering the slum pocket. The programme shall envisage construction of pucca drain throughout the road length and installing a maintenance programme to ensure that the drains are kept free from clogging from plastics and other materials. Depending on the availability of space and requirement, a sections have been designed, Designs of which have been provided in the relevant sections.



Road Infrastructure

Proposal Rationale

A key component of the Proposal is a focused initiative to provide strong connectivity and provision of movement in the slums. This will enable the poor people to benefit from greater mobility and would increase their employment opportunities, open up trading and marketing of products, and important improve access to health, education, and other social services.

Roads in the slum are highly undeveloped and ill maintained. Poor roads are strong barrier to the development of the slums. Poor road condition and absence of road facility in several slums makes life difficult for all slum dwellers, especially, women and children. It also hampers prompt movement of sick; particularly those who require urgent medical attention. Lack of maintenance, coupled with poor drainage makes life even worse during monsoon season. Road are rarely re-built or re-paired periodically due to several reason. Provision of basic quality road is thus an important element of slum development. The existing road network system of the slum has become inadequate to cope up with the present and ever increasing needs. In order to bear the additional pressure due to enhanced civic, economic and commercial activities of the slum, existing road network system in several places are required either to be up-graded or winded and new roads are also be constructed in a number of places where the network is inadequate.

Proposed status and strategy

The existing condition of the road is poor and cause great hardship to the slum dwellers particularly women and children. The existing roads in the slum areas are predominantly made of brick pavement. These roads are substantially worn out. The lane roads are Kutcha roads. These roads are highly vulnerable and are in a poor condition particularly in rainy season

One of the major issues is absence of proper maintenance. In view of this it is proposed that the entire road network is to be converted to concrete pavement as concrete pavements are durable and easy to maintain.

The Road needs to be maintained. It is proposed that operation and maintenance and servicing of these roads be done by the Municipality. The Bustee Working Committee shall be the first level of responsibility for ensuring that the project etc. are kept in good order. The project cell of the

MED, Govt. of West Bengal

Municipal Corporation shall carry out the overall operation and maintenance.

Proposed Intervention

All the proposed roads are rigid pavement-cement concrete roads. Rigid pavements are those which posses note worthy flexural strength. The concrete pavement slab can very well serve as a wearing surface as well as effective base course. Therefore usually rigid pavement structure consists of a cement concrete slab, below which a granular base or sub base course may be provided. Rigid pavements are generally designed and the stresses are analyzed using elastic theory, assuming pavement as an elastic plate resting over elastic or a viscous foundation.

Outcome

After successful implementation of the scheme the slum dwellers will have facilities like pre-school education, adult education, non-formal education and social, recreational activities in the slum area. The community centres would provide the people to gather in, to meet and discuss their problems. It is not just a physical location but a space; where poor people could own, develop their thoughts and also could contribute their own skill and labour to make their dream come true. It will also provide the Municipal Corporation in networking with the urban poor communities in order to exchange information and views.

Proposed Intervention

In view of the above, it is proposed that a Community Centre is established to cater the slum population. For community development a community centre is proposed. The one storied community centre has total plinth area of 223.4 sq m. There will be multipurpose hall which may be used as skill development centres or livelihood centre, health centres and Crèche are provided. The Community Centres act mainly as a supporting unit for livelihood and for revenue generation for O&M.

Definition of Slum for Housing

Different definitions of a slum exist in different statutes and in urban poverty literature. For the purpose of HOUSING SCHEME, it is proposed to adopt the definition given in the 2001 Census, which is as follows:

a. All areas notified as 'Slum' by State/Local Government and UT Administration under any Act;



b. All areas recognized as 'Slum' by State/Local Government and UT Administration, which have not been formally notified as slum under any Act;

Slum or *Slum Area*- is a compact settlement of at least 20 households (For NE & Special Category States it is 10-15 households) with a collection of poorly built tenements, mostly of temporary nature, crowded together usually with inadequate sanitary and drinking water facilities in unhygienic conditions.

Situation Appraisal

The people living in the slums mostly have kutcha (301) and semi-pucca (99) housing. In certain cases where pucca housing is available, they are usually in dilapidated condition. The kutcha houses are in very poor condition and require extensive repairs. Most of the houses have tiles on roof. While during the survey some of the houses have been noted to be in average condition, the quality of these houses is also speedily deteriorating.

Proposed Intervention

In line with the vision to 'housing for all', an integrated housing programme is proposed to be implemented. The target will be all the slum dwellers in the pocket. In situ single dwelling units are proposed.

Table-36: Dwelling units

Number of DU
400 within 37 slums & non slum

Building Plan

The buildings are proposed to cover an area of approximate 32 Sq.mt along with provision of 2 rooms, kitchen and sanitation facility. The layout, size and type design of housing dwelling units depends on the local conditions and the preferences of the beneficiary. The houses, has been designed in accordance with the desire of the beneficiaries, keeping in view the climatic conditions and the need to provide ample space, kitchen, ventilation, sanitary facilities, etc. and the community perceptions, preferences and cultural attitudes.

In line with the scheme, carpet area of the house will be not less than 25 sq. mts and preferably two room accommodation plus kitchen and toilet should be constructed.

Identification of Beneficiaries

Khirpai Municipality in consultation with State Urban Development Agency (SUDA) will approve the phasing of the beneficiaries in the region. The beneficiaries so identified and the projects so prepared shall be done in consultation with the committees and community development societies already existing in that particular city. The identification of beneficiaries will be on the basis of the baseline survey already conducted under PMAY Demand Survey.

Allotment of Houses

Allotment of dwelling units will be in the name of the female member of the household. Alternatively, it can be allotted in the name of husband and wife jointly. Ownership of land required for every Beneficiary.

Town Planning Norms

Up-gradation of existing constructions and construction of new houses shall only be taken after approval of the lay out by the urban local body. Respective State Govts. May relax some town planning norms for sanction of such layout Plans, to facilitate HOUSING SCHEME, however, minimum acceptable standards of Town Planning will need to be set and followed. All planning are done as per UDPFI & CPHEOO guidelines and local Municipal Bye-laws.

Tenure

Unlike rural areas, land is scarce in urban areas particularly in large metropolises. Under HOUSING SCHEME, the responsibility for providing land for the project rests with the State Government or its agencies.

Summary of Investment

Project Costing

The costing for the individual sectors has been made on the basis of applicable Schedule of Rates. The details of each of the sub-projects have been provided in the respective sections.

The cost components include:

Infrastructure: Cost of infrastructure development/up-gradation including water supply, sewerage, storm water drainage, solid waste management, roads & drainage, street lights, etc.



Housing: Construction Costs would need to be arrived from the various components that are proposed to be implemented and would vary depending on the development option identified.

GOI Contribution:

PMAY scheme guidelines stipulate that, 1.5 lakhs of the unit cost of dwelling unit. The Central share would be available as per milestones set out in Memorandum of Agreement (MoA).

