

পশ্চিমবঙ্গ সরকার
নগরোন্নয়ন ও পৌর বিষয়ক দপ্তর

রাজ্য নগর উন্নয়ন সংস্থা
“ইলগুস ভবন”, এইচ. সি. ব্লক, সেক্টর-III, বিধাননগর,
কলকাতা-৭০০ ১০৬, পশ্চিমবঙ্গ ☎ ০৩৩-৬৬৩৬ ৬৬০০



GOVERNMENT OF WEST BENGAL
URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND MUNICIPAL
AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT
STATE URBAN DEVELOPMENT AGENCY
“ILGUS BHAVAN”, HC Block, Sector-III, Bidhannagar,
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Memo No. : SUDA-11017(15)/7/2026/ ৬৬৪৫ (32)

Date : ২৭.০৮.২৬

From : Shri Amitava Das, WBCS (Exe.)
Deputy Director, SUDA

To : a) Commissioner,
Asansol, Bidhannagar, Howrah, Siliguri Municipal Corporation
b) Administrator / Executive Officer,
Ashoknagar Kalyangarh; Baranagar; Khardah; Panihati; Taki; Titagarh; Bankura;
Bishnupur; Nalhati; Suri; Dankuni; Rishra; Serampore; Bally; Uluberia; Dhupguri;
Kalimpong; English Bazar; Jangipur; Chakdah; Santipur; Maheshtala; Haldia;
Tamralipta; Khirpai; Purulia; Falakata; Raiganj Municipality

Sub : Minutes of the review Meeting in connection with Vector Control Management, 2026

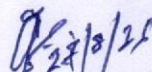
Sir / Madam,

Apropos the captioned subject, I am to enclose herewith the Minutes of the review Meeting in connection with the Vector Control Management, 2026 held on 14.08.2026 with the identified 32 vulnerable ULBs virtually.

This is for your kind information and necessary action please.

Yours faithfully,

Enclo. : As stated.

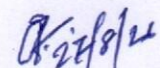

Deputy Director, SUDA

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Copy forwarded for kind information to:

1. Director, SUDA

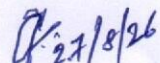

Deputy Director, SUDA

Memo No. : SUDA-11017(15)/7/2026/ ৬৬৪৫ (32)

Date : ২৭.০৮.২৬

Copy forwarded for kind information to:

1. MMOH / Nodal Health, (Concerned ULBs) Municipal Corporation / Municipality / NAA.
2. Sanitary Inspector/Nodal Conservancy Staff, (Concerned ULBs) Municipal Corporation/ Municipality/NAA.

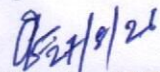

Deputy Director, SUDA

Memo No. : SUDA-11017(15)/7/2026/ ৬৬৪৫ (32)

Date : ২৭.০৮.২৬

Copy forwarded for kind information to:

1. Private Secretary to Hon'ble MIC, UD & MA Department, Govt. of West Bengal.
2. Private Secretary to Hon'ble MOS, UD & MA Department, Govt. of West Bengal.
3. Sr. P.S. to Additional Chief Secretary, UD & MA Department, Govt. of West Bengal


Deputy Director, SUDA

Minutes of the review meeting in connection with Vector Control Management, 2026

In the Chair :	Deputy Director, SUDA
Meeting Date :	14 th August, 2026
Meeting Venue :	2 nd floor conference hall of SUDA
Meeting Time :	03.30 PM

The Deputy Director, SUDA, chaired the meeting along with Public Health Officer, SUDA to review the Vector Control Management with the 32 identified vulnerable ULBs virtually.

Finance Officer (Health), MIES Officer (Health), LDC, SUDA, Entomologists, VCQMs and Support Staff (Computer Assistant) were also present during the meeting.