Beneficiary Contribution:

In order to ensure beneficiaries interest, financial contribution by the beneficiaries is critical. The share of beneficiary contribution in housing is proposed to be a minimum of 25000/-. As per PMAY guidelines no contribution from the beneficiaries is expected in infrastructure improvements

State Contribution:

The decision would be left to the remaining share would have to be arranged by the State. State will contribute 5% of total Dwelling cost for infrastructure.

ULB Contribution:

ULB have no contribution on dwelling unit cost. ULB will contribute 5% of total Dwelling cost for infrastructure.

In the 1st Meeting of SLSMC of West Bengal it has been decided that the flowing funding pattern should be adopted for implementation of PMAY until further revision.

Table-37: Share of Fund

Type of	Component		Contrib	ution of	
City/Towns as per 2011 census		Central Rs.(Lakhs)	State Rs.(Lakhs)	ULB Rs.(Lakhs)	Beneficiaries Rs.(Lakhs)
Total cost of	Housing	1.5	1.93	Nil	0.25
Beneficiary LED Construction	Infrastructure	Nil	5 %	5 %	Nil



OUNDATION DETAILS 1700 3700 V/02 WO2 50 W.C BATH 1000 X 1170 X 900 1025 250 X 250 R.C.C. PASSAGE 3 BEAM AT ROOF LEVEL 900 WIDE 125 MM THK. BRICK WALL KITCHEN W 1850 X 1300 BED ROOM 2700 X 3125 250 X 250 R C.C. BEAM AT ROOF LEVEL MULTI-PURPOSE ROOM 2875 X 3100 12 275 VARANDA 900 X 1275 250 MM THK. BRICK WALL 3375 2825 NOTE:-INDITION

A CHAINDOW OPENINGS (M18472) WILL BE PROVIDED WITH Z-BATTEN SHUTTERS.

A LID DORS (01802) -25TH Z-BATTERN SHUTTERS, SINGLE LEAF.

A WOZ - OPENING PROVIDED WITH R.C.C. JALLI.

4. PLINTH REISERT - 450 TH.

5. CELLING HERGHT - 275°C TH.

6. MAIN WALL - 280 TH.

6. MAIN WALL - 280 TH.

8. ROOF SLAB, BEAM, LINTEL, ETC. WITH REINFORCED CEMENT CONCRETE M20 GRADE

FLOOR OF VERANDAM, WC, EATH, & KITCHEN ROOM TO BE KEPT 15 MM BELOW THE
FLOOR LEVEL OF ROOM & PASSAGE.

10. 100 MM TH. PIECE LINTEL OVER OPENING HAVE BEEN PROVIDED. DOORS & WINDOWS SCHEDULE PRADHAN MANTRI AWAS YOJANA DIMENSION HOUSING FOR ALL (URBAN) FLOOR AREA - 25.37 SQM. 900 X 909 WI OFFICE OF THE CHIEF ENGINEER 750 X 900 BUILT UP AREA - 32.18 SQM. MUNICIPAL ENGINEERING DIRECTORATE 750 X 750 WO2 GOVT. OF WEST BENGAL DI 900 X 2100 750 X 2100 DWG. NO. SCALE :- 1:50 & 1:25

D2

Figure-8: Layout drawing of DU



11. ALL DIMENSION ARE IN MM







4.2. Disaster Management and Mitigation

Most of the citizens admit the necessity of elimination of hazards arising out of collapse of ill maintained buildings of temporary nature during periods of heavy rains and storms and immediate renovation of drainage system by construction of drains of adequate size and re-sectioning of the two channels namely Gangur Canal and DVC Canal for increasing their carrying capacities by following appropriate design for the same. The structural design of the building is made by the MED, Govt. of West Bengal considering the norms of disaster management.

4.3. Statutory approval including environmental clearance (as applicable)

Table-38: Statutory approval including environmental clearance

	IMPACT &	REMEDIES
1.	Utilization of alternative material Characteristics and availability of alternative material	Locally available bricks etc. will be used.
2.	Rehabilitation of water bodies & measures for maintaining surface runoff smoothly	No water body is affected by the alignment of road. The road side open C. C. / Brick masonry drains have been provided for free flow of storm water.
3.	Measures for Erosion Control	Not applicable for the slum area.
4.	Conservation of Topsoil a. Extent of loss of topsoil b. Area requirement for topsoil conservation c. Inclusion of conservation of topsoil d.	Not applicable for the slum area.
5.	Impact on Heritage & Culture a. Identification of locally significant cultural properties b. Assessment of likely impacts on each cultural property due to project implementation c. Possible measures for avoidance i) Identification of alternative routes ii) Relocation of Culture property in consultation with the local community iii) Common Property	Question does not arise. Question does not arise.
6.	Location of Natural Habitants	It will not be disturbed
7.	Construction of site office / Camp	Temporary construction of camp / office shall be established by contractor and since the project is small and scattered, the temporary impact on environment for Construction Camp / office at the time of execution of work is negligible.
8.	Quarrying of Materials	N.
	 a. Sourcing of materials from quarries b. Lead from various existing quarries c. Adequacy of material for the project in these quarries 	The construction materials require for the project shall be procured from: a) Stone metal: from the existing. b) Bricks: From the existing brick fields nearby the project site. c) Sand: From the nearest source.

		All the materials are sufficiently available.
9.	Water Requirement; Identification of potential sources of water	Water required for the construction of work will be available from ground water. There is no scarcity of water in the region.
10.	Location of Waste Water Disposal :	
	a. Location for disposal of waste water	The surface drain have been proposed in the slum for disposal of waste water.
	b. Outfalls locations for longitudinal drains	
	i) Outfall level and back flow	Natural slope of the ground will be maintained for waterways for discharge of surface runoff. No possibility of back flow except in the case of heavy flood.
	ii) The outfall is in natural stream; measures shall be taken to prevent sediment into the stream.	The storm water drain of the slums will discharge the water to the main high drain of the town.
11.	Air Pollution during construction work	Work shall be carried out by equipments like concrete mixer machine vibrator etc. at this time of concerting work only for which air pollution will be negligible.
12.	Identify locations susceptible to induced development	Locations vulnerable to induced development: In such location the Municipality has committed not to allow building construction activity. a. Lands within 50 m of junctions b. Agricultural lands with enforce restriction on building activity on either side of road. Stretches within 100m of worship places, weekly fairs and locations of community mass gatherings.
13.	Roles and responsibilities of municipality in regulating development	The municipality shall lay down restrictions on building activities along the by-pass roads: 1. Municipality will enforce restriction on building activity on either side of road. 2. Development of Residential sites outside Existing Settlement. Appropriate measure towards the removal of encroachments onto the public land to be taken.
14.	Traffic Congestion and related air & noise pollution	As the road passes through the slum area of the town and two wheelers, Three wheelers, light vehicle will move hence there will not be any traffic congestion, related air & noise pollution.
15.	Opportunity in economic activities due to ease of transportation system	The benefits due to this project are: 1. Generation of Man days 2. Improvement in Household or population sector i.e. Improvement of personal health, hygiene, socioeconomic condition, education etc.