The major findings and shortcomings identified during field visits conducted by the Nodal Entomologists and Vector Control Quality Managers (VCQMs), as well as the subsequent review of the most vulnerable ULBs relating to Vector-Borne Disease (VBD) control, House-to-House (H-t-H) surveillance, Vector Control Team (VCT) deployment, conservancy and Solid Waste Management (SWM), drainage, logistics, laboratory services and community mobilisation were deliberated upon in detail.

1. Suri Municipality

- a. **Conservancy work overall is highly compromised.**
- b. **No. of Nirmal Bandhus are inadequate.**
- c. **Ward 20 and 21 (added area) with no proper VBD activity since year 2024 due to lack of Vector Control Team, Supervisor and Spray Workers.**
- d. **Spray workers to be rationally distributed to cover all the Wards.**
- e. Alarming condition of State General Hospital campus. Hospital area to be immediately managed by Municipality
- f. **Post of Health Officer is vacant at present.**
- g. Requirement of Chemical larvicide.

2. Nalhati Municipality

- a. Out of 32 sanctioned Vector Control Teams, only **23 teams comprising 69 workers** are presently in position, resulting in serious constraints in undertaking conservancy activities.
- b. The SWM tender has expired, with no renewal in effect from **07.07.2026**. Consequently, **7 FOTs, 20 PTCs provided by SUDA, 2 tractors, 1 compactor, 1 dumper and 7 BOTs** are presently non-functional and parked within the Municipality premises.
- c. Collection of user charges has been affected, with monthly collection declining from **over Rs. 1 lakh to Rs. 18,750 in July 2026.**
- d. Almost all drains were found to be **silted and clogged**, requiring immediate desilting and cleaning.
- e. Requirement of **chemical larvicide** was reported for vector-control activities.

3. Panihati Municipality

- a. **Construction Sites:** Several construction sites were found having open lift wells with Aedes larvae, which is a matter of concern. Culex larvae and pupae were also detected in drains.
- b. **Blocked Drains:** Blocked drains were observed at several locations within the ward.
- c. **Waterlogging:** Waterlogged conditions with overflowing drains were observed at several locations.
- d. **Vehicle Shortage:** Shortage of vehicles was reported for daily secondary-point coverage and ward-level conservancy waste collection.
- e. **Secondary Point Coverage:** Four FOTs are covering 8 wards, while secondary points in the remaining wards are being covered by conservancy vehicles on alternate days. Roadside littering and dumping were reported in almost all wards.
- f. **Overloaded Secondary Points:** Two secondary points, located opposite **Basak Bedding** and at **Amarabati Math**, remain overloaded with garbage throughout the year.
- g. **Waste Transportation:** Although 6 vehicles have been hired from KMDA for transportation of waste to Dhapa, only about **80 MT out of the daily 122 MT** of waste is being transported.
- h. **Dhapa Disposal:** Panihati shares disposal space at Dhapa with BMC, resulting in road congestion and queuing of waste-carrying vehicles. Provision of a dedicated land parcel at Dhapa for Panihati may facilitate disposal and enable augmentation of hired vehicles for improved daily waste transportation.
- i. **ELISA Machine at U-PHC-4:** The ELISA machine is available at U-PHC-4 but remains non-functional due to shortage of a Laboratory Technician.
- j. **ELISA Machine at Panihati State General Hospital:** The installed ELISA machine requires calibration.

4. Titagarh Municipality:

- a. **Kelvin Jute Mill:** High entomological alert observed with significant vector load. Aedes larvae detected in multiple containers, including drums, lids, planters, plastic bowls and tyres. Stagnant water was also found in scrap materials, iron bars, drums, buckets and old machinery at the rear side of the premises.
- b. **Cattle Sheds:** Disposal of waste from cattle sheds into surrounding drains resulting in drain blockage. All cattle sheds are required to be identified and listed for necessary action.
- c. **Municipal Campus:** Significant accumulation of scrap materials, discarded furniture and containers within the Municipal campus, with larval positivity detected.

5. **Chakdah Municipality:**

- a. Door-to-door waste collection is being undertaken in only **6 out of 21 Wards**; no door-to-door collection in Wards 10 & 13. In other wards, collection is mainly through community bins.
- b. No designated dumping ground is available; waste is being disposed of at a low-lying area approximately **18 km away**.
- c. Significant accumulation of **legacy waste** in waterlogged and littered ditches.
- d. Vacant Colocasia-covered lands with **moderate container load**, which are largely inaccessible.
- e. **Absence of proper drainage** resulting in waterlogging even after light rainfall.
- f. Previous delays in admission of dengue-positive patients due to preference for **homeopathic/quack treatment** and inadequate mobilisation to the nearest UPHC by HtH Teams and field-level workers.
- g. **Wards 12 & 14** have a history of dengue outbreak in 2023; **Ghugia area** requires special attention.
- h. Continuous HtH rounds proposed for **September–October 2026** in Wards 10 & 13 with **1 Supervisor + 5 Teams** and **1 Supervisor + 4 Teams**, respectively.
- i. Requirement of **SUDA SBM Team support** for initiating door-to-door waste collection in the remaining 15 wards.
- j. Requirement for **planning and approval for construction of proper drainage**.
- k. Requirement of **chemical larvicide** for vector-control activities.

6. **Santipur Municipality**

- a. Peri-urban wards with structural deformities in drains / no drains.
- b. Waste disposal is improper as littering was noted at the backside of every other household.
- c. House to House Survey is satisfactory in Wards 1 & 2 **but highly compromised in Ward 21. (Team 116)**
- d. Huge scraps in Wards 1 & 21. Scrap collection activities to be continued.

7. **Howrah Municipal Corporation:**

- a. Out of 328 Spray Workers, only 101 are functional; 227 have remained non-functional since the first week of August due to pending engagement by the outsourced agency. Tender process by Howrah MC is yet to be finalised; AA&FS was issued in June 2026.
- b. No Lab Technician recruited at UPHC-13.
- c. Conservancy activities highly compromised; blocked drains and garbage accumulation observed, including between houses and around windows at Pilkhana 2nd Bye Lane.
- d. UPHC-6 campus being used as a scrapyard, with unused vehicles and hand carts parked on the premises.
- e. Very poor Ward Coordinator monitoring in Ward No. 16.
- f. Indoor water storage common in Ward No. 16; most inspected containers found positive for Aedes larvae.
- g. Locked houses identified as a major concern in Ward No. 29.
- h. Blocked drains and highly compromised conservancy activities in Ward No. 29.
- i. House-to-House activity by Team No. 481 highly compromised due to inadequate logistics, including torches.

8. **Bally Municipality:**

- a. Among 212 teams, 164 two-member teams, 48 single-member teams.
- b. 9 House to House supervisors had resigned
- c. A total of 59 spray workers are currently not working.
- d. **House to House Teams of Ward No. 1 is compromised due to in-adequate logistics including torches.**
- e. **Conservancy activities are highly compromised in Ward No. 1**
- f. Garbage collection activity is not satisfactory, and residents of Ward No. 1 having tendency to dispose of their garbage on nearby vacant land.
- g. Large garbage accumulation observed at Jejepara, beside the ferry ghat in Ward No. 1.

9. **Uluberia Municipality:**

- a. 43 House to House Team members are not working due to their personal reasons.
- b. 1 House to House supervisor (ward no. 4) has resigned.
- c. 1 Ward Coordinator has resigned.
- d. 2 ELISA machines (UPHC 1 and 2) are non-functional due to not having DKPI ID. This matter requires coordination with the District CMOH Office.
- e. Lab Technician post is vacant at UPHC 3, LT of UPHC 1 and 2 worked in UPHC 3 in roster way beside their assigned UPHC.
- f. House to House activities along with SWM activities are seriously compromised in Ward No. 9 with frequent garbage dumping along the Rameswar Bati Canal.
- g. Knowledge gaps observed among Spray Workers.
- h. Cleaning of Irrigation canals required.