Section 5 – Project Cost Estimate

5.1. Abstract cost estimates

5.1.1 Component wise abstract for each slum/Non slums area

Table-39: Component wise abstract for each slum/Non slums area

/SI Indum												
O. Alling			Type	Type of house based on Roof	based on	Dwelling Unit	ıg Unit		Infrast	Infrastructure		
Ward No.	Slum	Slum Name	Semi- Pucca	Katcha	No. of Kutcha & Semi- Pucca House	Proposed No.	Cost Involved @ Rs. 3.68 lakhs per Unit	Proposed Road (In Mtrs.)	Cost Involved @ Rs. 0.04097 lakh per Mtr.	Proposed Drain (In Mtrs.)	Cost Involved @ Rs. 0.02298 lakh per Mtr.	Total Cost
	10003	CHUNARU PARA	6	119	128	7	25.76	61.68	2.53	105	2.41	30.70
-	10015	ADIBASI PARA	-	44	45	6	33.12	0.00	0.00	105	2.41	35.53
	10035	KUMAR PARA	11	29	78	∞	29.44	0.00	0.00	105	2.41	31.85
	10002	MUSLIM PARA	45	44	68	00	29.44	89'19	2.53	105	2.41	34.38
,	10016	DAS PARA	37	27	64	11	40.48	0.00	0.00	105	2.41	42.89
7	10019	KUMARPUKUR PARA	54	35	68	16	58.88	00.00	0.00	105	2.41	61.29
	10036	GHOSH PARA	37	42	79	15	55.2	0.00	0.00	105	2.41	57.61
,	10017	DASPARA	118	41	159	91	58.88	89.19	2.53	105	2.41	63.82
2	10009	TELIBAJAR ADIBASI PARA	68	38	127	14	51.52	0.00	0.00	55	1.26	52.78
	10018	BAG PARA	3	57	09	9	22.08	0.00	0.00	50	1.15	23.23
4	10025	DUTTAPUKUR	7	32	39	4	14.72	00.00	0.00	105	2.41	17.13
	10029	SHIBBAZAR	90	83	91	16	58.88	00.00	0.00	105	2.41	61.29

Detail Project Report for BLC in Slum and Non-Slum under Hi f Khirpai Municipality for 2015-16 PMAY: Urban

	10012	CHALAK PARA & KAPAT PARA	П	58	59	3	11.04	61.68	2.53	105	2.41	15.98
	10013	ADIBASIPARA & DANGAPARA	7	89	75		3.68	61.68	2.53	105	2.41	8.62
vo	10020	RUSKAR PARA & KARKAR PARA	1	112	113	4	14.72	00.00	0.00	105	2.41	17.13
	10037	KARAK PARA	-	37	38	_	3.68	61.68	2.53	131	3.01	9.22
	10033	BAMUNPUKUR	0	33	33	2	7.36	61.68	2.53	105	2.41	12.30
	10034	MUSLIM PARA & ADHIKARI PARA	2	39	41	-	3.68	0.00	0.00	55	1.26	4.94
	10010	DHALI PARA	7	100	107	11	40.48	61.68	2.53	105	2.41	45.42
	10011	DHARAMPORE MAJHERPARA	3	71	74	12	44.16	61.68	2.53	105	2.41	49.10
9	10021	DEWAN PARA	3	46	49	10	36.8	0.00	00.0	50	1.15	37.95
	10022	HARER DANGA	9	35	41	8	11.04	61.68	2.53	105	2.41	15.98
	10030	UTTAR PARA	9	29	35	5	18.4	61.68	2.53	55	1.26	22.19
	10023	MOSPUKUR ADIBASI PARA	7	42	49	1	3.68	0.00	0.00	105	2.41	60.9
	10024	DEWAN PARA & DOM PARA	2	54	99	3	11.04	61.68	2.53	50	1.15	14.72
	10008	SHYAMALGANJA	6	125	134	10	36.8	61.68	2.53	105	2.41	41.74
	10031	UTTAR PARA	2	75	77	9	22.08	61.68	2.53	105	2.41	27.02
	10004	BAGDI PARA & DHOBA PARA	11	130	141	14	51.52	00.00	0.00	50	1.15	52.67
90	10005	LAYEK PARA & MOS PUKUR PARA	6	164	173	22	80.96	61.68	2.53	55	1.26	84.75
10 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10026	KABADI PARA & DOGRA DAS PARA	1	43	44	10	36.8	0.00	0.00	50	1.15	37.95
Estd-1676 Z	10006	SALIM CHAWK	39	22	61	5	18.4	61.68	2.53	105	2.41	23.34
Paschin V	10007	BABU PARA	12	33	45	S	18.4	0.00	0.00	55	1.26	19.66
Medinipur	10027	BAG PARA	30	34	64	4	14.72	61.68	2.53	105	2.41	19.66
21.40	10028	GOKULGANJA	31	43	74	11	40.48	61.60	2.52	105	2.41	45.42
- 11	10032	SHANKRAPARA	20	18	38	5	18.4	61.80	2.53	105	2.41	23.34
9	10001	JAMIDAR PARA	20	102	122	29	106.72	0.00	00.0	105	2.41	109.13
	10014	METE PARA	10	44	54	11	40.48	0.00	0.00	105	2.41	42.89
-	au n	MANIKPUR	4	57	19	9	22.08	0.00	00.0	0	0.00	22.08
	IS u	CHOWKAN	1	11	12	3	11.04	0.00	00.0	105	2.41	13.45
†	oN	HALDERPARA	4	21	25	1	40.48	61.68	2.53	0	0.00	43.01

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	MONDALPARA	2	22	24	5	18.4	0.00	00.00	0	0.00	18.40
	GHOSHPARA	12	47	59	4	14.72	0.00	0.00	0	00.00	14.72
	ROY PARA	5	4	6	2	7.36	0.00	0.00	105	2.41	9.77
	ADHIKARYPARA	2	31	33	4	14.72	0.00	00.0	0	00.00	14.72
	KARAKPARA	1	00	6	-	3.68	61.68	2.53	0	0.00	6.21
	SING PARA	-	7	80	2	7.36	0.00	0.00	105	2.41	9.77
	BISWASPARA	m	6	12	2	7.36	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	7.36
	HALDERPARA	4	14	18	9	22.08	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	22.08
	KARPARA	2	13	15	1	3.68	0.00	0.00	105	2.41	60.9
	ANANDAPUR	13	75	88	7	25.76	89.19	2.53	0	0.00	28.29
,	MALIDANGA	0	6	6	2	7.36	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	7.36
	TELEBAZER	n	71	74	9	22.08	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	22.08
	PAN PARA	0	24	24	4	14.72	0.00	00.0	0	0.00	14.72
	DAYABAZAR	32	38	70	5	18.4	61.68	2.53	105	2.41	23.34
,	MONDALPARA	30	6	39	m	11.04	0.00	0.00	0	0.00	11.04
	PATRA PARA	52	17	69	7	25.76	0.00		0	0.00	25.76
	Total	1 830	2673	2502	400	1472 00	14107	50 13	2011	60 00	1630 00



5.2. Detailed Estimates

5.2.1. Detailed Estimate of Provision of Housing

Table-40: Detailed Estimate of Provision of Housing

DETAILED ESTIMATE FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF SINGLE UNIT DWELLING HOUSE

Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana Housing For All (Urban) Total Covered Area- 32.18 sq.m (With Electrical Works)

Referance of Schedule of Rates: PWD (W.B.), Schedule of Rates Building & Sanitary w.e.f-01.07.2014 &

Corrigenda

(Kolkata /24 Pgs (N & S)/ Kalyani Sub Div.)

SL No.	Description of Works	Quantity	Unit	Rate (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)
1	Earthwork in excavation in foundation trenches or drains, in all sorts of soil (including mixed soil but excluding laterite or sandstone) including removing spreading or stacking the spoils within a lead of 75 m as directed including trimming the sides of trenches, levelling, dressing and ramming the bottom, bailing out water etc. as required complete. a) Depth of excavation not exceeding 1500mm. SOR, PWD, P-1, I-2 a	13.000	%cu.m.	12047.00	1566.11
2	Earth work in filling in foundation trenches or plinth with good earth in layers not exceeding 150 mm. including watering and ramming etc. layer by layer complete. (Payment to be made on the basis of measurement of finished quantity of work)				
	a) With earth obtained from excavation of foundation.	11.120	%cu.m.	7831.00	870.81
	SOR, PWD, P-1, T/3 a				
3	Supplying Laying Polithin Sheets etc. SOR, PWD, P-45, T - 13	22.000	sqm	25.00	550.00
4	Cement concrete with graded Stone ballast (40 mm.) excluding shuttering.a) In ground floor and foundation.6:3:1 proportion Pakur variety SOR, PWD, Page 24; Item -10 a	3.500	cu.m.	5823.00	20380.50
5	25 mm. thick damp proof with cement concrete (4:2:1) (with graded stone aggregate 10 mm. Normal size) and painting the top surface with a coat of bitumen using 1.7 kg. per sq.m. including heating the bitumen and cost and carriage of all materials complete.	6.810	sqm,	297.00	2022.57
	SOR, PWD, P-45, T-12	or."	7.5%		
6	Brick work with 1st class bricks in cement mortar (6:1)	H Es	d1676		
ED, Go	ovt. of West Bengal	10.73	Medinipur (c.		

Reference of Schedule of Rates: PWD (W.B.), Schedule of Rates Building & Sanitary w.e.f-01.07.2014 & Corrigenda (Kolkata /24 Pgs (N & S)/ Kalyani Sub Div.)

SL No.	Description of Works	Quantity	Unit	Rate (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)
	a) In foundation and plinth.	10.430	cum	5719.00	59649.17
	b) In super structure SOR, PWD, P-29, T -22(a), (b)	15.240	cum	5943.00	90571.32
7	125mm thick brick work with 1st. class bricks in cement mortar (4:1). a) In ground floor SOR, PWD, P-73, I-29	23.220	sq.m.	783.00	18181.26
8	Ordinary Cement concrete (mix 1:1.5:3) with graded stone chips (20 mm nominal size) excluding shuttering and reinforcement if any, in ground floor as per relevant IS codes. (i) Pakur Variety	3.940	cu.m.	6851.66	26995.54
	SOR, PWD, P-14, T -7(i)				
9	Reinforcements for reinforced concrete work in all sorts of structures including distribution bars, stirrups, binders etc. including supply of rods, initial straightening and removal of loose rust (if necessary), cutting to requisite length, hooking and bending to correct shape, placing in proper position and binding with 16G black annealed wire at every inter-section, complete as per drawing and direction. (a) For works in foundation, basement and upto roof of ground floor / upto 4m. (i) Tor steel/Mild steel. SOR, PWD, P-27, T-15(i)	0.309	MT	60705.93	18775.74
10	Hire and labour charges for shuttering with centreing and necessary staging upto 4 m. using approved stout props and thick hard wood planks of approved thickness with required bracing for concrete slabs, beams, columns, lintels curved or straight including fitting, fixing and striking out after completion of works. (upto roof of ground floor). (When the height of a particular floor is more than 4 m. the equivalent floor ht. shall be taken as 4 m. and extra for works beyond the initial 4 m. ht. shall be allowed under 12(e) for every 4 m. or part thereof.) SOR, PWD, P-66, T-12(a)	三 三 三 日	Oh ir trippo dd1876 aschin edinipur of a w hilly 8		
	25 mm. to 30 mm. thick wooden shuttering as per decision & direction of Engineer-in-charge. Ground Floor	37.063	M ²	360.00	13342.68

Reference of Schedule of Rates: PWD (W.B.), Schedule of Rates Building & Sanitary w.e.f-01.07.2014 & Corrigenda (Kolkata /24 Pgs (N & S)/ Kalyani Sub Div.)

Floor Area 25.37 sqm

SL No.	Description of Works	Quantity	Unit	Rate (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)
11	Plaster (to wall, floor, ceiling etc.) with sand and cement mortar including rounding off or chamfering corners as directed and raking out joints or roughening of concrete surface, including throating, nosing and drip course where necessary. In ground floor. A) With 6:1 cement mortar. a) Inside wall 20 mm thick plaster SOR, PWD, P-151, T -2 (i)(b)	116.940	sq.m.	181.00	21166.14
	b) Out side Wall, 15mm th. SOR, PWD, P-151, I -2 (i)(c)	111.950	sq.m.	156.00	17464.20
	B)10mm th celling plaster (4:1) SOR, PWD, P-151, I -2 (i)(c)	23.330	sq.m.	140.00	3266.20
12	Neat cement punning about 1.5mm thick in wall, dado, window, sills, floor, drain etc. SOR, PWD, P-152, I-8	26.700	sq.m.	38.00	1014.60
13	Artificial stone in floor,dado, staircase etc. with cement conctrete (4:2:1) with stone chips laid in panels as directed with topping made with ordinary or white cement (as necessary) and marble dust in proportion (2:1) including smooth finishing and rounding off corners and including application of cement slurry before flooring works, using cement @ 1.75 kg./sq.m. all complete including all materials and labour. In ground floor. 3 mm. thick topping (High polishing grinding on this item is not permitted) with ordinary cement. 20mm thick SOR, PWD, P-40, I -3 (i)	26.490	sq.m.	265.00	7019.85
14	Supplying, fitting & fixing MS clamp for fixing door and window frame made of flat bent bar, end bifurcated, fixed in cement concrete with stone chips (4:2:1)a fitted and fixed omplete as per direction. 40mm x 6mm x 125 mm length. (Cost of cement concrete will be paid separately) SOR, PWD, P-90, I-18 (c)	34	each	22.00	748.00

Medinipur

Reference of Schedule of Rates: PWD (W.B.), Schedule of Rates Building & Sanitary w.e.f-01.07.2014 & Corrigenda (Kolkata /24 Pgs (N & S)/ Kalyani Sub Div.)