10. **Kalimpong Municipality:**

- a. Additional House to House Teams required because due to hilly area it is very much difficult to cover 60 household per day by each Team.
- b. Knapsack Machines 17 Nos & 30 Cone nozzles - Requisition placed.

11. **Siliguri Municipal Corporation:**

- a. Unmanaged scrap materials and tyres observed, particularly in Wards 9, 19, 42 and 41.
- b. Littered vacant lands and GVPs observed, particularly in Wards 19, 28, 42 and 41.
- c. Blocked, silted or poorly graded drains observed in Wards 3, 17, 18, 32, 42 and 41.
- d. Indoor breeding observed in refrigerator drip trays, notably in Wards 3 and 19.
- e. Vulnerable apartment premises and restricted access identified, particularly in Wards 9 and 43.
- f. H-t-H micro-plan gaps observed in added Wards 42 and 43.
- g. Logistic deficiencies, particularly non-functional torches, affecting surveillance in Wards 19 and 9.
- h. Waste collection and conservancy activities irregular/compromised, particularly in Wards 41 and 42.
- i. Institutional/private high-risk premises identified, including Siliguri Court, Siliguri Boys' Primary School, SDH quarters, Kachari Road Rental Housing, recycling factories and WBSETCL Power House.
- j. Community resistance/low awareness regarding H-t-H surveillance, scrap collection and fever reporting observed in Wards 3, 9, 43 and 28.

12. **Dhupguri Municipality:**

- a. Door-to-Door collection of waste is not functional.
- b. Due to absence of a dumping ground, households are disposing of waste in their backyards.
- c. An interim arrangement may be guided by SWM section of SUDA to allow Dhupguri to linkage with processing plants of neighbouring GP / Municipality (whichever is feasible).
- d. Snake infestation has been reported; therefore, all VCT Workers should ensure use of appropriate PPE, including gumboots, while undertaking conservancy activities.

13. **Falakata Municipality:**

- a. No Nirmal Bandhus or Nirmal Sathis are available; door-to-door waste collection is absent across the ULB.
- b. Vector Control activities are presently stopped in Wards 13 and 16 due to local political issues.
- c. No ULB-level manpower is available for monitoring SWM and VBD activities except the IT Coordinator.

14. **Baranagar Municipality**

- a. Door-to-door waste collection is not carried out by Baranagar Municipality in the jute mill quarters, including Alambazar Jute Mill and Ferry Ghat Lane.
- b. Consequently, residents dump unsegregated waste into locally designated open vats, from which the municipality periodically collects it.
- c. This practice has led to widespread accumulation of scrap and container-like garbage throughout the residential quarters, creating potential mosquito breeding sites and significantly increasing the risk of vector-borne diseases.

15. **Khardah Municipality**

- a. Waste segregation at source remains a major challenge in Khardaha Municipality particularly in Wards 1 and 2.
- b. Although Nirmal Sathis are deployed and active across all wards, achieving uniform waste segregation continues to be difficult in certain pockets.

16. **Jangipur Municipality:**

- a. Coordination gap observed between Ward Coordinators and H-t-H Teams.
- b. Knowledge gaps observed among H-t-H Teams.
- c. Against 42 sanctioned Spray Workers, only 21 are working, with one Spray Worker per Ward.
- d. Logistic gaps observed in all visited Teams.
- e. Nirmal Sathis of Wards 2, 6 and 20 are engaged as H-t-H members, compromising activities.
- f. Pedal tricycle van is required.
- g. Waste collection bins required for households.

17. **English Bazar Municipality:**

- a. Wards 1,2,8,9,12,13,14,21 are the surrounding wards of river Mahananda. Despite regular waster collection system, inhabitants tend to throw garbage in the banks, thereby creating breeding sites for vector.
- b. Riverbank and vacant lands are heavily littered with dry waste, with high *Aedes albopictus* density observed nearby.

18. **Mahestala Municipality:**

- a. Conservancy activities are compromised in Wards 1–10.
- b. Major drainage issues observed in Wards 1 and 10.
- c. Significant lowland and water-stagnation issues in Ward No. 14.
- d. High household resistance and scrap load observed.
- e. H-t-H surveillance activities are compromised.
- f. Significant littering and drainage issues observed in railway areas of Wards 27 and 28.
- g. Around **7 irrigation canals and 46 km of KMDA canals** pass through Maheshtala, carrying major drainage flows from South Kolkata and the Municipality.
- h. **Poor canal maintenance** has led to dense vegetation/water hyacinth growth, though some stretches have been cleared.
- i. **Siltation in Old Manikhal** is causing backflow and aggravating waterlogging.
- j. **Canal-bank encroachment** at several locations is restricting water flow.
- k. **Littering at drainage outlets**, along with canal obstruction and siltation, is causing prolonged monsoon waterlogging and increasing VBD risk.
- l. SWM activities are highly compromised, with gaps in Nirmal Sathi activities and inadequate community awareness/IEC.
- m. Shortage of waste-collection vehicles and bins is affecting regular and timely waste clearance.

19. **Bidhannagar Municipal Corporation:**

- a. The 8 approved Special Conservancy Teams, comprising 6 conservancy workers and 1 Supervisor each, are facing payment-related issues for the period April–December 2026, which is affecting continuity of their activities.
- b. Temephos stock is unavailable; only BTI spraying is being undertaken, requiring immediate Temephos support for effective larval control.
- c. Private vacant lands in Ward No. 12, 13, 14, 25 & 29 were found heavily littered, requiring priority cleaning due to potential vector-breeding risks. However, the required expenditure may be difficult for BMC to bear from its own resources.
- d. Existing segregated waste collection vans are in poor condition, affecting collection efficiency. BMC has requested 1,050 Pedestal Chain Tricycle Vans from SUDA.
- e. Significant scrap accumulation was observed in household premises, particularly in Wards 12, 13, 14, 17, 34 & 38, posing potential breeding risks.
- f. Large-scale mixed waste accumulation at the Hari Chand Pally secondary collection point in Ward 17 makes complete daily cleaning difficult, resulting in persistent accumulation and local complaints.
- g. Purbapara is yet to be mapped with H-t-H Team Members.

20. **Ashoknagar-Kalyangarh Municipality:**

- a. **A huge amount of scrap materials** was found inside residential premises **and resistant households** were found **highly unwilling to dispose of their scrap materials**.
- b. A large number of natural breeding sources were identified.
- c. The drainage infrastructure was disrupted, with inadequate or non-functional drainage systems in several areas.
- d. In-house ponds and open septic tanks were found in almost all households. Guppy to be released.
- e. Both House to House and Conservancy activities in wards 5 and 13 were highly compromised.

20. **Asansol Municipal Corporation:**

- a. Door-to-Door waste collection remain inadequate in all Boroughs except I & VI due to shortage of Nirmal Bandhus.
- b. Conservancy efforts remain unsatisfactory due to shortage of manpower across the ULB.
- c. Central Government stakeholders and their residential colonies, including SAIL, ECL, Railway, CMPDI and BCCL, are not aligned with routine ULB waste collection services.
- d. Encroachment along with both bank of river Garui – direct dumping of municipal solid waste and debris into the river (Borough – III).
- e. Sample analysis at ESOPD is completely stopped as the ELISA Reader and Washer currently non functional.
- f. No littering campaign yet not started across the ULB.
- g. Vector Control Worker are frequently absent.
- h. Inadequate logistic support such as Torch to House to House Team Members.

22. **Purulia Municipality:**

- a. Bit validation by Ward coordinators remain pending as corrected master data has not yet been re-uploaded.
- b. Large accumulation of garbage at the vacant lands.
- c. Drains are blocked in multiple wards.
- d. Collected waste are mixed everywhere instead of segregated.
- e. Coordination gap exists between Nirmal Bandhus and Nirmal Sathis.
- f. Many areas remain uncovered due to absenteeism or non-engagement of Nirmal Bandhus.
- g. No littering campaign has not yet started across the ULB.