SL No.	Description of Works	Quantity	Unit	Rate (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)
15	Wood work in door and window frame fitted and fixed complete including a protective coat of painting at the contact surface of the frame other Local wood SOR, PWD, P-85, T-1(i)	0.213	cu.m.	46171.00	9834.42
16	Panel Shutter of door & Window (each Panal Consisting Of single Plan without Join) 25 mm thick shutter with 12 mm thick Panal of size 30 to 45 cm. Other Local wood SOR, PWD, P-105, I -84 (iv)c	8.520	sq.m.	1567.00	13350.84
17	Iron butt hinges of approved quality fitted and fixed with steel screws, with ISI mark. a)75mm x 47mm x 1.70mm SOR, PWD, P-91, T -20(iv)	32.000	each	34.00	1088.00
18	Iron Socket Bolt of approved quality fitted and fixed complete. i) 150 mm long x 10 mm dia SOR, PWD P-93, I-25,c	11.000	each	71.00	781.00
19	White washing including cleaning and smoothening surface thoroughly (5 parts of stone lime and 1 part of shell lime should be used in the finishing coat). Two Coats SOR, PWD, P-155, I -3 (b)	124.960	%sq.m.	1887.00	2358.00
20	Colour washing with ella with a coat of white wash priming including cleaning and smoothing surface thoroughly external surface One Coat SOR, PWD, P-155, I - 4(ii)(a)	100.560	%sq.m.	1514.00	1522.48
21	Priming one coat on timber, plastered or on steel or other metal surface with synthetic enamel/oil bound primer of approved quality including smoothening surfaces by sand papering etc.				
	1) On timber surface SOR, PWD, P - 162, I - 7(a)	21.690	sq.m.	41.00	889.29
	2) On Steel Surface SOR, PWD, P - 162, I - 7(b)	2.700	sq.m.	31.00	83.70

Reference of Schedule of Rates: PWD (W.B.), Schedule of Rates Building & Sanitary w.e.f-01.07.2014 & Corrigenda (Kolkata /24 Pgs (N & S)/ Kalyani Sub Div.)

Description of Works	Quantity	Unit	Rate (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)
Painting with best quality synthetic enamel paint of approved make and brand including smoothening surface by sand papering etc. including using of approved putty etc. on the surface, if necessary: With super gloss (hi-gloss)-With any shade except white.				
a) On timber or plastered surface Two Coats	21.690	sq.m.	89.00	1930.41
b) On Steel surface Two Coats SOR, PWD, P - 162, -8A(aii),(bii)	2.700	sq.m.	86.00	232.20
Iron hasp bolt of approved quality fitted and fixed complete (oxidised) with 16 mm diad with center bolt and round fitting. 300 mm long SOR, PWD, P-93, I - 27c	2.000	each	193.00	386.00
Precast piered concrete jally work as per design and manufacture's specification including moulding etc. with stone chips and necessary reinforcement shuttering complete including fitting, fixing in position in all floors. (a) 37.5 mm th. panels Cement & steel required for this item will not be issued by deptt. SOR, PWD, P-32, I - 38 (b)	1.690	sq.m.	351.00	593.19
Supplying, fitting and fixing UPVC down pipes A type and fittings conforming to IS 13592-1992 with necessary clamps nails including making holes in walls, etc. and cutting trenches in any soil, through masonry concrete structure etc. if necessary and mending good damages including jointing with jointing materials (Spun yarn, valamoid / bitumen / M. seal etc.) complete. P-173, I-21 A (ii), C(ii), D(ii)				
SOR, PWD, P173, I - 21 A (ii), C(ii), D(ii)				
i) UPVC Pipe 110 mm dia	3.000	Mtr.	291.00	873.00
ii) UPVC Bend 87.5 degree 110 mm dia	2.000	each	162.00	324.00
iii) UPVC Shoe 110 mm	1.000	each	128.00	128.00
ii) UPVC B	Bend 87.5 degree 110 mm dia	Bend 87.5 degree 110 mm dia 2.000	Bend 87.5 degree 110 mm dia 2.000 each	Bend 87.5 degree 110 mm dia 2.000 each 162.00

DETAILED ESTIMATE FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF SINGLE UNIT DWELLING HOUSE Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana Housing For All (Urban)

Total Covered Area- 32.18 sq.m (With Electrical Works)

Reference of Schedule of Rates: PWD (W.B.), Schedule of Rates Building & Sanitary w.e.f-01.07.2014 & Corrigenda (Kolkata /24 Pgs (N & S)/ Kalyani Sub Div.)

SL No.	Description of Works	Quantity	Unit	Rate (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)
26	M.S.or W.I. Ornamental grill of approved design joints continuously welded with M.S, W.I. Flats and bars of windows, railing etc. fitted and fixed with necessary screws and lugs in ground floor. Grill weighing 10 kg/sq m to 16 kg/m2 SOR, PWD, P - 76, I - 10 (i) (2.70sqm @ 10.5kg per sqm = 28.35 kg)	0.284	Qntl	8247.00	2342.15
27	Shallow water closet Indian pattern(I.P.W.C.) of approved make in white vitreous chinaware supplied ,fitted and fixed in position (excluding cost of concrete for fixing). 450 mm long SOR, PWD, (Sanitary) P - 65, I - 1 (iii)	1.000	each	1062.00	1062.00
28	Foot rest for water closet of size 275 mm X 125 mm with Artificial stone(4:2:1) with 6 mm stone chips and chequered including adding colour as necessary. SOR, PWD, (Sanitary) P - 66, I - 9	1.000	Pair	70.00	70.00
29	Supplying, fitting and fixing cast iron 'P' or 'S' trap conforming to I.S. 3989 / 1970 and 1729 / 1964 including lead caulked joints and painting two coats to the exposed surface. S Trap 100 mm SOR, PWD, (Sanitary) P - 54, I - 14(B-iii)	1.000	each	923.00	923.00
30	Supplying, fitting fixing CI Round Gratings 150mm dia SOR, PWD, (Sanitary) P - 55, I - 18(ii)	1.000	Each	100.00	100.00



DETAILED ESTIMATE FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF SINGLE UNIT DWELLING HOUSE Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana Housing For All (Urban)

Total Covered Area- 32.18 sq.m (With Electrical Works)

Reference of Schedule of Rates: PWD (W.B.), Schedule of Rates Building & Sanitary w.e.f-01.07.2014 & Corrigenda (Kolkata /24 Pgs (N & S)/ Kalyani Sub Div.)

Floor Area 25.37 sqm

SL No.	Description of Works	Quantity	Unit	Rate (Rs.)	Amount (Rs.)
	Construction of 2 circular leach pit of inside diameter 1000 mm. & a depth of 1000 mm. With a layer of 250 mm. Thick brick work with cement morter (6:1) & honeycombed brick wall (4:1) at every alternate layer upto a height of 925 mm. From bottom and then 125 mm. thick brick wall (4:1) for a height of 300 mm. and covered with 75m. RCC slab (4:2:1) with 8mm tor steel @ 150 mm. centre to centre both ways including plustering and neat cement punning on top of the slab and making hooking arrangment on slab for lifting of the slab if require as well as jointing the connection with the inspection pit (450 x 450) covered with 50mm thick RCC slab (4:2:1) with stone chips and necessary renforcement and connected with 100 mm dia PVC pipe laid over rammed earth and then covered the pipe properly with powder earth including supplying fitting fixing fibre glass pan P-tap & polythene pipe as per requirement to connect with the inspection pit complete with all respect as per direction of EIC.(ANNEXURE-II)	1	Item	7544.00	7544.00
	TOTAL AMOUNT		Rs.		350000.36
	Say		Rs.		350000.00
	Add for Electrical Works (ANNEXURE-I)		Rs.		17858.00
	TOTAL AMOUNT		Rs.		367858.00
	Say		Rs.		368000.00





CHAIRMAN

KHIRPAI MUNICIPAI 'TY

PASCHIM MEDINIPUR



Table-41: ESTIMATE FOR ELECTRICAL WORKS FOR ONE DWELLING UNIT UNDER PMAY

	(ANNEXURE-I)				
SI.No.	Item of works	Unit	Rate	Quantity	Amount
1	Supplying & fitting polythene pipe complete with fittings as necessary. Under celing /beam/bound with 22SWG GI wire inclusive S & Drawing 1x18 SWG GI wire as fish wire inside the pipe & fittings and providing 55 mm dia disc of MS sheet (20SWG) having colour paint at one face first ended at the load point end of the polythene pipe with fish wire (synchronizing with roof/beam casting work of building construction) 19 mm dia 3 mm thick polythene pipe	RM	39.00	25.00	975.00
2	Powerckt wiring supplying and drawing 1; 1KV grade single core stranded FR PVC insulated & unseathed single core stranded Copper wire (Finolex make) 2 x 2.5 sqmm (PH & N) +1x1.5 sqmm (ECC) per laid polythene pipe and by the prelaid GI fish wire & making necessary connections as required.	RM	76.00	50.00	3800.00
3	Concealed Distribution wiring in in 2x1.5 sqmm single core standard *FR* insulated and unseathed cop per wire Finolex make & 1x1.5 sq mm single core stranded PVC cinsulated and unseathed cop per (Finolex make) wire used as ECC in 19 mm bore 3 mm thk. polyythene pipe complete with all accessries embedded in wall smooth run to light / fan/call bell point with pino key type switchb (6 Amps) (Anchor make) fixed on sheet metal (16 SWG) Switch Board with bakelite/ perspex (wall maching colour) Top cover (3 mm thick) flushed in wall including mending all good damages to original finish Average per point 6.00 mt.	points	828.00	10.00	8280.00
4	Deistribution concealed wiring with 2x1.5 sq mm (PH & N) single core stranded FR PVC insulated & unsheathed single core stranded 1.1 KV grade Copper Wire (finolex) & 1x1.5 sq mm (ECC) single core stranded (PH & N) 1.1 KV grade cu wire (finolex) & 1 x 1.5 sq mm single core stranded PVC insulted & unsheathed cu wire (finolex) used as ECC in 19 mm bore, 3 mm thick polythene pipe complete with all accessories embedded in wall 250 volt 5 amp 3 pin plug point including S & F 250 Volt 5 amp 3 pin flush type plug socket & piano key type swich (Anchor make) on existing switch board as mentioned sl. no.3	points	76.00 Suice Loh Estd. 187 Pasching Medinipur	2.00	152.00

5	Supplying & drawing 1.1 KV grade single core stranded FR PVC insulated & unseathed single core sranded cu Wire 3x2.5 sq mm (finolex make) in the prelaid polythene pipe & by the prelaid GI fishwire & making necessary connection as required (CESC supply to consumer DP near to CESC & inside the room another DP near CESC & inside the room another DP of dwelling units)	RM	86.00	15.00	1290.00
Si.No.	Item of works	Unit	Rate	Quantity	Amount
6	Supplying Delivery & instalation on wall of 30/32 amp DP MCBof Havel's make with enclosed box along with all its necessary 1 connection complete.(Anchor)	nos	808.00	2	1616.00
7	Earthing in soft soil with 50 mm dia GI pipe (TATA make Medium) 3.64 mm th. X 3.04 Mtr long and 1 x 4 SWG GI (hot dip) wire (4 m long) 13 mmdia x 80 mm long GI bolts, double nuts, double washer including S & F 15 mm dia GI protection (1 mtr long) to be filled with bitumen partlyunder the ground level & partly above GL driven to an average depth of 3.65 m below the GL & restoring surface duly rammed.	each	1715.00	1	1715.00
8	Connecting the equipment to earth BUSbar inclussive S&F 10 SWG (Hot Dip) GI wire on wall /floor with a staples buried inside wall /floor as required & making connection to equipments with bolt, nut, washer, cable lugs etc. as required & mending good damages.	M	6.00	5	30,00
			TOTAL		17858.00
	Rupees Thirteen Thousand Eight Hundred Se	eventy Ei	ght Only		17858.00

Sub-Assistant Engineer. Khirpai Municipality Khirpai, Paschim Medinipur

CHAIRMAN

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PASCHIM MEDINIPUR



Table-42: Detailed Estimate for Single Dwelling unit

	C/L of main ou		or area 25.36	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	125 mm			Varandah
	C/L Of main ou	itel wall			Partition			C/L
-		4.65			3.375	wan	-	1.275
		0.8			1.15			0.9
		1.15			1.15	2.3		2.175
		3.45			2.187	4.3		2.1/3
		1.15			1.9			
		1.7			1.387	5.474		
		3.375			11.149	3.474		
		1.275			11.147			
		2.825						
		3.125						
		23.5						
	X wall	1.25						
	ZX WORL	1.23						
l.no.								
1	Earth workin e	xcavation						
	250 mm wall							
	1	23.5	0.75	0.7	12.34			
		0.875	0.75	0.7	0.46			
		24.375			12.8	m3		
	125 mm Wall							
		2.625	0.4	0.225	0.24			
	WC	0.4	0.4	0.225	0.04			
	Bath	0.65	0.4	0.225	0.06			
	5.474	0.75		0.225				
		4.724	0.4	0.225	0.43			
	Varanda	1.425	0.4	0.225	0.13			
					0.88			
	Step	0.5	0.9	0.075	0.034			
					13.715	m3		
2	Soling							
		24.375	0.75		18.281			
		11.45	0.4		4.58			
					22.861			
					-			
3	Polythene shee	t						
		2 575	2 125		9.047	JAC	td1876	
		2.575	3.125		8.047	11.5%	12	
		2.875	2.625		7.547	Es	101876	
	magagaga	0.625	1.65 2.375		3.3 1.484	Ma Ma	dinin	
	passage Bath&WC	2.7	0.9		2.43	113	mupur S	
	Varndah	1.025	0.9		0.615	10	* AIIIIA	
		0.9	0.6		0.615			
_	step	0.5	0.5		23.873			
					23.073			
4	Jhama concrete	<u> </u>						
		T	18.28	0.075	1.371			