22. Bankura Municipality:

- a. No labour is available only for VCT activities for the 4 months only. to ensure their effective year-round utilisation the municipality decided to deploy workers for the conservancy activities throughout the year, accordingly 20 VCT workers are engaged on a daily rated basis across the ULB as per operational requirement. Night service collection from shops and eateries between Chawkbazar and Keranibandh has not been initiated.
- b. Due to shortage of Nirmal Bandhus waste collection are carried out in some areas on alternate day.
- c. Due to shortage of House to House Teams approximately 230 households are not mapped with Team Members at Milanpally.
- d. Heavy littering and larva positive containers found in Medical College Hostel in Ward No. 15.
- e. Large quantity of larva positive tyres dumped at the bus stand road opposite Hindustan Tyre shop in Ward No. 22.
- f. Heavy garbage accumulation and open defecation noticed in blocked drains in larva. Workers are reluctant to clean drains at Sitpukur Lane, Kundu Para (Ward No. 1) and near Mahatma Gandhi School in Ward no. 19.

24. Bishnupur Municipality:

- a. Several VCT workers are engaged as Nirmal Bandhu as a result actual manpower deployed are not calculated leads both door to door collection and conservancy activities are compromised.
- b. Delay in reporting: Blood samples at UPHC-1 are not being analysed through ELISA within 24 hours.
- c. Health Officer is very much reluctant to carry out his duties and overall monitoring and supervision of the activities.
- d. Adequate larvicides (both chemical and bio larvicide) are not being provided to workers by the Conservancy Department.

25. Khirpai Municipality:

- a. Health Officer is very much reluctant to carry out his duties and overall monitoring and supervision of the activities.
- b. No spray machines are available in Khirpai Municipality at present.

26. **Dankuni Municipality:**

- a. Private vacant lands and low-lying areas were observed at Jha Para, Ramkrishnapally (Gobra), South Subhash Pally, and Mrigala, with persistent drainage and waterlogging issues.
- b. Door-to-door waste collection is at risk of disruption/collapse due to the unavailability of a suitable dumping ground for disposal of municipal solid waste.
- c. Several conservancy vehicles are non-operational due to mechanical issues, affecting the regular collection and transportation of municipal solid waste.
- d. The Baidyabati RWMC is currently not accepting commercial waste, resulting in difficulties in waste disposal and transportation. Mixed municipal waste is also being transported, further complicating waste management.

27. **Taki Municipality:**

- a. Administrative Coordination Gap in VBD Management at the ULB level.
- b. The absence of a designated Health Officer is a major administrative and technical gap, adversely affecting effective supervision, inter-departmental coordination, decision-making, and overall implementation of VBD activities.
- c. Out of the 5 Ward Coordinators, only 4 have received SUDA training. However, 2 of the trained personnel are UPHC staff and have not been actively involved in VBD programme supervision since the beginning, resulting in inadequate supervision of their respective wards.

28. **Haldia Municipality:**

- a. Spray activity is inadequate and requires improvement.
- b. Scrap collection activity is inadequate and needs to be strengthened.

29. **Tamralipta Municipality:**

- a. Conservancy activity is affected due to vehicle-related issues.

30. **Raiganj Municipality:**

- b. Conservancy activity is affected due to irregular door-to-door waste collection.

31. **Rishra Municipality**

- a. High-capacity public drains and internal household drains are frequently blocked, with cow dung clogging being a recurrent issue.
- b. Severe commercial dumping (discarded refrigerators/appliances) on roadsides. Unmanaged demolition debris and vacant lands are active breeding hotspots.
- c. A major lack of community sensitization regarding basic waste segregation. Massive active larval breeding was found at under-construction site reservoirs.
- d. Daily collection is regular however, segregation at source remains inadequate, necessitating special intervention, needs to mitigate the resistance.
- e. Narrow lanes in several areas are causing difficulties in waste collection and leading to delays in the scheduled collection process.