	C/L of main out	ter wall			125 mm Partition			Varandah C/L
		17000	4.58	0.075	0.344			
			23.93	0.075	1.795			
					3.51			
5	Earth work in fi	illing 1/5 e					_	1
			13.715	5	2.743			
			23.48	0.375	8.805			
					11.548	m3		
6	B.W (6:1) in Fo	undation	of mlinth					
O	B.W (0:1) In FC		*	14 (076			-	
		23.5	0.625	14.6875				
		23.5	0.5	11.75				
		23.5	0.375	8.8125	0.15	5,000		
				35.25	0.15	5.288		
		23.5	0.25		0.525	3.084		
	X wall	0.938	0.625	0.586	-			
	4 174451	1	0.5	0.5				
		1.063	0.375	0.399			+	
-		1.005	0.575	1.485	0.15	0.223		
		1.125	0.25	1.105	0.525	0.148		
	125mm	3.125	0.25		0.525	0.41		
_	Bath&WC	2	0.9	0.25	0.523	0.235		
	Kit	5.224	0.25	0.20	0.525	0.686		
	Vard	1.925	0.25		0.525	0.253		
	Steps	0.5	0.23		0.323	0.253		
	Steps	0.25	0.9		0.15	0.034		
		0.23	0.9		0.13	10.427	m3	
						10.127	1113	1
7	DPC	23.5						
		1.125						
		24.625		0.25		6.156		
		3.125					//s	C. LON in
		1.8					100	Fstd1876
		5.224					THE STATE OF THE S	Paschin 3
		10.149		0.125		1.269	15	Medinipur
						7.425		10 · HIVE
	Less	0.9		0.25	0.225			
		0.9		0.125	0.113			
	3	0.75		0.125	0.281			
						0.619		
						6.806	sqm	

	C/L of main	out	er wall			125 mm Partition			Varandah C/L
			23.5						
			1.125	-					
			24.625	2.75	0.25	16.93			
	Parapet		23.8	0.075	0.25	0.446			
	*						17.376		
	Less opens								
		1	0.9	2.1	1.89				
		4	0.9	0.9	3.24				
		1	0.75	0.9	0.675				
		3	0.75	0.75	1.688				
					7.493	0.25	1.873		
	Lintel								
		1	1.525	1.525					
		4	1.2	4.8	-				
_		1	1.05	1.05					
		-	****	7.375	0.25	0.1	0.184		
	Wo2							-	
	.,,,,,	1	3.05	3.05	0.25	0.1	0.076		
						(-)	2.134		
	Net brick w	ork						15.242	m3
_	125 th. Brick work								
	(6:1)								
	room			3.125	2.6	8.125			
	kit			2.125	2.75	5.844			
				1.65	2.75	4.5375			
		_		1.45	2.65	3.8425			
		2		0.9	2.1	3.78			
							26.12875		
	Less openin	g							
		1	0.9	0.9				-	
		3	0.75	2.25				INC. LE	h in
				3.15	2.1	6.615		13 Em	12.11
	Lintel							Pase Madi	076
		1	1.3	1.3				To Medin	iour S
		1	1.025	1.025				William .	188
				2.325	0.1	0.2325		To Media	
						6.8475			
							19.28125		
	Parapet								
			23.5		0.15		3.525		
							22.806		

	C/L of main o	uter wall			125 mm Partition			Varandah C/L
	12							
0	Conc M-20							
	Roof slab							
	32.15	1.1475	31.003		0.1	3.1		
	Beam		3.625	0.25	0.15	0.136		
			2.575	0.25	0.1	0.064		
	Lintel						3.301	
	D1	1	1.525	1.525				
	W1	4	1.2	4.8				
	W2	1	1.05	1.05				
	WO2	1	3.05	3.05				
				10.425	0.25	0.1	0.261	
	D1	1	1.39	1.39				
	D2	1	1.025	1.025				
	D2	2	1.4	2.8				
	O2	1	0.875	0.875				
	D2	2		6.09	0.125	0.1	0.076	
	Chaja							
	W1	4	1.2	4.8				
	W2	1	1.03	1.03				
	D1	1	1.275	1.275				
	W02	1	3.05	3.05				
				10.155	0.3	0.075	0.228	
11							3.866	m3
1	Reinforcemen	nt						
_		3.866	0.80%	1	7850	0.243	MT	
2	Shuttering							
	31	23.5	1.125					
			24.63	0.25		//	NC. LOh :	
	31			6.156	24.844	1/3		
	Side beam	2	3.125	0.15	0.9375	THE STATE OF THE S	Estd. 1876	=
		2	2.325	0.1	0.465	18	Paschin Medinipur	15/
	side slab	1	25.3	0.1	2.53	1	10	
	Lintel	1	0.9	0.25	0.225		TO ALINY	
	Ziiiovi	1	1.525	0.1	0.153			
		1	1.275	0.35	0.446			
		1	0.3	0.05	0.015			+ +
	-	1	0.5	0.03	0.013	29.615	sqm	
	4W1	4	0.9	0.25	0.9	1	24	
	* ** 1	4	1.2	0.23	0.48			

	C/L of main or	iter wall			125 mm			arandah
			1.0	6.25	Partition	wall	C	/L
		4	1.2	0.35	1.68			
	2	4	0.3	0.05	0.12			
	1W2	1	0.75	0.25	0.188			
		1	1.05	0.1	0.105			
		1	1.05	0.35	0.368			
	2		0.3	0.05	0.03			
	WO2	3	0.75	0.25	0.563			
	1	1	3.05	0.1	0.305			
		1	3.05	0.35	1.068			
	2	1	0.3	0.05	0.03			
	Lintel 125 Wa	all						
	D1	1	0.9	0.125	0.113			
		2	1.3	0.1	0.26			
	D2	2	0.75	0.125	0.188			
	2	2	1.15	0.1	0.46			
	D2	2	0.75	0.125	0.188			
		2	1.9	0.1	0.38			
						7.423		
						37.038	sqm	
							1	
3	Plaster (6:1)					-		
	Out side 15 mmth.					-		
			2.85	1.125	0.45			
	-	25.3	2.00		4.425	111.953	sqm	
_	Inside 20 mm				71120			-
	20 11111		3.125	2.75	32.038			
	2		2.625	2.75	30.25			
	2		1.65	2.75	20.075			
	2		1.03	2.75	11.413			
	Above lintel	2.073		2.13	11.413			-
		0.75		0.65	0.488			
	Doth 1	0.75		0.03	0.400		E. 10h	
	Bath	0.0		2.75	105	(0)	\$1d1876	
	2	0.9		2.75	4.95	HE	Fasching	
	WC	2.00		0.55	0.110	10	Paschiin Z	
	1			2.75	8.113		N. S.	1
	1			2.75	6.188	-	* YIU	
	4	2.2		0.9	7.92			
	T. 125 wall							
	2	0.9		0.125	0.225			
						121.658		
	Open out side	_						
	3	0.75		2.1	4.725			
					(-)	4.725		

	C/L of main o	uter wall	-		125 mm Partition			Varanda C/L	h
_					Partition	116.933	carr	C/L	-
	C-11: DI4-				24.47	110.933	sqm		
	Celling Plaste	i"			24.47				
	Less				1.14	22.22	0		
						23.33	Sqm		
14	Neat cement punning			_					
	Out side	Plinth	0.45			11 295	C	11.385	
	_	25.3	0.45			11.385	Sqm	11.363	
				2 105					
	Inside	-	2.7	3.125	0.1	3 3 4 5	0		
		2	0.075	5.825	0.1	1.165	Sqm		
			2.875	2.625	0.	1 1	0		
		2		5.5	0.1	1.1	Sqm		-
_	Kithen		2	1.65	0.15	0.000	C		
		2		3.65	0.45	3.285	Sqm		
		1		1.65	0.45	0.743	Sqm		
		2		2.075	0.1	0.415	Sqm		
	Varanda			1.775	0.1	0.178	Sqm		
	step WC	1		3	0.45	1.35	Sqm		
	Bath			3.5	2	7	Sqm		
	II.			0.75	0.1	0.075	Sqm		
	In side punnin	ng					15.31	15.31	
	Total							26.695	Sqn
15	Art. Stone flo	oring							
	Floor area					25.37	sqm		
	Step	2	0.9	0.25		0.45			
	W1	4	0.9	0.1		0.36			
	W2	1	0.75	0.1		0.075			
	W3	3	0.75	0.1		0.225			
							26.48	Sqm	
16	Ms Clamp for	r door & wi	ndow		UNC. 10/				
	D1+D2	4	6	//	AN A	te 24			
	W1+W2	5	2		Estd1	076 2 10			
				(2	Medinip	2 2	34	nos.	
17	Wood work i	n Door & w	indow frame		3 Junipe				
	D1	2	5.1	10.2	10 * A11				
	D2	2	4.95	9.9					
	W1	4	3.6	14.4					
	W2	1	3.3	3.3					
				37.8	0.075	0.075	0.213	m3	
18	Z batten shut	ter							
	Dl	2	0.775	2.025		3.139	+		+

	C/L of main out				125 mm	2.18 sqm		Varandah	
	C/E of main out	CI WAII			Partition			C/L	
	D2	2	0.625	2.025		2.531			
	W1	4	0.775	0.775		2.403			
	W2	1	0.775	0.625		0.484			
							8.557	sqm	
19	Iron Butt Hinge	S							
	D1+D2					12			
	W1	4	4			16			
	W2	1	4			4			
							32	nos.	
20	Y 1 1 1								
20	Iron soket bolt			6					
	Door Window			5					
	Willdow			3			11	nos.	
							**	*****	
21	White wash								
	Inside+Celling	Plaster- in	side punning						
			116.933	23.33	15.31		124.953	sqm	
22	Colour wash								
	Out side Plaster	- out side	punning						
			111.953	11.385			100.568	sqm	
0.0	D	4.6-							
23	Priming on timb			2.1		7.56			
	2	2	0.9	2.1		7.56			
	2	2	0.75	2.1		6.3			
	4	2	0.9	0.9		6.48			
	1	2	0.75	0.9		1.35	21.69	sqm	
	-						21.07	Solin	
24	Painting best qu	ality on v	vooden surface						
	same sl.no. 23	-					21.69	sqm	
25	MS ornamental	gril10							
	W1	4	0.75	0.75	2.25				
	W2	1	0.75	0.6					
					2.7				
					@12Kg	/sqm	32.4	Kg	
					101		2.5		
26	Priming on Stee	el surface		100	LOH is to	1	2.7	sqm	
25	TO 1	1.	1 0	64 - 7 10	td1676	130	2.7		
27	Painting best qu	iality on s	teel surface		Paschin	₹ <u>%</u>	2.7	sqm	

				gle Dwelling unit up area 32.18 sqm		
	C/L of main outer wa	11		125 mm Partitionwall		Varandah C/L
28	R.C.C. Shelf					
	1	.75 0.5			0.875	sqm
29	Roof treatment with o	ow dang				
			32.18			
	Deduct 1	.14 (varanda)	1.14			
	Cornice	25 0.125	3.125			
			27.915		27.915	sqm

Sub-Assistant Engineer.
Khirpai Municipality
Khirpai, Paschim Medinipur

CHAIRMAN KHIRPAI MUNICIPALITY PASCHIM MEDINIPUR



Table-43: Cost Estimate for 2 Nos Leach Pit for single unit Dwelling Unit

Cost Estimate for 2 Nos Leach Pit for single unit Dwelling Unit P.W.D Schedule of Rates effect from 1st July 2014

	(ANNEXUI	RE-II)			Ç
SI No	Description of Items	Quantity	Unit	Rate	Amount
1	Earth work in excavation of foundation trenches or drains in all sorts of soil (including mixed soil but excluding or stacking the spoils within a lead of 75 m. as directed. The item includes necessary trimming the sides of trenches leveling dressing and ramming the bttom boiling out water aqs requred complete. Depth of exavation not existing 1500mm P.No-1, I-2(a)	2.500	%Cu.M	12047.00	301.18
2	Cement concrete with graded jhama Khoa ballast (30 mm size) excluding shuttering. In ground floor and foundation (a) 6:3:1 proportion.	0.050	Cu.M	5803.06	290.15
3	Brick work with 1st class bricks in cement mortar (6:1). a) In foundation & Plinth P.no-29, I-21(a)	0.010	Cu.M	5719.00	57.19
4	125 mm. thick brick work with 1st class bricks in cement mortar (4:1) G.Floor P.no-31, I-29	3.000	SqM	714.00	2,142.00
5	Controlled Cement concrete with well graded stone chips (20 - mm nominal size) excluding shuttering and reinforcement with complete design of concrete as per I: 456 and relevant special publications submission of job mix formula after preliminary mlx design after testing of concrete cubes as per direction of Engineer-in charge Consumption of cement will not be less than 300 Kg of cement -with Super plasticiser per cubic meter of controlled concrete but actual consumption will be determined on- the basis of preliminary test and job mix formulaI n ground floor and foundation. [Using concrete mixture] M 20 Grade P.no-12, I-6(a)	0.145	Cu.M	6871.54	996.37
6	Reinforcemnet for reinforced concrete work in all sorts of structures incl. Distribution bars, stirrups, binder etc. incl. supply of rods, initial straightening & removal of loose rust (if necessary), cutting to requisite length, hooking etc P.no-27, I-15(a)(i)	0.010	M.T	68508.00	685.08



			Į.	Total=	7,544.00
			Cost of 2	no leach pit	7,543.97
8	Jaffri brick work 125 mm. thick with 1st class bricks in cement mortar (4:1) including 12 mm. thick cement plaster (4:1) in all faces in ground floor .P.no-32, I-35	2.000	SqM	792.00	1,584.00
	ii) UPVC Bend 87.5 degree 110 mm dia P.no-174, I-21(B)C(ii)	2.000	Each	162.00	324.00
	i) UPVC Pipe 110 mm dia P.no-173, I-21(A)(ii)	4.000	Mtr	291.00	1,164.00
7	Supplying, fitting and fixing UPVC down pipes A type and fittings conforming to IS 13592-1992 with necessary clamps nails including making holes in walls, etc. and cutting trenches in any soil, through masonry concrete structure etc. if necessary and mending good damages including jointing with jointing materials (Spun yarn, valamoid / bitumen / M. seal etc.) complete.				

Sub-Assistant Engineer.
Khirpai Municipality
Khirpai, Paschim Medinipur

CHAIRMAN KHERPAI MUNICIPAI TONA PASCHIM MEDINIP.