32. Serampore Municipality

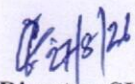
- a. Door-to-door waste collection is in place; however, segregation at source remains inadequate, necessitating special intervention.
- b. Heavy sludge silting and blockages were noted. A severe cross-ward drainage blockage exists due to construction, and another drain is completely choked by cow dung from a nearby cattle shed.
- c. Widespread accumulation of household scrap, littered abandoned properties, and vulnerable littered public ghats.
- d. Noticeable community resistance to inspections and persistent habits of accumulating scrap. High adult Aedes presence was observed.

After detailed deliberation on the above observations, the following decisions were taken for implementation by all concerned ULBs:

1. **All the dengue-positive cases shall be acknowledged and reported without delay** to ensure timely case management and monitoring.
2. **Identified dengue clusters shall be accorded focused attention**, with additional field-level efforts for early containment and prevention of further transmission.
3. **Fever camps shall be organised regularly in vulnerable areas** to facilitate testing, early identification and appropriate management of fever cases.
4. **H-t-H Team Members and other frontline workers shall actively mobilise citizens to attend fever camps or avail services at the nearest UPHC** for blood testing, basic primary healthcare and appropriate treatment.
5. **All dengue-positive and suspected cases should be isolated from mosquito exposure** including use of mosquito nets, wearing of full-sleeved clothing to prevent further transmission during the infectious period.
6. **Awareness-generation activities shall be intensified** through effective hand-miking by Nirmal Sathis, H-t-H Team Members and Supervisors, supplemented by TOTO miking wherever required.
7. **Adequate release of guppy fish in identified suitable water bodies** shall be ensured, and the effectiveness of the intervention should be periodically assessed.
8. **Spraying of appropriate larvicides (within the expiry date)** shall be ensured as an integral component of vector-control activities, with particular attention to vulnerable and identified breeding sites.
9. **Scrap collection including discarded tyres, coconut shells, drums, containers etc along with immediate source reduction**, shall be continued and intensified at all the high-risk locations with potential for mosquito-breeding across all wards.
10. **Notices shall be issued to private properties** including vacant lands, littered water bodies, mills, industries, construction sites and other premises, resistant households wherever necessary particularly in cases of non-compliance with source-reduction and conservancy measures.
11. **The ULB Core Team Members in collaboration with the concerned Nodal Entomologists and VCQMs, shall jointly review and rationalise the deployment of H-t-H Teams and VCTs** across all wards based on population, vulnerability, household load, accessibility and field requirements.

12. **Nodal Entomologists and VCQMs shall conduct on-field, hands-on orientation and demonstration** for H-t-H Team Members, Supervisors and Spray Workers during their field visits, particularly in ULBs where knowledge and skill gaps have been identified.
13. **All concerned ULBs shall ensure availability and functionality of essential field logistics**, particularly torches, ladles, knapsack spray machines, conical nozzles, adequate quantities of larvicides for H-t-H Team Members, Supervisors and Spray Workers.
14. **The ULBs shall maintain close coordination between the Health, Conservancy, SWM and other concerned sections** for integrated implementation of VBD control and sanitation activities.
15. **General waste collection and conservancy services within hospital, hostel and school campuses shall be ensured by the concerned ULBs**, in coordination with the respective institutional authorities to maintain proper cleaning and prevent accumulation of waste and potential vector-breeding sources.
16. **Priority shall be accorded to drainage cleaning, desilting, removal of waterlogging, garbage clearance and source reduction** in identified vulnerable wards and locations particularly during the monsoon period.
17. **The concerned ULB authorities shall regularly review of the progress of the above measures and ensure that the shortcomings identified during the field visits are addressed within the shortest possible time.**

The meeting concluded with a vote of thanks to and from the Chair.


Deputy Director, SUDA